

WORK FOR 600

Supt. Morse to Put Great Gang on Sewer Job

Supt. Morse said today that inside of a week 600 men would be engaged in street and sewer work in and about Lowell.

More than 500 men reported at the city stables this morning and about 50 were added to yesterday's forces. Mr. Morse says it is now simply a question

of cleaning up the small jobs. Two or three of his foremen are tied up on small jobs and when they have been completed he will start them with big gangs to the Oaklands and Wigginsville. The 600 men will work six hour shifts, 200 reporting at 7 o'clock in the morning and the other 300 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

ORGANIZED LABOR

Won a Victory in the Connecticut Courts

NEW HAVEN, June 3.—In a decision handed down yesterday by the supreme court of errors of Connecticut error was found and a new trial granted in the case of Frank McGee, organizer for the ironworkers' union who was found guilty on charges of intimidation in both the city and common pleas

courts. The case arose out of the alleged action of McGee in attempting to influence men at work at the MacLagen foundry during the progress of a strike about a year ago. It was claimed in defense that there had been no intimidation used. The decision is regarded as a victory for organized labor in the state.

FUNERALS

MILLER—The funeral of Joseph Miller took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his home, 312 Boylston street, and was largely attended. From there it proceeded to the Sacred Heart church where services for the dead were read by Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. L. The children of the Sacred Heart, parochial school, of which he was a member, attended in a body. The singing was by the school children who rendered "Libera" and "De Profundis." The flowers were numerous and beautiful. The schoolmates of the deceased to show the esteem which they held for their departed friend, gave services at the church instead of donating flowers. The bearers were Thomas Murphy, Neil Magurn, George Miller, Arthur DeFoucher, Thomas Hudson and William Stockton. Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. L., read the committal prayers. Funeral arrangements in charge of Henry P. Craig, under the direction of Undertaker George W. Healey.

HILTON—The funeral of Mrs. Mary J. Hilton took place from the Lowell cemetery chapel yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. H. B. Bishop, pastor of the North Tewksbury Baptist church, was the officiating clergyman. The bearers were Messrs. Dr. C. V. Hilton, N. H. Hilton, L. W. Hilton and Dr. H. W. Coburn. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LAKE—The funeral of the late Grace Lake took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her mother, 117 Adams street, at 3 o'clock and was largely attended. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes including a large pillow inscribed "Grace" from the mother; star on base, inscribed "Sister" from brother John; spray, cousins Annie and Etta, and a large basket from Mrs. James Walsh. The bearers were Dennis Martin, Joseph Normandy, William Wells, James and Joseph McCall and Bonnie McCall. At the grave Rev. John McHugh read the committal prayers and the burial was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

CARRIG—The funeral of Margaret H. Carrig took place this morning from her home, 15 Second street, and was largely attended. Requiem high mass was sung at 9 o'clock at St. Michael's church by Rev. Fr. Mullin. The choir under the direction of Thomas P. Boulier sang the "Missa Pro Defunctis." At the offertory, "Domini Jesu Christi" was sung. At the close of mass "In Paradisum" was rendered and as the remains were being borne from the church the "Benedictus" was sung. The bearers were Messrs. Thomas McNally, J. Daly, Frank Quinn, T. McCarthy, Charles Burns and C. Stowell. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. Fr. Mullin officiating at the grave. The interment was in charge of C. H. Moley & Sons.

Among the floral tributes were the following: Large pillow of roses inscribed "Sister"; large standing cross on base inscribed "Margaret" from Misses Greenham, Fay, Ryan, Sholeis; large standing cross inscribed "Sleep" from Joan Daly; large pillow inscribed "At Rest" from Frances Clark; floral mound from George and Mary Gallagher; wreath from Joseph Baxter and family; wreath of sweet peas from Miss Biddy Targy; large standing cross five feet high surmounted by a white dove with ribbon inscribed

Winchester Boiler
(Sole agents for Lowell.)
Welch Bros.
43 MIDDLE STREET
Telephone numbers, 222 and 374.

DIVORCE COURT

Held Forth in New Quarters Today

Owing to the session of the grand jury, Judge Fessenden found it necessary to hold the divorce court in the probate court room this morning. The case of Fogg vs. Fogg, J. J. Harvey for the libelant, McIntyre and Wilson for the libelee, was heard this morning.

THE GOODWIN CASE.

The Goodwin case was concluded yesterday afternoon in the divorce court. Mr. Goodwin was recalled and was asked what he expected to do for his children in case the court decided to give them to him. He replied that he had reasonable expectation that he would be able to support them.

He declared that there were clothes enough in the house for the children at the time the list was made out for him to supply; if they had been washed. He admitted that he still drinks when he has need of liquor.

At the close of the arguments, the court asked the counsel in the case to confer with him, later in the afternoon on the question of custody of the two children. His decision was not made public.

Defaults have been recorded against the libelees in the following uncontested divorce libels:

Geo. A. Barber vs. Lena Ellen Barber; Catherine Burns vs. Charles P. Burns; Elizabeth J. Ayer vs. Harry H. Ayer; Emma G. Gleason vs. J. Henry Gleason; Ethel A. Stevens vs. John Stevens; Delilah A. Manchester vs. Wm. F. Manchester; Fred H. Sawyer vs. Clarity U. Sawyer; Carrie M. Carlin vs. James W. Carlin; Mary Daigle vs. Anne Daigle; Wm. B. Florence vs. Charlotte G. Florence; Sarah At. Fisher vs. James B. Fisher; Rosalind M. Cashin vs. Arthur H. Cashin; Jeannette Willard vs. Chas. H. Willard; Mary L. Blake vs. Joseph A. Blake; Edith May Bowers vs. Horace F. Bowers; Wm. H. Mitchell vs. Josephine M. Mitchell; Teresa Tilcomb vs. Edw. B. Tilcomb.

Children's dresses were \$30 and \$100; 30c at Chris. Holmes' store, Thursday.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Marcus T. Pierce, teller of the Appleton National bank, and Mrs. Marcia N. Buehler were married in the presence of a few friends by Rev. R. A. Greene at his residence, 255 Stevens street, yesterday at 10:30 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Pierce left after the ceremony for a wedding trip to New York.

ENGLISH DERBY

Was Captured Today by Signorinetta

LONDON, June 3.—Lured by the fact that at least half the horses which are to run at Epsom Downs in the historic Derby are today considered possible winners the largest crowd that has been seen in many years has found its way to Epsom Downs. Special trains from distant points in the provinces landed scores of thousands of persons at the Downs early in the day while over one hundred special trains left the various terminals in London, crammed to suffocation for the famous race course.

The procession by road made its start during the night and by sunrise the motley throng was stretched out for miles along the thoroughfares leading to Epsom. The early starters were joined a few hours later by fashionable race goers in coaches and motor cars. A feature of the day was the unusual preponderance of women, whose light summer costumes gave a brightness to the road procession which has been noticeably lacking of recent years.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra, the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and other members of the royal family went down by train.

The large American contingent included Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, August Belmont and Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Commander John H. Gibbons, the naval attaché at London and Mrs. Gibbons, Captain Sydney Clemen, the military attaché and Mrs. Clemen, Mrs. Philip, Gen. Leonard Wood and Mrs. Wood, Col. George Andrews and Richard Croker.

For the first time in the history of the race Norman III, an American colt owned by August Belmont of New York by Octagon Nivech, was the favorite while W. K. Vanderbilt's French bred colt Seaforth II, by Elk-Saf-Saf, also occupied a very good position in the betting.

The Derby was won last year by Richard Croker's Orby but this year Mr. Croker has no horse entered.

In addition to the American hopes entered two American jockeys, Maher and Lynne, had mounts in the race, Maher, who already has three Derbies to his credit, rode Llanwen, owned by Barclay Walker and Lynne was up on Mountain Apple, owned by J. Buchanan.

Signorinetta, owned by G. Gimarelli and quoted in the betting at 100 to 1 against today defeated all the American, British and French cracks and captured the Derby steeple, valued at 5000 sovereigns, the greatest prize of the turf world. The Italian horse simply cantered home from the hot favorite by two lengths. A neck only divided Portland's Primer and the third, Barclay Walker's Llanwen.

The Duke of Portland's Primer was second and Llanwen, owned by Barclay Walker, Maher, the American jockey, up was third. Eighteen horses ran. The betting on Signorinetta was 100 to 1 against on Primer 40 to 1 against, and on Llanwen 100 to 1 against.

BOUGHT STEAM YACHT.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 3.—The Dominion government has purchased the steam yacht Christine, formerly owned by Lord Antrim, and will fit her out as a revenue cruiser. The Christine came here from England a year ago.

\$1,000,000

Caused by the Flood in Hannibal, Mo.

HANNIBAL, MO., JUNE 3.—HUNDREDS OF HOMES ALONG THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER IN THIS VICINITY HAVE BEEN ABANDONED AND CITIZENS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATIONS ARE BEING FORMED THROUGHOUT THE BOTTOM LANDS TO PREVENT LOOTING. THE ALEXANDRA BOTTOMS, A RICH FARMING COUNTRY, ARE UNDER TWO FEET OF WATER AND THE DAMAGE IS ESTIMATED AT \$1,000,000.

HELD IN \$1000

Man Who Stabbed Girl Goes to Grand Jury

Lieutenant Hugh Downey was the prosecuting officer in police court this morning. Inasmuch as this is circus day and the Lowell cases are being heard before the grand jury and Supt. Moffatt is attending the convention of police chiefs in Detroit, Deputy Welch, the regular prosecuting officer, was a very busy man and Lieut. Downey was pressed into service.

The preliminary hearing of the case of John Marcotte of Manchester, charged with assaulting Della M. Conroy with a knife at Mrs. Brennan's boarding house at 19 John street Monday morning, was held and after the testimony had been submitted Judge Hadley declined jurisdiction and held Marcotte under \$1000 bonds for his appearance before the superior court.

There seemed to be a disinclination on the part of the young woman to testify against her former sweetheart, but when he made several statements as to her character she opened up and some rather sensational testimony was divulged.

When Marcotte was asked to plead to a complaint charging him with assault with a knife he said: "If you let me off I will pay the fine and go home." But the court had no intention of allowing Marcotte to escape with a fine and the case was heard.

Della M. Conroy, the woman who was assaulted, testified in part as follows: "I have known Marcotte for three years, but I forgive him for what he did Monday. He would not have done it if he was not drunk. I used to go around with him and he was jealous of me. I have got another fellow now. When I got through with Marcotte and took up another fellow he got jealous."

At this point Patrolman Bart Ryan produced the knife which, it is alleged, was used by Marcotte.

Dr. Wiggins who attended the Conroy woman testified that he found a small incised wound on the right side of the head which bled profusely. He closed the wound with one suture.

Marcotte was then called to the stand and testified: "I had that knife in my hands and was scraping my finger nails, when she acted in an insulting manner and made a remark which was not proper for a lady to make, but I don't remember what I did with the knife."

"She has been going around under my name in this city claiming that I was married to her. I have been keeping company with her for six years."

Witness then testified that he was excited on the day of the alleged assault and while he knew that he struck her he did not know what else happened.

The woman was then recalled to the stand and she said: "He lies, judge. He lies. He follows me every place I go and he told me that if I didn't marry him

KILLED HIMSELF

New York Banker a Suicide

NEW YORK, June 3.—Charles T. Muir, paying teller of the Forty-second street branch of the Corn Exchange bank, shot himself in the head while in the basement of the branch bank today and died in a hospital within an hour. No cause for the suicide is known as the officials of the bank declared that they are positive there is no shortage in Mr. Muir's accounts. Mr. Muir had been employed by the bank for fourteen years.

Walter Fraw, vice president of the Corn Exchange bank, said that he had such faith in Mr. Muir that no investigation of his books will be made.

BAR IRON REDUCED.

CLEVELAND, June 3.—Following the cut of 14 per cent on bar steel, announced yesterday, the bar iron manufacturers today reduced the price of bar iron from \$9 a ton to \$7.

DAMAGE

Held For Grand Jury

The case of James Danis charged with feloniously assaulting Nellie Ayers at 115 Hudson street last Sunday was heard in police court this morning and after the evidence had been submitted Danis was held under \$500 for his appearance before the grand jury.

Mrs. Charlotte A. Ayers, mother of the girl, was the first witness called and testified in part as follows: "I live in Hudson, N. H., and that girl, pointing towards the girl, 'my daughter. Her name is Nellie and she is 15 years of age. Last Sunday she left home with her cousins with the intention of going to visit her uncle over the river in Tynesboro. In the afternoon I went down to Lakeside to hear the band concert. While I was there I met her cousins and they told me she had gone out to ride with a man. I then notified the police officers, and they went in search of her. In a little while they returned. The girl's hair was disheveled and a portion of her clothing was torn."

The clothing in question was produced and the witness identified it as a portion of her daughter's clothing. She said she had a conversation with her daughter and the latter said the defendant had assaulted her.

Nellie M. Ayers, the girl who it is alleged was assaulted, was the next witness. She testified that she did not know how she was arrested and continuing said: "While I was outside the skating rink waiting for my cousins that man came along and invited me to take a ride with him. I went with him and when we got on a back road he assaulted me."

Cross-examined by Lawyer Hill witness said she did not understand Greek. She thought he spoke French to her but whatever language he used she was unable to understand him.

ASSAULT CHARGE.

William Crossley appeared in police court this morning to answer to complaints charging him with assault and battery on his wife, Mary, and also drunkenness, but his condition was such that the court decided he was in no condition to make a plea. When Crossley's name was called he staggered about the dock and would have fallen but for the witness railing. The court was informed that the man was drunk and Judge Hadley remarked that there was enough of drunkenness outside of the courtroom and ordered the man taken down stairs.

THE DRUNKS.

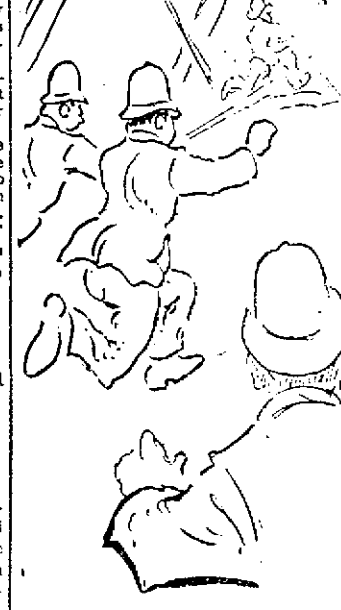
Louis Wood, a second offender, was taxed \$5. Two first offenders were fined \$2 each, and three men were released by the court at the suggestion of the probation officer.

BOTH WERE FINED

Men Gave Police a Lively Time

John J. Farrell of West Fourth street and James P. Scully of Watson avenue, and two other men gave the police a lively time early this morning. Farrell and Scully were arrested, but the other two men escaped.

The quartet was located in the rear of Watson's bake shop in Bridge street near the corner of Second street by patrolmen Corcoran and Lennon. The sight of the officers caused the men



OFFICERS CHASING SUSPECTS.

to run away. Scully and Farrell started citywards while the other two had a hasty retreat in the opposite direction.

Patrolman Corcoran chased Farrell and Scully and he was later arrested by the Centralville squad in the 124th shift. Patrolman Welch chased Scully through Amory street and caught him behind the freight cars. In the meantime Patrolman Fox-chase called Farrell behind the Rinali building.

In court this morning Farrell escaped with a \$5 fine and Scully being a second offender was taxed \$5.

HELD FOR GRAND JURY

James Danis Must Answer For Assault on Girl

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Cross-examined by Lawyer Hill witness said she did not understand Greek. She thought he spoke French to her but whatever language he used she was unable to understand him.

Benjamin F. Donnelly was charged with the larceny of a watch valued at \$15 and a pair of shoes valued at \$1.50, the property of Patrick Cassidy of Church street. He entered a plea of not guilty and upon request of the government the case was continued till tomorrow morning. He was placed under \$300 bonds.

LARCENY CHARGE.

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WENT TO JURY

Case of Boyle vs. Cookin Finished

At the afternoon session of the civil term of the superior court yesterday, the plaintiff in the case of Boyle vs. Cookin was recalled to the witness stand. After being questioned by Lawyer Burke relative to dates at which payments of poll taxes had been paid him as constable he was allowed to go to his home to obtain some documentary material that had no important bearing on the case and which was submitted at the closing of the afternoon session.

Dr. Robert Bell then gave testimony as a witness for the plaintiff and among other things related three examinations made of Mr. Boyle's eyes, first at the request of the plaintiff, second at the request of Lawyer Pratt and finally at the request of Dr. Welch in the presence of Dr. Meigs.

The defense had rested its case and Lawyer Burke made a brief address in opening to the jury.

The first witness for the defense was Manager Morrison of the Cross Awning company who had charge of the construction of the awning which it is alleged fell and injured Mr. Boyle.

Mr. Morrison went into detail in describing the process of manufacture, the material used in its construction, which he said was of the very best; the manner in which it was put in place and the price paid for it to him. His first question was on the morning of July 2, 1907, shortly before 8 o'clock in the morning when he received a telephone call from someone unknown to him of the accident. He at once went down to the Cookin company's establishment on Market street, riding there on his bicycle. After reaching the store he took up matters at a glance and talked with Mr. Welch in the employ of Mr. Cookin as to matters which led up to the accident.

Then Mr. Boyle came along from the Mail office and he (the witness) asked if he had been hurt and if he would like medical aid or a carriage to take him home. Mr. Boyle refused. He looked at his watch, the hour being 9:05 a.m., as he had to ride the time in case he had to file a report with the insurance company, he being insured against accidents of the nature of the one which brought about the present suit.

The next witness for the defense was Mr. Charles Wheeler, then employed in the stero-type and press department of the Mail.

He testified to being on his way home when he discovered the Cookin company awning down and a man beneath it. He helped the man to his feet and saw at once that it was his friend, Boyle. He noticed a scratch on Boyle's nose and blood oozing from the same and handed him a handkerchief to wipe the blood away. He then asked Boyle if he was badly hurt and he protested according to witness, by saying, "This ought to be the best for my eyes."

The next witness was Lawrence J. Thorne, who at the time of the accident was the sporting and society editor of the Morning Mail.

He testified to seeing Boyle very early in the morning at the editorial department of the Mail inquiring if Mr. Wheeler had been in and told of the accident. Having received a negative response, Mr. Thorne then asked how Boyle would come to him saying that he had injured his nose as a result of the accident of the Cookin company falling on him.

According to witness he said the injury ought to be good for fifty dollars.

Walking over to witness and displaying the injury to his nose Mr. Thorne stated he twined the organ and said laughingly: "It is not broken." Mr. Thorne further stated that Mr. Boyle moved away from him and was asked who he was going to sue and his reply was "Oh, Cookin, of course."

On being asked by Lawyer Burke when he next saw Mr. Boyle, Mr. Thorne said on the day of the circus, July 17, following the accident and that Mr. Boyle came into the office inquiring about circus tickets. He stated that he had been very ill and was then weak, had a severe pain in the back and had had several doctors treating him.

Lawyer Pratt in cross-examination asked if the circus, the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers, did not appear in Lowell before and not after the accident. Mr. Thorne responded: "After the accident."

Witness was asked if Mr. Boyle had said anything to him about receiving any other injuries than that of the nose on the morning of the accident and the answer was a negative one. Asked about what were his hours of work Mr. Thorne said he started in early in the morning and worked to about 10 o'clock and then went home till the ball game started and after the game did whatever few assignments were on the book against him.

Mr. Boyle was recalled to answer certain matters about the date of payment at city hall of poll taxes received by him as constable.

Court then adjourned until this forenoon.

The case went to the jury shortly after noon.

The next case called was that of Harper vs. Boston & Maine railroad, an accident case from the lower end of the county. Messrs. Corcoran & Walsh for the plaintiff and Trull & Wier for the defence.

RACING SEASON

BATON ROUGE, La., June 3.—At a meeting of the joint judiciary committee of the house of representatives of the Louisiana assembly today the bill prohibiting book making and other forms of gambling at race tracks received a favorable report. Out of 22 members present 17 declared themselves in favor of the measure. The bill if passed will in effect abolish the long racing season which has marked the winter in New Orleans for many years.

3 DAYS—3

FRIDAY

at 4 p. m.

Demonstration

to

Gentlemen

at

Appliance Store,

John St.

Well Worth

Any Man's

Time

ALL WELCOME

LOWELL GAS LIGHT CO.

HELD UP AT WHARF HUMANE SOCIETY

Affinity Pair Here in Exile Took Action to Aid the Worthy Poor

Have \$35,000

BOSTON, June 3.—Savagely seized in an attempt to rob the Quincy House, Anthony Von der Voort, the Latvian violinist, and Louise Wackernau, the violinist, with whom he fell in love over a year ago, began the first day of their exile yesterday. The exile will last until the violinist is freed by the Bavarian courts from the wife whom the affinity has displaced in his affections.

When the trio landed from the Red Star liner Memnonia yesterday the immigration officials held them for an investigation disclosed their strange story. Then the officials were amazed and they had some idea of taking them on the technical ground of "illness" to remove public charges.

But when Madame Wackernau produced \$35,000 in gold the officials were struck out of their stride and they were on their way to the city of exile. There was no ground on which to bar them from America.

Several months ago Von der Voort and Louise Wackernau had engaged him to instruct her daughter Louise in the violin, of which he is a master. The violinist, from the close association with his four pupils, soon found that he was really in love with her. He put out his heart to the maiden, even telling her of the wife whom he had left in Hamburg. The existence of a wife in no way affected the young woman, who had learned to appreciate the affection of the music master, and even her mother was eventually won over.

A plan had to be framed. The first wife was consulted and for a monetary consideration, by which she was to receive \$30 a month until the divorce was secured, consented to give up her husband to his newly-found affinity. Mrs. Wackernau was informed of the arrangement and consented to travel with her son-in-law and the divorce left him free to marry her.

No place appeared to them as did America, where affinities have been so common of late, and passage was engaged on the Memnonia, which arrived yesterday noon.

With the two suitcases came Mrs. Wackernau to cheer her pair. Their trouble began when the Memnonia arrived at Boston and immigration officers began to ask personal questions.

Mrs. Wackernau and her daughter, although possessed of plenty of money, seemed not to have any definite object in view in America, and the suspicion of the immigration officers were aroused. An investigation was the result. Right to the fore came the violinist to rescue his son-in-law from the red tape of the immigration bureau. He assumed charge of the two Bavarians and the immigration officers received their first experience with the question of "affinity."

OWNED UP TO LOVE FOR GIRL.
The investigation brought out the fact that Von der Voort had been the teacher of Miss Wackernau in Berlin, and had fallen madly in love, although he had a wife alive. He confessed the truth and the astonishing arrangement and said

that he expected to be free to marry the girl of his eyes in at least six months.

After the inquiry that kept the violinist and his daughter for some time, the immigration officials, with the violinist's consent, allowed the two to meet. Wackernau had in her possession \$35,000 in gold to furnish the first day's expenses of the exile of the pair.

A doctor was no reason why the violinist should be free to marry. The violinist, from the close association with his four pupils, soon found that he was really in love with her. He put out his heart to the maiden, even telling her of the wife whom he had left in Hamburg. The existence of a wife in no way affected the young woman, who had learned to appreciate the affection of the music master, and even her mother was eventually won over.

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No place appeared to them as did America, where affinities have been so common of late, and passage was engaged on the Memnonia, which arrived yesterday noon.

With the two suitcases came Mrs. Wackernau to cheer her pair. Their trouble began when the Memnonia arrived at Boston and immigration officers began to ask personal questions.

Mrs. Wackernau and her daughter, although possessed of plenty of money, seemed not to have any definite object in view in America, and the suspicion of the immigration officers were aroused. An investigation was the result. Right to the fore came the violinist to rescue his son-in-law from the red tape of the immigration bureau. He assumed charge of the two Bavarians and the immigration officers received their first experience with the question of "affinity."

The investigation brought out the fact that Von der Voort had been the teacher of Miss Wackernau in Berlin, and had fallen madly in love, although he had a wife alive. He confessed the truth and the astonishing arrangement and said

that he expected to be free to marry the girl of his eyes in at least six months.

10 % Discount

To THURSDAY SHOPPERS
Thursday
IS BARGAIN DAY

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.
The Store for Quality and Style

THURSDAY Bargain Day

THURSDAY IS BARGAIN DAY

WE GIVE A SPECIAL
10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
TO ALL PURCHASERS
THURSDAY.

10 Per Cent. Discount On Everything in Our Store Thursday

So that everybody may buy just what they want in a Thursday Bargain Sale, we decided to offer our entire stock, "NOTHING RESERVED," at a uniform discount of 10 per cent. from regular marked prices for just one day. In other words, come here Thursday, make your purchases from a well selected stock of first-class merchandise, always sold at fair prices with satisfaction guaranteed, and receive a special discount of 10 per cent. All our clerks are instructed to give this discount to all purchasers Thursday regardless of their asking for it.

90 cts.

COUNTS ONE DOLLAR IN
OUR STORE THURSDAY.

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
ON EVERYTHING YOU BUY.
TRY IT.

We Do This to Help Out the Thursday Bargain Day

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

10% OFF
On Everything
THURSDAY.

Good Chance to Make
Money On Your Buying
Thursday.

BIG AUDITORIUM

Will be Most Elaborately Decorated

WILLIAM J. BRYAN

GREETED BY LARGE CROWDS IN NEBRASKA.

ALIENATION SUIT

Miss Leavitt Has Sued for \$20,000

DENVER, Colo., June 3.—Decorations of the new Denver auditorium for the democratic national convention in July will be the most elaborate ever used at any similar convention in the country.

Among the adornments will be six United States flags 20 by 30 feet. Four of these will be behind the speaker's platform and between these four will be a large American flag of 100 feet long and 30 feet wide. The entire auditorium will be decorated with flags and bunting.

In the center of the auditorium will be a shield 15 feet long by 15 feet wide. Attached to this shield will be eight 15-foot flags and on each side of this central shield will be four similar shields, smaller in size, being 12 feet long, displaying eight flags. Behind the platform will be an enormous flag of 100 feet long and 30 feet wide. The entire auditorium will be decorated with flags and bunting.

The balconies will be draped with red, white and blue bunting with a series of shields of two colors alternating along the rails.

The same scheme of decoration will be carried out with regard to the galleries. The side walls of the auditorium from the ceiling down will be covered by one large drape of sewed bunting.

Forty-eight stars, ten feet in diameter will cover the ceiling and in the center of each star will be placed a representation of each state. These stars will cover the entire ceiling immediately above the place occupied by corresponding delegations.

CRIMINAL LIBEL

IS CHARGED AGAINST A REPUBLICAN LEADER.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—A political sensation was caused here last night by the issuing of a warrant for State Senator James P. McNickel, the Philadelphia republican leader, on a charge of criminal libel, preferred by Max Kaufmann, secretary to Mayor Johnson. Kaufmann's action followed the making public of a letter written to Secretary D. Clarence Gilibbey, of the Law and Order society in which Senator McNickel named Kaufmann as a co-between to whom he paid \$10,000 in the fall of 1905, with the understanding that Gilibbey was to raid gambling houses and other resorts and disburse the administration of Mayor John Weaver.

Secretary Gilibbey denied knowledge of any such transaction and called upon McNickel to name the person to whom the money had been paid.

Kaufmann declared the story to be a "whirlwind libelous falsehood." He further added that Senator McNickel came to the mayor's office on Monday and made two propositions to him in consideration of assuming a position to substantiate the story of the alleged payment of \$10,000.

STUDENT DROWNED

WHILE CAMPING ON CONNECTICUT RIVER.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., June 3.—Ralph Harlow, aged 19 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Harlow of Westminster, was drowned in the Brattleboro high school, was drowned while canoeing on the Connecticut river here yesterday. In the canoe with Harlow was Edward Webb and B. who was barely able to swim ashore, after making his way to the shore, he came striking a cross current in the middle of the river and was drowned.

JELL-O
The Dainty Dessert
PREPARED INSTANTLY. Simply add boiling water, cool and serve. 10c. per package at all grocers. 75c. per box at all grocers.

SENIOR HONORS

AT THE NORTH CHELMSFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

Senior honors for the class of 1908, North Chelmsford High school, have been awarded.

Miss Nellie L. Butterfield was chosen salutatorian and Miss Virginia G. Lowe was chosen valedictorian.

NAVAL ELEVEN'S SCHEDULE

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 3.—The managers of football at the naval academy today announced their schedule of games to be played by the midshipmen next season. The army and navy athletic officials have been unable to agree as to the date for their annual game, it is not included in the schedule.

The schedule includes a contest with Harvard on October 24. Eleven of the games will be played at Annapolis.

THURSDAY SPECIAL

500 White Chip Hats, all styles for only \$1.49 Each

Trimmed Hats, beautiful line \$2.98 up to \$7.50

HEAD & SHAW The Milliners

189 Merrimack Street

ADAMS RELIABILITY

Wedding Gift

Each gift of furniture will help make the new home more attractive. Look over Adams' furniture for the gift.

ADAMS & CO.
Furniture—Rugs—Carpets

Appleton Bank Block 174 Central St.

The Bon Marche

A Big Sale of

SILK MUSLINS

Opens Tomorrow Morning in Our Basement at

One Half Price

4131 Yds., Reg. Price 25c Yd.

SALE PRICE
12 1-2c
Yard

Plain and Dotted Swiss Muslins

Popular Shades in Good Variety of Colors

The above is a special purchase at a great sacrifice in price. All new, fresh pieces, and every yard perfect. Colors are blues, gray, green, lavender, garnets, browns, black, pink, cream, yellow and ecru.

COME OUT FROM UNDER THE BUSH.

Let your light shine before the people that they may see your good bargains and trade with you.

The only place for your light to shine is in the advertising columns of The Sun.


The Sun is read by great and small, by rich and poor, by short and tall, in fact 'tis read by one and all.

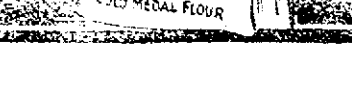
Then let your advertising light shine where all can see it.

PUT IT IN THE SUN.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

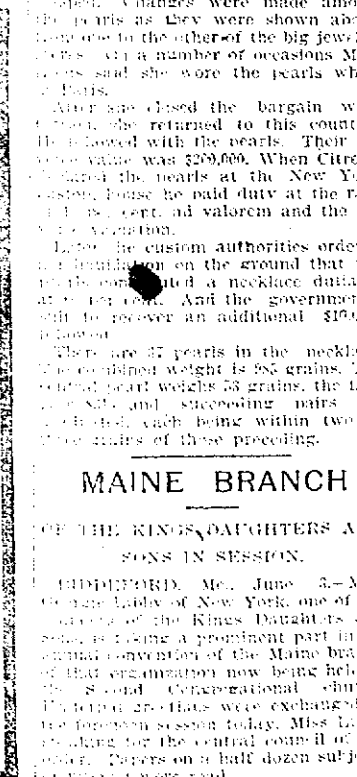
COTTON FUTURES.
NEW YORK, June 3.—Cotton futures opened at 10.00; July 10.05; Aug. 10.10; Sept. 10.15; Oct. 10.20; Nov. 10.25; Dec. 10.30; Jan. 10.35; Feb. 10.40; March 10.45.





Looking for the Central Committee in London. Papers on a half dozen subjects of interest were read.

the 1980s



PLAYERS STRIKE

Lowell Had No Outfielders in the Game

And Substituted Three Pitchers —Cotter, Howard and Crane Refused to Play and Were Suspended and Fined \$25 Each

Lowell and Fall River played at Washington park yesterday and owing to the fact that the outfielders of the local team went on strike there were four pitchers in the game, Warner being on the slab, while Greenwell, Rivard and Kenniston played in the field.

When the team went out for practice yesterday Cotter, Howard and Crane refused to go out at play, having had some dispute over salaries. President Winn was in Boston and all Manager Sharrott could do was to send three pitchers into the field. Monday the game was paid its salary in part, but the outfielders did not like this, feeling that they should get their salary in full.

There was also a change in the lineup of the visiting team. Ambrose Kane

7-20-4

10c CIGAR
Increased sales in past two months \$37,000. Money's worth to consumer tells the story.

Have You Tried Our REGAL

A STRICLY HIGH GRADE

COFFEE

28c a lb.

The Best Coffee Sold in Lowell

Where Quality Counts O'Brien Gets the Trade.

O'Brien's Tea Store

36 JOHN STREET
Next Door to John Street Public Market.

DWYER & CO.

Painters and Decorators and Paper Hangers.
Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 47 Andover street.

CHOP SUEY

Try it at

CHIN LEE & CO.'S

New Chinese restaurant, 177 Merrimack st., near John st. Rooms reserved for private parties. Telephone.



IT'S NOT WISDOM TO WAIT till the fire-bell calls on you and licks up your possessions. It's better wisdom to prepare for his coming by a policy of

FIRE INSURANCE

In a good company, where for a small premium you can sleep easy at night and attend to your business during the day. If your policy's lapsed, or you're reckless enough to have none at all, notify us and we'll at once place your property under protection. Be wise in time. Today—tomorrow may be too late.

Russell Fox

159 MIDDLESEX STREET

hit one which Harris knocked down but Harris in throwing it first threw it into the crowd. Woodward scored and Messenger went to second. Messenger then stole third. Kane hit a line drive which Harris caught. The latter then tagged third base for a double play unassisted.

In making the double play in the first half of the inning Harris spit his finger and Miller caught it and hit for him. Miller hit to center and was out at first. Kenniston hit out to Woodward. Ambrose Kane hit out to Woodward.

FALL RIVER.

Messenger	1	2	3	0	0
Kane	1	2	3	0	0
Austin	1	2	3	0	0
Woodward	1	2	3	0	0
Connor	1	2	3	0	0
Solbra	1	2	3	0	0
Thornhill	1	2	3	0	0
Norris	1	2	3	0	0
Warner	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0

LOWELL.

Shannon	1	2	3	0	0
Greenwell	1	2	3	0	0
Rivard	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0
Lowell	1	2	3	0	0

DIAMOND NOTES

New Bedford today.

Cotter played one good game while he was on the team and then he went on strike.

After a talk with President Winn over the phone Manager Sharrott announced that Cotter, Howard and Crane are suspended and fined \$25. It is claimed that President Winn promised to pay the men in full on Monday. When Monday came he paid them in part and promised the remainder on Saturday. Yesterday when they returned to go out Manager Sharrott was in a quandary because they insisted on getting it first. It seems strange that the other players all of whom have been in the game longer than the three outfielders made no kick, but went out and played good ball. It would appear that the two

acting under Cotter's leadership have made an ill-advised move.

Outfield Zinsner arrived from Syracuse last night and will play today.

Napoleon Rivard played a glib edged game in left field and was there with the stick.

Woodward who played left field for Fall River joined the team Monday and will only play until August 8 when he will return to San Rafael, Cal., where he is physical instructor at the San Rafael Military Academy.

Shilling Bill Smith, the ex-Lawrence pitcher has annexed himself to the Fall River team.

Yale and Princeton are unable to agree upon a date for their postponed baseball game. Yale wants to play it on June 10, but this is Princeton's commencement day and the Tigers object. Princeton wants to play on June 13, but this is the date of the Yale-Cornell game and Yale does not want to cancel this game. The captains of both teams will make another attempt today to decide upon a date.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Cleveland	22	15	.593
New York	22	15	.593
Philadelphia	22	15	.593
St. Louis	22	15	.593
Detroit	22	15	.593
Chicago	22	15	.593
Washington	22	15	.593
Boston	22	15	.593

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.

At New York—Boston 5, New York 3, first game; Boston 6, New York 5, second game.

At Detroit—Cleveland 5, Detroit 3, first game; Cleveland 5, Detroit 3, second game.

At Philadelphia—Washington 5, Philadelphia 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Chicago	22	15	.593
Pittsburgh	22	15	.593
Philadelphia	22	15	.593
Cincinnati	22	15	.593
New York	22	15	.593
Boston	22	15	.593
St. Louis	22	15	.593
Brooklyn	22	15	.593

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Boston—Boston 4, New York 3, first game; Boston 4, New York 3, second game.

At Chicago—Pittsburgh 5, Chicago 3, first game; Pittsburgh 5, Chicago 3, second game.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 5, St. Louis 3, first game; Cincinnati 5, St. Louis 3, second game.

BASEBALL

Washington Park, Tomorrow Afternoon

LOWELL vs. NEW BEDFORD

Reserved seats for all Saturdays and holidays on sale at Carter & Sherburne's and Wilson's stores.

Special Thursday Offering at the Merrimack Women's Store

Silk Princess

Jumper Dresses

VALUES UP TO \$20, AT

\$12.50

We're going to boom business in June. Every Thursday we will offer some extra values in high class garments that are reasonable—values so strong as to command attention.

It will pay you to watch for these announcements—they will point the way to liberal savings.

Our New York dressmakers have sent over this week a small lot of those fashionable Silk Jumper Dresses in the newest stripes in taffeta silks. To make the lot complete in sizes we have taken about thirty dresses from our regular stock, including sizes 32 to 42 bust, most of them selling up to \$20.00, and will offer them to our patrons together with this late shipment.

The lot includes besides taffeta in plain colors, foulards, messalines, pongee and rayon silks in the new shades.

Come early Thursday morning for the best values; no dresses in this lot will be reserved.

NOTE—A reasonable charge will be made for any alterations.

SEE THESE IN OUR WINDOW. NONE ON SALE UNTIL THURSDAY.

THE MERRIMACK CLOTHING COMPANY

Across From City Hall

Fall River at Lawrence. Haverhill at Worcester. Lynn at Brockton.

(American League)

Boston at New York. Washington at Philadelphia. Chicago at St. Louis. Cleveland at Detroit.

(National League)

New York at Boston. Philadelphia at Brooklyn. St. Louis at Pittsburgh.

BASEBALL NOTES

Biddell is with the New York club, but alling from injury.

Bank O'Hare is supposed to be well, which means the limit has good work.

The Cincinnati club has returned more than satisfactorily on the home grounds. Now they must show their real strength on the road.

Rube Marquard of Indianapolis, as the pitching sensation of the American association, has been.

The New York Americans refuse to have a game at catcher. Butler of the Brooklyn club, who was traded for pitcher Parkison of Rochester, has prevented Brooklyn from getting the second baseman pitcher.

The Union Independent league is having a hard row to hoe on account of small attendance, as the players are not out simply for recreation.

The New York Americans claim they have secured Jack Barry, the Holy Cross star pitcher, who will join the team at the close of his college season. Other clubs claim they have this young player in line.

The New York Giants look like ringers without Johnnie McEvoy out of the coaching lines. Conne Mack, show yourself.

Pres. Kavanaugh of the Southern league has fined the Birmingham club \$50 for working with Brooklyn to cover up pitcher Wilhelm.

The recent performance of the Detroit club has never been equalled in baseball. From the bottom to the top of the standing in three weeks, and nearly all games away from home, will stand as the record for a long time to come.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

In last night's edition of the Sun Mr. Donnelly of the Harvard baseball team let himself out with a challenge to the manager of the Climates for a deadly combat. Now, the manager of the Climates will meet "Punk Head" Donnelly tonight at the corner of Methuen and Humphrey streets to make all arrangements for the fray.

Donnelly was careful not to mention anything about the way his team squandered on last Saturday afternoon. For the last time we will ask Mr. Donnelly to play us a game so that the people of Lowell can judge who has the best team. Huffer Donnelly or myself. Put up or shut up. Talk baseball not fight. Walter Jacques, manager Climates. Phone 2020.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND NICKEL PLATING

done at

Derby & Morse's

61 Middle street.

NEVER BETTER HOSE FOR THE PRICE THAN COBURN'S 7-PLY TEMPEST HOSE

3-4 inch, 13 1-2c Foot

We Repair Garden Hose.

C. B. Coburn Co.

63 Market Street

George H. Wood

137 to 151 Central Street

HEADQUARTERS FOR Wedding and Graduation Presents

CLASS PINS - 50c to \$5 EACH

Special designs made to order, to suit all classes.

Never before in the history of this store has the variety of wedding gifts been so varied or the price so reasonable. Everything is new and up to date and low prices prevail throughout the store.

Superfluous Hair

Removed by the New Principle

DeMole

A new and complete system of hair removal, which is the only one that is safe and effective. It is a simple and easy process, and it is the only one that is guaranteed to remove all superfluous hair. It is the only one that is safe and effective. It is a simple and easy process, and it is the only one that is guaranteed to remove all superfluous hair.

Improved Hair Restorer

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE

217 CENTRAL STREET

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CITY SOLICITOR

Gives An Opinion on Janitor McCarthy's Case

City Solicitor Hill gives as his opinion that John McCarthy is not a permanent janitor in the school department. The opinion, as follows, was submitted by the city solicitor today in reply to a request by the superintendent of schools:

Office of City Solicitor, Lowell, Mass.

June 2, 1908.

Mr. A. K. Whitcomb, Super. of Schools:

Dear Sir:—Under date of April 14th, pursuant to a vote of the school board, you ask my opinion as to whether or not one John McCarthy has become a permanent janitor in the school department without being elected as such by the school committee and you have furnished me the following facts upon which to base my opinion:

Upon April 23d, 1908, by a special act of the legislature, school-board janitors were placed in charge of the school department upon April 14th of that year. The school board voted that a sub-committee of three be appointed to take charge of janitors. From April 14th, after the school board in respect had taken certain action relative to janitors it was voted that the sub-committee on janitors be given full power to make other changes in janitors as occasion might seem to require.

On May 20th, the school board voted that Mr. Sturtevant be made secretary of janitors and that the immediate direction of all janitors, subject to the committee, be placed entirely in his hands. You also inform me that since the passage of said Act of 1905, the school board elected men as permanent janitors and that upon subsequent action the school board has elected additional janitors to permanent positions as needed and that the sub-committee on janitors has made changes and transfers and has employed temporary or substitute janitors as needed. You stated that Mr. McCarthy was first employed by the sub-committee as an emergency janitor without registration upon the civil service commission, from October 31st, 1902 to November 13th, 1904, that upon November 12th, the local secretary of the civil service commission certified Mr. McCarthy and two others as eligible to fill a vacancy in the position of temporary janitor in the school department; and that Mr. McCarthy was upon November 13th, 1905, given work as a temporary janitor at the Greenhalge school, which work continued without interruption until May 18th, 1907, and that on several subsequent occasions he has been given work as a substitute or temporary janitor. You have stated to me that the school board has at no time delegated its authority to elect or appoint permanent janitors and that Mr. McCarthy has never been elected or appointed as a janitor by the school board.

By section 5 of chapter 415 of the acts of 1895 and by chapter 292 of the acts of 1905 the school board is given the power to appoint janitors, and if they have not delegated that power, which supposition your statement of facts denies, no sub-committee or officer of the department has the right to appoint janitors to permanent positions. If Mr. McCarthy was not appointed or employed as a permanent janitor but merely as a temporary janitor I do not now of any provision of law or of any rule of the civil service commission which makes him a permanent janitor. You inform me that he claims that because he has served continuously for more than six months as a janitor he thereby under the civil service rules has become a permanent janitor. I suppose he makes this claim under the rule 22 of the civil service commission which provides that "every original appointment and employment in the permanent service shall be for the probationary period of six months; at the end of which time the probationer shall become by lapse of the probation period permanently appointed or employed." This rule, however, applies only to an appointment or employment in the "permanent service." From the facts stated I fail to find that Mr. McCarthy has ever been appointed to or employed in the permanent service. His appointment was merely temporary and when over the necessity for his services ceased the sub-committee or supervisor of janitors, which ever engaged him, could discontinue his services. Therefore I am of the opinion that Mr. McCarthy has not become a permanent

janitor since he has not been appointed or elected as such by the school board. Respectfully submitted,

J. Gilbert Hill,
City Solicitor.

GIVES \$400,000

For Founding an Industrial School

BENNINGTON, Vt., June 2.—The founding and endowing of an industrial school for the practical training of young men is provided for under the will of the late Charles O'Brien, who died at Round Lake, N. Y., a month ago, and which has been filed with the probate court here. The foundation of the school, to be known as the O'Brien Industrial School, is provided for upon the death of the son of Mr. O'Brien, Alexander J. O'Brien. The latter, under the terms of the will, received a bequest of a certain number of shares of stock which he is to own outright and the control without the power to sell of another quantity of stock. This condition is made that there shall be no withdrawal of surplus until after the combined stock and surplus shall exceed \$400,000.

Upon the death of the son the stock held in trust together with all accruing property goes to a board of city trustees, all residents of Bennington, and the foundation and endowment of a school of industrial arts to be known as "O'Brien Industrial School." The school will be non-sectarian and non-partisan and give practical instruction to boys and young men in various trades.

Superfluous Hair

Removed by the New Principle

DeMole

A new and complete system of hair removal, which is the only one that is safe and effective. It is a simple and easy process, and it is the only one that is guaranteed to remove all superfluous hair. It is the only one that is safe and effective. It is a simple and easy process, and it is the only one that is guaranteed to remove all superfluous hair.

Improved Hair Restorer

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE

217 CENTRAL STREET

George H. Wood

137 to 151 Central Street

HEADQUARTERS FOR Wedding and Graduation Presents

CLASS PINS - 50c to \$5 EACH

Special designs made to order, to suit all classes.

Never before in the history of this store has the variety of wedding gifts been so varied or the price so reasonable. Everything is new and up to date and low prices prevail throughout the store.

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THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator, in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily net average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1907 was

15,453

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Plott, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1908.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest net average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other dapers.

SCHOOL BOARD "TECHNIQUE"

THE SCHOOL BOARD IS GETTING READY TO INDULGE A LITTLE GRAFTING ON MUSIC BOOKS. ON PRETENCE THAT THE BOOKS NOW IN USE ARE DEFECTIVE IN THE MATTER OF "TECHNIQUE" THEY MUST BE CHANGED.

THE MUSICAL INSTRUCTOR MAY UNDERSTAND THE MEANING OF TECHNIQUE, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PROBABLY DO NOT, AND IT IS NOT AT ALL LIKELY THAT THE PUPILS WILL EVER BE SUFFICIENTLY FAR ADVANCED BY THE INSTRUCTION THEY RECEIVE IN THE SCHOOLS TO UNDERSTAND WHAT IT MEANS. WE DO NOT IMAGINE THAT THE CHANGE OF TEXT-BOOKS WILL MAKE THE SLIGHTEST DIFFERENCE IN THIS RESPECT.

MESSRS. SWAPP AND GOWARD ARE CREDITED WITH BEING THE GREAT STICKLERS FOR MUSICAL TECHNIQUE. IT JARS THEIR SENSITIVE MUSICAL NATURES TO THINK THAT THERE IS SUCH AN ABSENCE OF THAT ARTISTIC SOMETHING WHICH MUSICIANS CALL TECHNIQUE BUT WHICH MIGHT AS WELL BE CALLED BY SOME OTHER NAME. DR. LAMOREUX IS LIABLE TO BE DUBBED AS LACKING IN THE FINER ATTRIBUTES OF HUMAN NATURE, SINCE THE LACK OF TECHNIQUE HAS NOT JARRED HIS MUSICAL SUSCEPTIBILITIES IN THE LEAST, AND YET HIS MUSICAL EDUCATION IS PROBABLY SUPERIOR TO THAT OF ANY OTHER MEMBER OF THE BOARD.

OF COURSE IT MATTERS NOT WHERE THE FUNDS MAY COME FROM TO PAY THE BILLS. THE CREDIT OF THE CITY IS GOOD FOR THAT AND MONEY BELONGING TO THE CITY IS NO OBJECT IN A MATTER OF SECURING MUSICAL TECHNIQUE.

THE POLICY OF MAKING AN EXPENSIVE CHANGE IN TEXT BOOKS THIS YEAR IS IN LINE WITH THE EXPRESSED INTENTION OF MR. SWAPP WHEN HE, SPEAKING AS THE SCHOOL BOARD, SAID HE WOULD TAKE NO NOTICE OF ANY RESTRAINT IMPOSED BY THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. THAT WOULD BE OPPOSED TO THE PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL TECHNIQUE AS RECENTLY EXEMPLIFIED IN THE SCHOOL BOARD. VERILY THE SCHOOL BOARD IS BADLY OFF FOR AN EXCUSE TO CHANGE TEXT BOOKS WHEN IT CAN FIND NONE MORE SUBSTANTIAL THAN MUSICAL TECHNIQUE.

DROWNING ACCIDENTS

THE SEASON OF THE YEAR IN WHICH BOYS SEEK LAKE AND RIVER HAS ARRIVED AND ALREADY THE FIRST DROWNING HAS BEEN RECORDED IN THE SAD ACCIDENT TO LITTLE TOM FAY.

BOYS HAVE A STRANGE FASCINATION FOR THE WATER AND WHEN THEY GO BATHING THEY ARE USUALLY TOO VENTURE-SOME. AS A RESULT WE HAVE MANY DROWNING ACCIDENTS DURING THE COURSE OF A SEASON. IT IS ALL BECAUSE THE BOYS DISOBEY THE ORDERS OF THEIR PARENTS, FOR ONE OF THE MOST IMPERATIVE INJUNCTIONS GIVEN WITH DAILY REGULARITY TO CHILDREN RESIDING NEAR SUCH PLACES IS, TO KEEP AWAY FROM THE WATER. UNFORTUNATELY WE HAVE NO PUBLIC BATHS AT WHICH THE CHILDREN COULD BE TAUGHT TO SWIM, BUT IT IS VERY IMPORTANT THAT THEY SHOULD BE SO TAUGHT SOMEWHERE OR SOMEHOW. THE ABILITY TO SWIM IS THE BEST PROTECTION AGAINST DROWNING ACCIDENTS.

IT MAY NOT BE A MATTER OF MUCH CONSEQUENCE IN THE OPINION OF SOME, BUT IF WE HAD A SWIMMING POND FOR BOYS, CONDUCTED EVEN IN THE SUMMER ONLY, IT WOULD SAVE AT LEAST HALF A DOZEN LIVES A YEAR. TO THE PARENTS OF THE CITY, WE SURMISE, THIS PROPOSITION WOULD APPEAL MOST STRONGLY: TO THE HUMANE WHO HAVE NO CHILDREN IT SHOULD APPEAL WITH EQUAL FORCE.

WE REGRET THAT THERE IS NO PHILANTHROPIST TO TAKE THIS MATTER UP AND PROVIDE AN ARTIFICIAL SWIMMING POND IN WHICH THE BOYS OF THE CITY COULD LEARN TO SWIM SO THAT THEY WILL NOT BE DROWNED IF THEY CHANCE AT ANY TIME TO GET BEYOND THEIR DEPTH. A SMALL SUM OF MONEY WOULD SUFFICE TO MAKE A CREDITABLE BEGINNING, BUT EVEN THIS SEEMS TO BE MORE THAN THE CITY CAN AFFORD AT THE PRESENT TIME.

THE AUTO RACE

WHETHER WE HAVE THE GREAT AUTO RACE OR NOT. LET US HOPE THAT IT WILL NOT BE MADE THE PRETEXT FOR ANY EXCHANGE OF UNCOMPLIMENTARY REMARKS BETWEEN MEN OF PROMINENCE IN THE COMMUNITY AND MEN WHO HAVE A COMMON INTEREST IN THE PROGRESS OF OUR CITY. PERHAPS IT WILL DISARM PREJUDICE AGAINST THE RACE TO SAY THAT THE ULTIMATE OBJECT OF HAVING THE RACE HERE IS THE SUBSEQUENT LOCATION OF AN AUTOMOBILE FACTORY IN LOWELL TO GIVE EMPLOYMENT TO A LARGE NUMBER OF HANDS.

SEEN AND HEARD

The naturalization court judges sitting at Norristown, Pa., the other day decided that Edward Wilhelm Lawrence, a native of Ireland but a resident in this country for 35 years, was qualified for citizenship because he knew the positions of all the clubs of the two major baseball leagues. It was a novel test worthy of a comedy, but those judges will certainly make a hit with the fans of the country. Get busy, ye fellows who wish to be naturalized. Brush up on the national game, but make your application at Norristown.

The tired ones who enjoy a breath of fresh air in the evening after a hard day in the mill or elsewhere are enjoying the settees furnished by the park commission at the entrance to city hall.

Martin Courtney of the board of charities was the greatest baseball enthusiast at the city hall until Hector Lavallee of the city treasurer's office was discovered by "Bob" Paradis.

Only a pair of tiny shoes. And a battered rubber toy. Not much, you say, to hide away. And motion with tears at the close of day?

Yet once they belonged to my little boy. This worn out plaything—a treasure sweet.

Answered the call of his baby heart. And in these shoes the toddling feet. (Now stronger grown and sure, and deep.) Into life's wonderful world made a start.

Surely the years have hurried by. And, in passing, left me none: Revere! I hold these keepsakes old. They whisper to me when the way grows cold.

Of sunshine warm in the days now flown; And, when the shadows at twilight creep Over the roots of the quiet town, Out of the gray dusk memories leap, Arouding thought from its daytime sleep, Then with a tush the tears come down.

James A. Dwyer, of Lawrence, formerly of Lowell.

THE CRIMEAN WAR.

Editor Sun: Dear Sir—Will you please print your paper what year the Crimean war opened to settle a dispute, and oblige.

The Crimean war started in 1854. The fortress of Sevastopol fell in 1855 virtually ending the war, but peace was not concluded until 1856.

A fellow who cuts and handles meat and who works at the meat business in a place not more than 100 yards from Merrimack square is bemoaning the fate of a pair of \$8 trousers and his best girl is shedding salt tears because of the ruin that has come to her new dress, and here's how it happened. The man of the cleaver and honest weight met his best girl at Tyler park. Somebody had zipped the settees. They sat down side by side or as close as her merry widow would permit. They spent several blissful moments on the freshly painted settee and when they prepared to go they found they were part of the park furniture. He of the meat cleaver managed to pull away and then he reached his better half, to be. You can guess for yourself what happened to her dress and his trousers.

Somebody stole "Dutchy" McDonald's last year's straw hat while Dutchy was helling pork in Charles street. Dutchy says the hat wasn't worth much but there are certain tender recollections connected with it that were dearer to him than gold. Dutchy says he left the hat on the wagon seat while he entered the store. He says there is grease enough in the hat to oil seventeen circus wagons.

The usual group was gathered around the New York store, talking of Dick Mullins' lost donkey. Everyone had been looking for it without success since it had strayed out of the pasture lot a day or two before. Jim Thompson, a lanky individual, regarded as more or less of an imbecile by the townsmen, finally spoke up:

"I think I could find your donkey."

"How can you find him, Jim," asked the owner. "When the best men in town ain't been able to get a trace of him?"

"Wa-al," rejoined Jim, "I kin try."

Have You Tried It?

St. Thomas' Salve for piles, old sores, or skin diseases. If not, do so at once; never known to fail. For sale at all drug stores or at St. Thomas' Remedy Co., 33 Salem street, Lowell, Mass. Price 35c.

JOHN W. McEVOY

COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

137 Central St. Telephone 915.

Michael H. McDonough

Formerly with James McDermott

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

And all work connected with the business. All orders promptly attended to at any hour of day or night. Connected by telephone.

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Attorney-at-Law

Hildreth Bldg. Lowell, Mass.

Wall Paper

-AT-

97 Appleton St.

ARE YOU HUNGRY?

Our 25c dinner will appease your appetite—it would cost you \$1.00 elsewhere. Everybody is talking about our special breakfast and supper.

Lowell Inn, 21 Central street, Thomas Hoban, proprietor.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

FROM LITTLE ACORNS.

Saturday Evening Post: A potential American industry remains unprotected. An article in whose production we might lead the world is being imported in amounts and at a price which makes domestic competition impracticable. The entire country as a consequence is threatened with a return to those rude conditions which prevailed previous to the wholesale attack upon our woodlands north, south, east and west.

The state of New York, it is reported, has just purchased from Germany, at prices ranging from seven to five cents to two dollars and sixty-five cents a thousand, nearly one million seedling trees for the reforesting of its Adirondack reserve. Some day these seedlings will be trees; and the example of New York may be contagious. Not in the time to put up the bars, American trees for our children's children, or else none at all!

It is possible that some who hear this news may wonder how it happens that the Germans, whose history is contemporaneous with the Christian era, have trees to spare, while we who began to hew our forests only within the last four hundred years already cannot, as it would appear, supply even the home market. They may also recall that Germany supports about seventy million souls on a little over two hundred and eighty thousand square miles of land, while the United States spreads its ninety-old millions over an area nearly twenty times as large—a territory whose forests at one time were the wonder of the world.

Goldwin Smith in Spectator: I have before me a program of extreme socialist demands to be made at the May day meeting, in which figures, it is to be feared not unsuitably, a demand for old age pensions. Bear in mind that while you have in form, perhaps, one of the most conservative of political constitutions, you have, or are on the road soon to having, about the most democratic and demagogic of all your monarchies. Is a venerable form, and when your house of lords is reduced, as your late premier proposed, to a legislative nullity the house of commons will be absolute; while it will probably become even more demagogic than it is now. The Americans have an effective though terminable monarchy in their presidency, an effective upper house in their senate. Yet you see in the case of their military pension list how even there a measure of his kind works.

WHAT LIGHT DOES Illuminating Engineer: People still talk about the illuminations at the World's Fair. The recent illuminations of the World building in New York on the occasion of their twenty-fifth anniversary attracted forty thousand people from near and far. The fair was away. The outlining of the new Singer building tower attracts more attention than the Statue of Liberty, and the Great White Way has magnetized the world.

PEOPLE OF NOTE Both British houses of parliament have voted unanimously the erection of a memorial to the late Premier, Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman, in Westminster Abbey. As the Abbey is becoming overcrowded, Lord Lansdowne protested in the Lords against giving away space in Westminster. The Times expresses the opinion that the Abbey ought to be reserved for those whose national services are independent of party and of merely political appreciation.

Baron Henri de Rothschild, who is a liberal amateur of the arts as well as a physician who has done a good deal of research, is building a house at Surcouche, near Paris, to be known as "Maison des Auteurs Dramatiques Français." When it is completed and furnished he will hand it over, together with an endowment, to the Societe des Auteurs Dramatiques, "to provide for those dramatists whose destiny or chance has not favored." There are to be twenty apartments, and a small theatre where the residents may produce works of their own.

Lepointe, who is being tried for fraud in connection with his alleged power of manufacturing diamonds, has received permission to conduct his experiments in proof of his assertion in secret. The magistrate in charge, of the case insisted at first that experiments must be made in public and he pleaded that this would make public and so forth him of his process. To insure his not offering as the result of his process a diamond smuggled in from outside, he has undertaken to produce one five centimeters high and three in diameter, of the exact shape of the mould used in his electric furnace. The mould is placed between two electrodes, and close to the pavilion at St. Denis.

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Steamship Tickets Europe. Lowest rates, good berths, first, second and third class. All lines from Boston. Ivernia, June 18; Celtic, June 19.

O'Donnell's Agency Market and Woolen streets.

FREE TO THE SICK

It matters not the name of the disease you are suffering with, how many physicians or ordinary specialists you have taken treatment from, or how discouraged, but today and see Dr. Temple. Consultation free, confidential and invited, both at office and by correspondence. Terms are always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not neglect where until you have investigated our methods and terms. Office, 57 Central street, Mansur block, every day, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 8.

Free X-Ray Examinations.

Letter to Married Men

When a man marries, his troubles begin. One of the "troubles" is that he will have to "brace up" every time he goes "out"—that is, he will have to be in a suit to fit the occasion, that has been turned out in such a manner that it can't be "tuned down" by the most fastidious. That is the kind we make.

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Lots to be closed out at great savings for the fortunate buyers

Suits for Boys, 8 years to 16, worth \$3.50 and \$4, all now \$2.50

A collection of smart suits, medium and dark colors—double breasted jackets, plain or knicker trousers. Lots just bought and others reduced, worth \$3.50 and \$4.00

Boys' Russian Suits, Sizes 3 years to 6, were \$5, all now \$2.50

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Exactly Half Price

A new lot bought from a maker who wished to close out his stock. Made from excellent cheviot, cut broad and long, made with double stitched felled seams. Every seam gusseted; sizes 12-1-2 to 14 neck band. Actual value 50c, today

300 pairs Boys' Knickerbocker Trousers made from genuine Khaki—double stitched seams, cut full generous sizes. Belt straps and all the fixings. Sizes 6 years to 16. The best Trousers ever offered for

where he is working, there are the shops of a company disposing of 100,000 horse-power.

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THE ALDERMEN

Refused to Elect A. W. David to Board of Health

\$20,000 Sewer Loan Order Passed by the Aldermen — Council Refuses to Approve \$13,000 Loan Order to Pave Westford Street

The board of aldermen in regular and the common council in special session, last evening, passed the \$20,000 loan order for ordinary sewer construction.

Mayor Faribault's appointment of A. W. David to the board of health was not confirmed by the board of aldermen. The council refused to approve the loan order for \$13,000 to pave Westford street.

All members of the board of aldermen were present when the chairman called to order at 8:30.

notice of a suit against the city in an action of contract.

David J. Donaldson asked for a license as a private detective. He was referred to the committee on licenses.

Ernest Mercer and Pauline Kidder were appointed weighers of coal and coal and coal by the board.

City Solicitor Hill's opinion to the effect that the mayor has the power to withdraw an appointment to the board of health was read.

The appointment of Albert W. David in the place of Dr. C. W. Taylor to the board of health appeared for confirmation and was denied. Alderman Bailey voted with the democrats and the vote was five to four against.

The resolution to lay out Fisher street was adopted.

A petition to act by an engine in the rear of 139 Channing street was fathered by Arthur E. Eider. A hearing was ordered.

The joint committee on military affairs recommended an appropriation of \$100 for repairs at the rifle range, and accompanied the recommendation. The order was adopted on the part of the board.

The board voted to grant telephone pole locations in Ford and Pawtucket streets.

A resolution permitting the relocation of three poles in East Merrimack street was adopted.

The petition of Pratt and Forest for the relocation of a pole in Rock street received favorable action.

William J. Barbeck asked for the relocation of a pole in Sheldon street. Favorable action was taken.

Mrs. Emma Cuskey's petition for the removal of a pole in Stevens street was granted.

A pole location in Roffe street was voted to the Lowell Electric Light Corporation.

A joint order appropriating \$300 for hand carts was adopted in conference.

Petitions for sewers in Roper, Norton and Epping streets were referred to the committee on sewers.

A petition for a street light in Belmont street was referred to the committee on licenses. Adjourned.

ACQUIT PHILIP

Clubman Was Charged With Murder

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Gaston P. Philip, civil engineer and clubman of New York and Washington, was acquitted of the murder of Frank MacAbo, a cab driver, by a jury in criminal court No. 2 here last night. Philip received the announcement of the verdict calmly.

The government abandoned its plea for a verdict of first degree murder and asked that the jury return a verdict against the defendant of murder in the second degree or manslaughter.

Justice Barnard in his charge instructed the jury that if the defendant was intoxicated at the time he shot MacAbo, it should not be considered a defense.

Philip was tried on the charge of having shot and killed MacAbo in the Arlington hotel in this city on the morning of May 15, 1907.

The tragedy was the culmination of a night of revelry preceding the shooting. MacAbo, it is said, claimed that Philip owed him a \$100 gambling debt and importuned Philip to throw dice with him in order to "win the money back" as he put it. Finally the two men went into the Arlington hotel. There MacAbo attacked Philip. Philip, it is said, and the latter fearing serious bodily harm, fired the shot that killed MacAbo.

BIG IMPROVEMENT

NOTED IN COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The cloud of uncertainty which has been hanging over the business element of the United States, in the opinion of the British commercial agent in this country, is passing away. In a recent report to parliament on this subject, Mr. Seymour Bell, the British commercial agent in the United States, says:

"The year 1907 was one of sharp contrasts in the United States. It was a year of great activity and deep depression. During the earlier months all industries were exceedingly busy and many were working at their utmost capacity. Many unfilled orders had been carried over from the previous year and buyers were experiencing great difficulty in getting delivery of their goods. The railway lines were congested, wages were at their highest, and the price of living in an extreme point. It was recognized by all those in a position to form an independent opinion that this tremendous industrial activity could not last; that it was merely a question of time before a reaction would set in. It became quite evident that the country was living beyond its means. Money was becoming scarce and the railways and other corporations were encountering great difficulties in obtaining the capital necessary to carry on the improvements and extensions which were in process of being carried out. Speculation in mining and real estate had been rife and personal extravagance was at its height. This all tended to place additional burdens on the money supplies which were hardly adequate to carry on the industries of the country. The railways were among the earliest and greatest sufferers from the financial stringency. They found it almost impossible to dispose of securities at a reasonable price and were forced to issue short time notes at a comparatively high rate of interest to enable them to continue their developments. As wages were high, owing to the scarcity of labor, and high prices were being paid for materials, the net earnings of the railways were considerably reduced, although the gross earnings showed an increase. This brought about lower quotations for railway shares and the industrialists followed the downward path."

"The situation was peculiar. On the one hand there were the manufacturers with more orders than they could fill and busy enlarging their plants, merchants selling large quantities of goods at satisfactory prices, labor in such demand that even with the addition of the 1,200,000 immigrants it was necessary to employ inefficient workers at good wages. On the other hand, there was dear money, owing to scarcity."

"When, owing to a failure in New York, light was thrown on the management of some of the large financial concerns in the city, public confidence, which had previously been undermined by certain investigations, gave way completely, resulting in an acute money panic. Careful students of the situation had foreseen a collapse before the end of the year, but did not anticipate that it would come with such suddenness."

"The panic was entirely financial. It has, it is true, brought about a widespread suspension of trade and industry throughout the country, but there has been no throwing on the market of merchandise at ruinous prices, the usual accompaniment of industrial panics. The manufacturers, on the contrary, faced the inevitable, and without delay proceeded to curtail the supply and thus reduce such claims as there might have been of glutting the market with unsalable articles. Fortunately for the country, warning of the trouble was given early, and it was possible to take steps in time to prepare for it."

"As to the length of time the present depression will last, it is difficult to form an opinion. It must not be forgotten that the farmers, who form the backbone of American prosperity, have not been affected by the financial situation. Though the crops in 1907 fell short in quantity as compared with 1906, higher prices were obtained and the farmers received considerably more money for their crops than in the previous year. A country that produces crops valued at nearly \$1,500,000,000 is hardly likely to suffer long from industrial stagnation. It represents too large an amount to be held long unemployed. Farmers have had nine years of almost uninterrupted prosperity, their buying power is high and the towns dependent upon them will remain prosperous."

"The farmers who a few years ago owed money now own money and have an assured outlet for their products, as there is no overabundance."

"The cloud of uncertainty, which has been hanging over the country for so long and gradually growing more threatening, is now passing away, and it may be said that the worst of the storm has now passed. There will in all probability be momentary disturbances for some months to come, but under way, and unless labor troubles should retard the improvement or monopolies of capital interfere to keep up prices at too high a level, it is expected that before many months have passed business will be on a safer and more normal basis."

THE DOCTORS

GO ON RECORD AS OPPOSED TO ABOLISHING VIVISECTION.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Vivisection came in for much attention by the delegates of the convention of the American Medical Association, which opened here yesterday and was the subject of significant action by the governing board of that organization. By unanimous vote the house of delegates approved a recommendation to the board of trustees to create a commission, the sole duty of which shall be to watch and oppose the enactment of laws tending to abolish vivisection.

While this action was under consideration, Dr. W. B. Cannon, chairman of the section of pathology, advocated the campaign of education against opponents of the practice, whom he accused of untruthfulness and ignorance, and in another meeting the action was passed with but little opposition.

The resolution passed by the house of delegates was introduced originally by Dr. P. M. Jones of San Francisco, and was amended by Dr. Frank Billings of Chicago, and owing to an evident unanimity of sentiment, was passed with but little opposition.

MORE TROUBLE

IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHESTER STRIKE.

CHESTER, Pa., June 3.—The disorder that has marked the strike of the Chester Traction company employees for several weeks, was renewed last night, when three of the company's trolley cars were blown up by dynamite. Two cars were wrecked on Saville avenue in Eddystone, and a third, Palmer's corner, on the Media division outside the city. The car at the latter point was blown to pieces and when a squad of deputies reached the scene they arrested the crew of the car on which there had been no passengers. Neither the motorman nor conductor had been injured and they were taken into custody pending an investigation. There were two passengers on one of the other cars, but neither was hurt.

The crews of two of the cars fled across the fields to escape the strikers.

A CLOSE RACE

BETWEEN SENATOR ALLISON AND GOV. CUMMINGS.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 3.—At midnight incomplete returns from the primary election held in Iowa yesterday indicated a close race for the republican nomination for U. S. senator, between Senator Allison and Gov. Cummings. Both sides are claiming a majority of from ten thousand to twenty thousand.

The result will probably not be determined until the official count tomorrow. The republican nomination for governor is even more uncertain.

The democrats nominated Fred E. White, for governor.

Claude S. Porter, former candidate for governor on the democratic ticket, was nominated for U. S. senator without opposition.

FIRE SPREAD

BOYS LIGHTED MATCHES TO OIL ON THE GROUND.

PORTLAND, Me., June 3.—Small boys who applied lighted matches to oil on the ground which had leaked from a car in the Boston and Maine railroad yards here late yesterday started a fire which consumed 6000 gallons of oil in the tank and burned a load of shingles and damaged several freight cars.

AGAINST PRIZE FIGHTS.

HONOLULU, June 3.—In order to test the validity of the law prohibiting attendance at prize fights, United States District Attorney R. W. Breckons has been arrested and his case will be pressed for an immediate trial. Breckons is charged with having attended a prize fight.

June Sale of Muslin Underwear Thursday

VALUES GREATER THAN EVER, "THAT'S ALL."

Three styles of cambric drawers, umbrella flounce, tucked or with lace edge, 600 won't last long. 15c

Lace trimmed corset covers, yoke trimmed front and back with lace and ribbon; two styles lace trimmed drawers, remarkable values at. 19c

New styles of regular 49c corset covers yoke trimmed with lace and ribbon, in this sale. 29c

Our largest manufacturer telephoned from New York that he had 1000 regular 49c drawers, in sizes 23 and 25, open. We took the entire lot and will offer them Thursday for 29c

Chemise of good nainsook, 3 styles, lace yoke run with ribbon, lace trimmed skirt, regular 98c values, Thursday 50c

Gowns of good nainsook, low neck and short sleeves, deep lace yoke run with ribbon, some of them are regular 98c gowns, Thursday 50c

98c combination corset cover and short skirt. 50c

Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 gowns, drawers, chemise and petticoats, just for Thursday 69c

Two new styles of cambric petticoats, edge of dainty embroidery, some with two insertions in the flounce. Similar styles are sold everywhere at \$1.98, in this sale. 97c

Gowns, petticoats and chemise, values up to \$1.97 \$3.98, just for Thursday. \$1.97

More goods are on the way and as soon as they arrive will be placed on sale.

The White Store

114—MERRIMACK STREET—116

GOV. HUGHES

SAYS HE WILL WIN IN RACE TRACK GAMBLING ISSUE.

NYACK, N. Y., June 3.—Gov. Charles B. Hughes yesterday again took occasion to express himself forcibly on the subject on the race track gambling in a public address and predicted the ultimate triumph of the campaign he has inaugurated against it. The occasion was a gathering of Rockland county race payers at Nanuet, near here.

Gov. Hughes expressed confidence in the trustworthiness of the vast majority of the people. "We insist," said he, "that the laws we have enacted must be observed; that if the laws are not right that they must be changed, and that we will not become convicts at law breaking ourselves or tolerate an evasion or a tricky performance of legislation on the part of ourselves."

"I selected one matter because it was one about which there could be no debate. With the morality and the integrity and the manhood of the state on one side, reinforced by the express language of the constitution; and on the other side, only those who would, with contemptuous disregard of the morals of our youth and the explicit mandate of the constitution and of our law, seek to make money by the most despicable and demoralizing of means."

Gov. Hughes' remarks on the subject of the race track issue led him easily into a discussion of the prospect of direct nomination, which he strongly advocated, not, he said, in disparagement of party organization, in which he thoroughly believed, but in order that the people may get the representatives they want and the legislation they desire. He said, "that each representative may feel that he must go back, not to a man in a corner room to explain, or three or four men to fix it up, but to the community which sends him, which will uphold or condemn according to his record."

Carroll Bros.

Plumbers, Steam Fitters and Sheet Metal Workers

36 MIDDLE ST.

TELEPHONE 1650

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store for Thrifty People

New Nainsook Embroideries

ARE SELLING AT ABOUT ONE-HALF REGULAR PRICES

Some 2000 yards were offered yesterday morning—all new patterns of exquisite embroidery in widths from 4 inches to 15 inches. Insertions that match.

- 50c Qualities for 25c a Yard
- 38c Qualities for 19c a Yard
- 30c Qualities for 17c a Yard
- 25c Qualities for 15c a Yard
- 15c Qualities for 10c a Yard

This lot was an "after purchase" and includes some of the finest designs brought out this year. Perfect goods and whole pieces.

East Section Centre Aisle

Special Values in Millinery

FOR TOMORROW (THURSDAY) ONLY

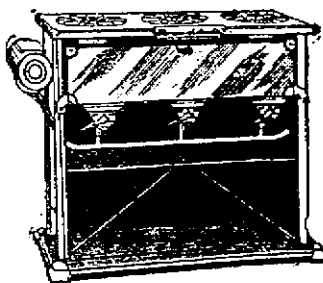
For Thursday we offer our entire assortment of trimmed Hats, selling today at \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.50 at only \$3.98 each

Also 500 Untrimmed Hats worth from 98c to \$1.50 at only 48c each

Palmer Street Centre Aisle

SPECIAL DEMONSTRATION OF THE FLORENCE OIL STOVE

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JUNE 5th AND 6th



The Name FLORENCE On An Oil Stove Means BEST

We invite every housekeeper and cook to attend the demonstration in our House Furnishing Section. This Oil Stove will do the work of a gas or coal range at but a fraction of the cost of either. No smoke—no dirt—no ashes.

One of the expert salesmen of the manufacturers and an experienced chef from the Epicurean club of Boston will be in attendance to explain the merits of this wonderful stove and to demonstrate its cooking qualities.

ON FRIDAY AND SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK Merrimack Street Basement

NEXT WEEK—MONDAY

We shall place on sale the Crockery and Kitchenware Stock of O'Brien Bros., Central Street, lately purchased by us, at a small fraction of its actual worth. We shall need 25 extra sales-ladies. Please apply to Mr. Smith, tomorrow, Thursday, Merrimack Street, Basement.

THE COMMON COUNCIL.

The special meeting of the lower board was called for the purpose of taking action on the \$20,000 loan for sewers. There were 12 members of the board present when the president called to order at 8:35 o'clock.

A notice of suit by the state treasurer against the city of Lowell was referred to the city solicitor.

Mr. Flanagan's order to appropriate \$700 for hand carts was passed.

The \$13,000 loan order to smooth pave Westford street with Hassam pavement was taken from the table and met with another defeat. It required a two-thirds vote and the vote last night was 14 to 12. Councilman McKiddier having voted with the minority gave notice of a reconsideration at the next meeting.

The \$20,000 loan for ordinary sewer construction was adopted unanimously.

The recommendation of the committee on military affairs that \$700 be appropriated for repairs at the Dracut rifle range was read and the council voted to appropriate the amount named.

Adjourned.

\$1,000,000 SUIT

ENTERED AGAINST THE UNITED OIL COMPANY.

FLORENCE, Colo., June 3.—Suit asking damages in the sum of \$1,000,000 and praying for a receiver for the United Oil company, one of the largest oil drilling and refining concerns in the United States, was filed in the United States court yesterday by J. Wallace, vice-president and director of the company, on behalf of himself and other stockholders.

SHAW ARRESTED

HE IS CHARGED WITH BREACH OF PROMISE.

MONTREAL, June 3.—Charles D. Shaw, son of the president of the Zanesville, Ohio, Traction company, was arrested here Monday night on a charge of breach of promise of marriage, preferred by Miss Charlotte Webster of Montreal, whose relatives are all in New York, from where she was to have sailed for Europe. Twenty thousand dollar damage is claimed. Shaw is in jail without bail.

YERKES BONDS

TRACTION COMPANY DEFAULTED ON PAYMENT.

CHICAGO, June 3.—The Chicago consolidated Traction company defaulted yesterday on payment of the semi-annual interest on the consolidated Yerkes bonds. The Chicago Railway company, when it took over the affairs of the Union Traction company did not guarantee payment of interest on the bonds of the Consolidated company. There are \$5,500,000 of bonds of which the widow of the late C. T. Yerkes is said to hold \$1,500,000.

DAVE BRAIN

REINSTATED BY THE NATIONAL COMMISSION.

CINCINNATI, O., June 3.—The National baseball commission yesterday gave out its opinion on the application of Players David L. Brain and J. J. Callahan for reinstatement. Player Brain was reinstated, but was fined \$50 and the Boston National league club was fined \$25 for having disposed of Brain's services to the Cincinnati club at a time when the player was not actually in the services of the Boston club.

Callahan's application was refused.

NORTHFIELD CONFERENCE.

The Christian Workers' Conference at Northfield convenes this year on the 31st of July and continues through the 14th of August. Many of the speakers whose names are familiar to attendants at Northfield are again to be present, including among others, Rev. J. Stuart Holden, Rev. James E. Freeman, Rev. A. T. Pierson, Rev. C. A. R. Janvier, Rev. W. B. McLeod, Rev. R. A. Torrey, Rev. M. O. Rogers, Rev. Hugh Black, Rev. Len G. Brownson, Rev. Curtis Lee Laws, Rev. John Douglas Adam and Rev. John A. Hutton. A new speaker at Northfield this year whose message will be greatly appreciated is Dr. W. L. Watkinson of London.

The singing will be under the joint leadership of Mr. George C. Stebbins and Mr. Charles M. Alexander.

SIR ROBERT REID ILL.

MONTREAL, JUNE 3.—Sir Robert Reid, promoter and chief proprietor of the Reid-Foundling railway, is lying dangerously ill at his residence in this city. The attending doctors while admitting the gravity of the case, are hopeful of a favorable result.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Fitch



THE NOMINATION OF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES

Both Republicans and Democrats Will Soon Attend to the Serious Business of Selecting Candidates For a Four Year Tenancy of the White House.

THIS is national convention year, and already the atmosphere is charged with the political currents which have been accumulating in the great central reservoirs. Some of the lesser party organizations have already announced their tickets and platforms. The major contestants in the great game are about to commit themselves in a like manner—the Republicans at Chicago June 16, the Democrats at Denver July 7.

National conventions come into the fashion in 1832, and since that time candidates for president and vice president have been conducted in that way. The manner of conducting these great representative gatherings is practically the same for all parties except that the Republicans nominate by a majority vote, and the voting is done by districts, while the Democrats adopt the unit rule and require a vote of two-thirds to nominate.

One of the principal duties of the national convention and one which is never neglected is to appoint a national committee before it adjourns. This important body is made up of one member from each state and territory in the Union. This representative company of men has charge of the campaign and is in authority until superseded by the will of the next convention. These committees find plenty to do. They determine when and where the conventions are to be held, issue calls and really make all the necessary arrangements.

From the first there has been a great deal of rivalry among the larger cities as to the meeting place of conventions, and in recent years it amounts to actual competition. The national committee hears the arguments advanced by the representatives of the cities who aspire to the honor and decide in the matter. Recently it has become the practice for a bonus to be offered, and the city which can make itself most attractive in that way is quite apt to obtain the coveted distinction. Denver won the honor this year by offering the sum of \$100,000 to the Democratic committee for campaign expenses. The chosen city also provides the convention hall and pays the general expenses of the gathering. It has become the fashion nowadays to erect a building exclusively for convention purposes.

Courts Publicity. The national committee usually issues the call for the convention six months before the date of meeting. In fixing the day much judgment is required, and many things must be taken into consideration. It is now the practice of each national committee to make the convention a matter of paramount interest, and some of the methods employed to further this idea fall little short of the spectacular.

The number of delegates sent to the convention is double the number of members of the congress. Each state chooses four delegates at large, double the number of its senators, and each congressional district sends two delegates. Entirely as a matter of courtesy, it would appear, delegates are also admitted from the territories and from the District of Columbia, for they are not entitled to vote and do not unless the privilege is extended to them by the will of the convention.

Another of the numerous duties of the national committee is to select the temporary chairman of the convention. This, of course, is subject to the approval of the convention, which usually accepts the appointee of the committee without discussion. Occasionally, however, there is a contest over this appointment, and the name selected by the committee is rejected by a majority of the delegates. In 1854 the committee chose Powell Clayton of Arkansas for temporary chairman, but he was not acceptable to the opponents of Mr. Blaine in the convention, and the honor was transferred to a colored Republican, John R. Lynch of Mississippi. Mr. Clayton is still a national committeeman from his state.

For many years the nominating conventions were conducted with great simplicity, and few spectators were admitted to the assembly hall. The Republican convention of 1860, which nominated Lincoln, was first to admit a large number of spectators. A special hall, called the Wigwag, was erected by the city of Chicago. This great structure, which had a seating capacity of over 5,000, was filled at every session of the convention. Since that time the number in attendance at national conventions has been limited only by the capacity of the buildings in which they have been held. Admissions are nominally by ticket only. According to the present custom each delegate is supplied with a number of tickets for distribution among his friends; the committeemen have a larger number at their disposal, and the remainder are given to the local committee to use as is most expedient.

The national convention is the outcome of a demand more or less popular for a direct voice in the nomination of the chief executive. At first

the entire country was so unmistakably unanimous in its wish to have Washington for its executive head that no other candidate was suggested. When he retired to Mount Vernon there were already two well defined parties in existence, but their leaders were so clearly differentiated that no convention was followed for three terms. In 1824 the choice of the caucus was not popular, and its candidate came in third at the election. That put an end to the scheme. The first national convention was called by the Anti-Masonic party in 1830 and was held at Philadelphia.

Some of the conventions of the past have not been happy feasts. One memorable for its bitterness and the bad feeling left in its train was that held in Chicago in 1855. Although Benjamin Harrison was nominated on the eighth ballot, the convention was in session from June 19 to June 25. Some

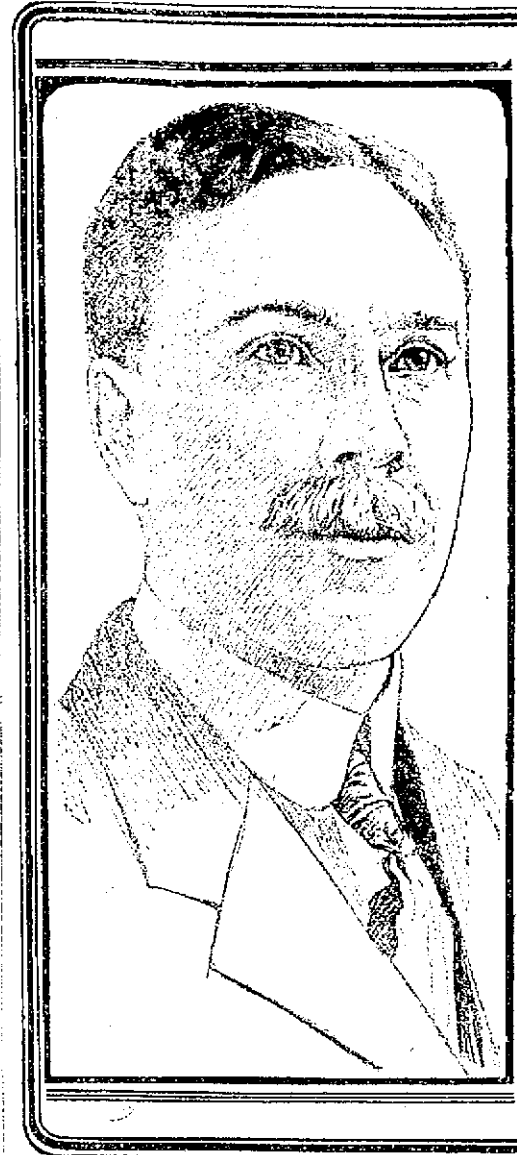
timber. When the convention assembled no one could have predicted the best chance. Among those who received votes on the first ballot were William B. Allison of Iowa, Walter Gresham of Indiana, James G. Blaine of Maine, William McKim of Ohio, and two sons of former presidents, Rutherford B. Hayes and John C. Fremont.

and the elected nomination, but lost his battle to the first defeat in twenty-eight years. Twice again was his name prominently before the convention, but like Clay and Webster, it was not destined to see the nomination of twenty years ago. With the single exception of Clay, Mr. Blaine was a candidate for presidential honors a longer time than any other man who ever lived. The convention which nominated Blaine was not especially inharmonious but the one which chose his successor, Grover Cleveland, was likely enough to restore the balance. The Tammany opposition to the nomination of New York's candidate was characterized by all the traditional party tactics employed by that organization. It tried to break the unit rule with an instance that almost prevailed, but failed. Four years later Grover Cleveland had made an equally brave effort to force the unit rule on the Republican convention of that year. He failed also, and Cleveland received the nomination. General Grant retired to private life, and the third term controversy was postponed to another century.

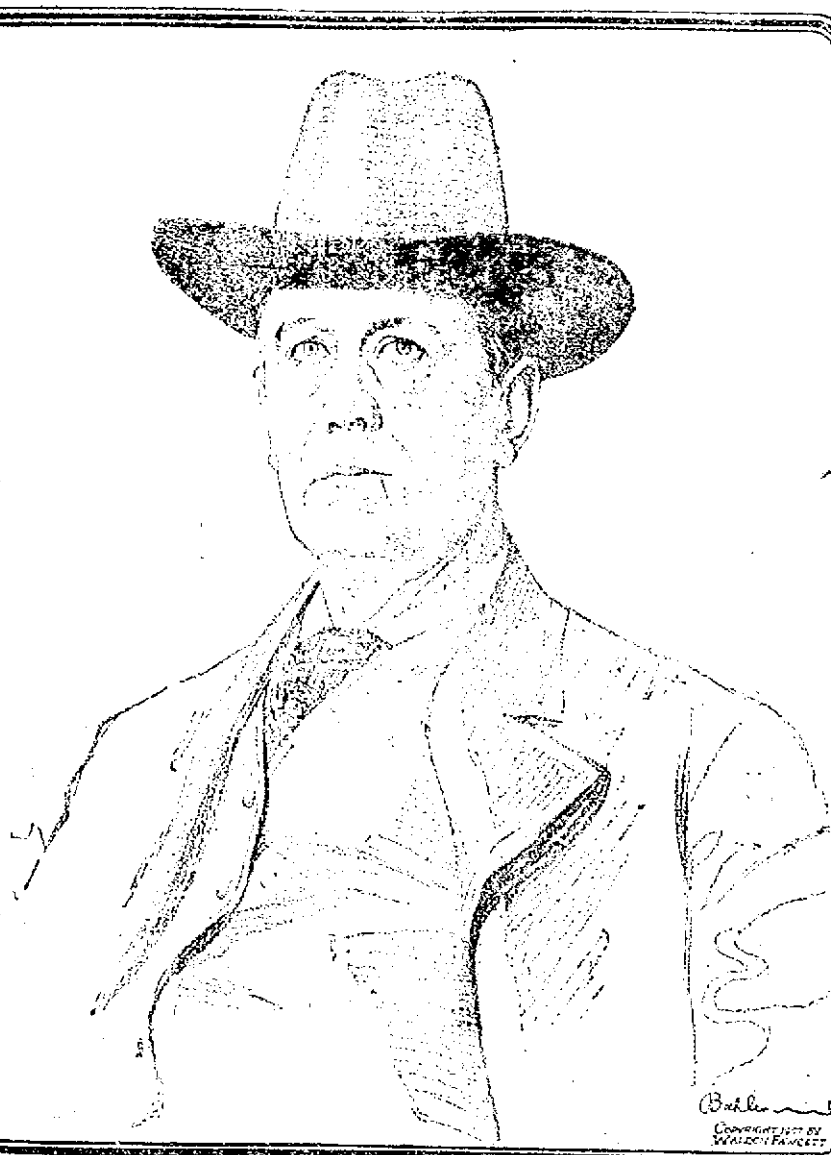
Never Held Office.

One of the most interesting facts connected with the personnel of the 111 men who made up the present Republican and Democratic national committees is that there is only one man among them all who asserts proudly at this time that he has never held or tried to obtain a public office of any description. This unique politician is James M. Caffery, the largest independent promoter of all in America, and a Democratic oracle in his state of Pennsylvania. On the Republican national committee there are now five United States senators—Dewey, Heyburn, Scott, Anckerly and Crane. There are only two members of the lower house on this committee—Brownlow of Tennessee and Lowden of Illinois. The Democratic national committee can boast of only one senator, but he is a famous one—Tilman of South Carolina.

A recent estimate seems to establish the fact that about 99 per cent of the combined committeemen are state and county officers, elective and appointive. The highest elective office ever held by Harry S. New, the Republican chairman, was state senator. Thomas Taggart, the Democratic chairman, has been mayor of his home city of Indianapolis. There seem to be a good many mayors in the aggregation, among them Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, O., and James C. Dabbman, mayor of Omaha, Neb. Of newspaper editors and publishers there is also a generous sprinkling. Both chairmen once conducted now defunct Indianapolis daily papers. Norman E. Mack, Democratic committeeman from New York, is one of Buffalo's most enterprising publishers. Daniel J. Campan is owner of a paper devoted to turf matters. Grey Woodson, secretary of the Democratic committee, conducts a newspaper in Paducah, Ky., and another in Owensboro. E. J. BURTON.



CHAIRMAN THOMAS TAGGART.



CHAIRMAN HARRY S. NEW.

tion were needed. Subsequently, however, there was less harmony, and Clay for the presidency in a similar manner. It was not until 1832, however, that the friends of Andrew Jackson adopted the plan and called a national convention in Baltimore, and the first national committee was established in 1845 by the Democratic convention of that year.

of the political wounds inflicted at that time have never been healed. For seven ballots John Sherman was in the lead, and to his dying day the veteran Ohio statesman did not cease to assert that he had been the victim of political treachery. At no other national convention ever held has there been such a supply of excellent presidential

SELECTED FROM THE MASS OF UNIQUE CURRENT DOINGS

THE OLDEST SENATOR.

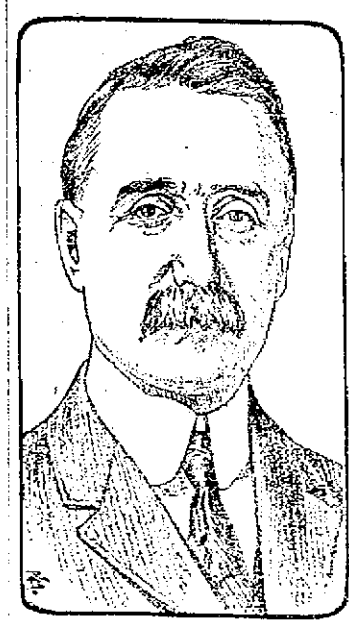
William B. Allison of Iowa is the oldest United States senator in service as well as in years. He is seventy-



nine years of age and has been chosen again to represent his state in the upper house. Senator Allison is a native of Ohio, born at Perry in 1829.

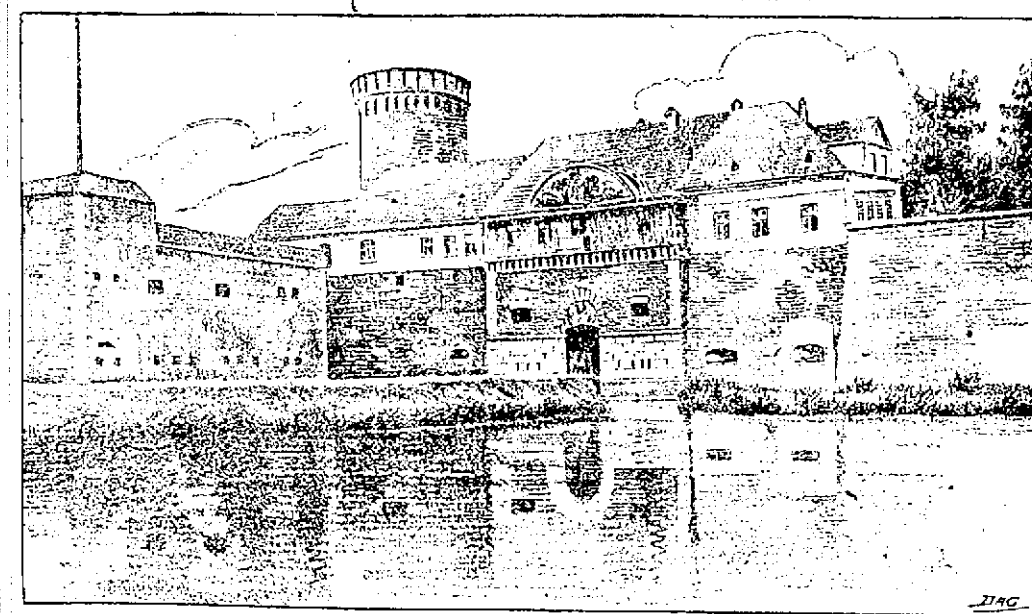
FOE OF ANARCHY.

Robert Watchorn is the immigration official who was sent by the United States government to Europe to look



into the matter of keeping the dangerous anarchists of the old world from coming to this country. Mr. Watchorn's report will be read with great interest.

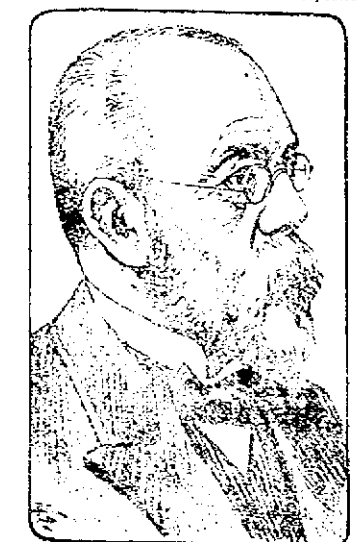
WHERE GERMANY KEEPS HER TREASURE CHEST.



The cut shows the famous Julius tower at Spandau, Germany, in which the national war treasure, the greater part of the French indemnity of 1871, is guarded with the greatest care. The walls of this stronghold are nearly seven feet in thickness, and the tower is surrounded by a battalion of soldiers.

A FAMOUS SCIENTIST.

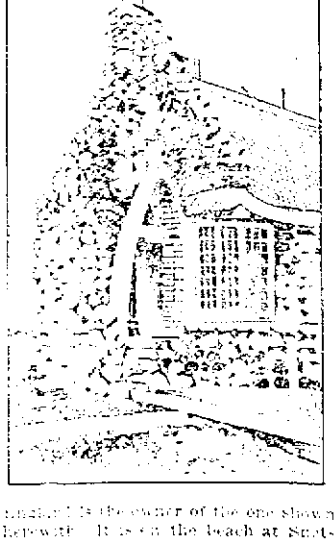
Dr. Robert Koch, who has been visiting America on his way to Japan, is the famous German scientist who discovered the bacillus of tuberculosis in 1892. Professor Koch was the recipient



of much attention from American scientists during his stay in this country and was entertained by many societies whose specialty is original investigation.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S BUNGALOW.

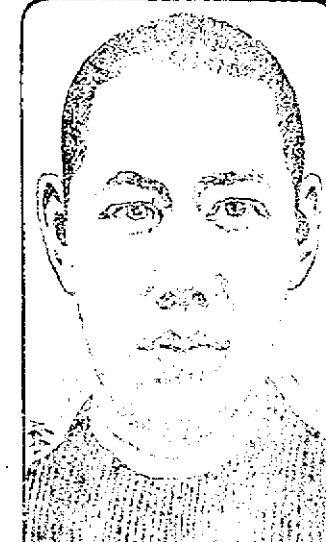
The bungalow craze seems to have reached England, and the queen of the British empire is the first British monarch to have visited America. He is a man of ex-



cellent education, speaks German like a native and enough English and Italian to make himself understood. Father Chang is influential in China.

A CHINESE PRIEST.

Father Peter Chang, now making a tour of the world, is the first Chinese Roman Catholic priest who has ever visited America. He is a man of ex-



cellent education, speaks German like a native and enough English and Italian to make himself understood. Father Chang is influential in China.

FOUNDER OF THE Y. M. C. A.

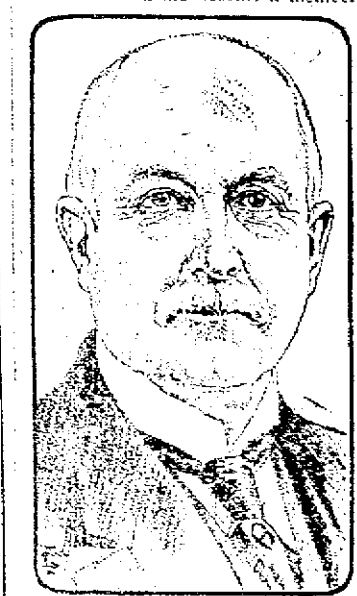
The cut shows the new bust of Mr. George Williams, the founder of the Young Men's Christian association, which was recently presented to the



American branch of the work by the English division of the association. The presentation was made on the forty-fourth anniversary.

A UNIQUE POLITICIAN.

James E. Campbell, recently nominated by the Ohio Democratic state convention for United States senator, has been governor once and unsuccessful candidate at two subsequent elections. If he should become a member

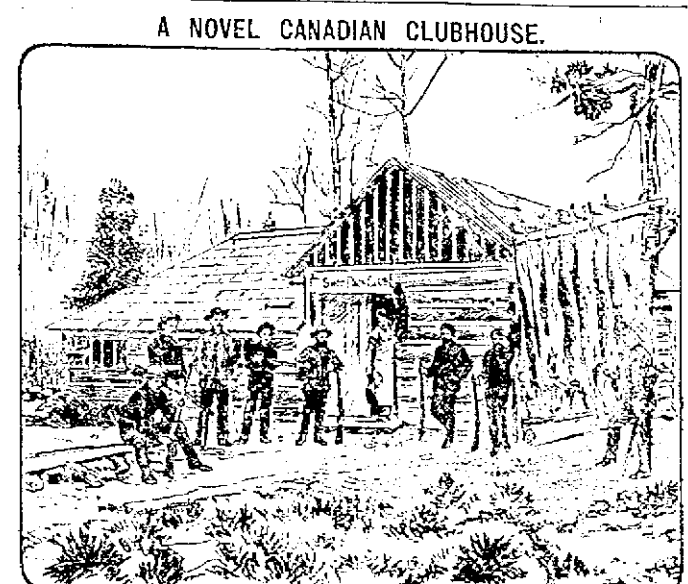


of the upper house he would probably have the unique distinction of being the poorest man in the senate. His nomination came to him without any special effort on his part.

BIRTHPLACE OF A FAMOUS STORY WRITER.



The cut shows the birthplace of the famous story writer, Hans Christian Andersen, in Odense, Denmark. It is a small, old-fashioned house, and the birthplace of the famous story writer, Hans Christian Andersen, in Odense, Denmark. It is a small, old-fashioned house, and the birthplace of the famous story writer, Hans Christian Andersen, in Odense, Denmark.



The cut shows the headquarters of the Sheep Pack club, a famous hunting organization of the Canadian woods. This clubhouse is on the bank of the Moon river in the Georgian bay district of northern Ontario. This region is the center of the finest deer and moose hunting in the Dominion.

SUNDAY TRAINS		SOUTHERN DIVISION			
8:20	6:24	6:49	7:30	9:00	10:00
10:10	1:15	7:22	8:00	10:00	10:37
6:40	5:00	8:43	8:48	11:30	12:07
8:15	7:06	9:30	10:10	1:00	1:07
8:45	9:02	10:20	11:00	1:45	5:00
		6:49	7:30	7:30	8:38
		6:27	7:10	8:20	9:08
		6:50	7:52	9:02	10:02
		8:20	8:35	10:30	11:35

SEATS, 5 CENTS. In the Waiting Room You can't pay less than that.

HELD UP AT WHARF HUMANE SOCIETY

Affinity Pair Here in Exile
Have \$35,000

BOSTON, June 3.—Struggled settled in adjoining rooms at the Quincy House, Anthony Von der Voort, the Bavarian violinist, and Louise Wackerman, the affinity with whom he fell in love ever since in music, began the first day of their six months' exile yesterday. The exile will last until the violinist is freed by the Bavarian courts from the wife whom the affinity has displaced in his affections.

When the trio landed from the first liner Memnon yesterday the immigration officials held them up. An investigation disclosed their strange story. Then the officials were amazed and they had some idea of having them on the technical ground of "likely to become public charges."

But when Madame Wackerman produced \$35,000 in gold the eyes of the officers struck out widely and they decided there was no ground on which to bar them from America.

Several months ago Von der Voort met Louise in Wiesbaden. Mrs. Wackerman had engaged him to instruct her daughter, Louise, in the violin, of which he is a master. The violinist, from the close association with his fair pupil, soon found that he was madly in love with her. He poured out his heart to the maiden, even telling her of the wife whom he had left in Hamburg. The existence of a wife in no way affected the young woman, who had learned to reciprocate the affection of the music master, and even her mother was eventually won over.

A plan had to be framed. The first wife was consulted and for a monetary consideration, by which she was to receive \$50 a month until the divorce was secured, consented to give up her husband to his newly-found affinity. Miss Wackerman was informed of the arrangement and consented to travel with her son-in-law until the divorce left him free to marry her.

No place appealed to them as did America, where affinities have been so common of late, and passage was engaged on the Memnon, which arrived yesterday noon.

With the two soulmates came Mrs. Wackerman to chaperon the pair. Their trouble began when the Memnon arrived at Boston and immigration officials began to ask personal questions. Mrs. Wackerman and her daughter, although possessed of plenty of money, seemed not to have any definite object in view in America, and the suspicions of the immigration officers were aroused. An investigation was the result. Right to the fore came the violinist to rescue his soulmate from the red tans of the immigration bureau. He assumed charge of the two to his newly-found affinity. Immigration officers received their first encounter with the question of "affinities."

OWNED UP TO LOVE FOR GIRL.

The investigation brought out the fact that Von der Voort had been the teacher of Miss Wackerman in Bavaria and had fallen madly in love, although he had a wife alive. He confessed the truth of the astonishing arrangement and said

Took Action to Aid the Worthy Poor

The directors of the Lowell Humane society met yesterday afternoon at 71 Central street and took action in the direction of a general conference of the general charities of the city for the purpose of enabling the agents of these societies to discriminate in favor of the more worthy poor and against the class of people who secure aid from all charitable organizations in the city.

It was voted that Agent Charles F. Richardson be empowered to represent the Humane society at any conference that be arranged and it was suggested that the board of charities of the city be represented.

The directors also passed a resolution calling upon the householders of the city to use humane care in disposing of their animal pets in case they are to be left here during vacation time. This is a question which arouses the humane society to action each year, as the families who go away leaving pets to roam at will are declared to be too numerous. Some decisive action was desired and the directors felt that a distinct call to the public to avoid this form of cruelty would relieve Agent Richardson of

burdensome duties during the summer. Agent Richardson presented his usual report of cases handled during the month of May. He covered 23 cases of neglected children and nine cases of non-support. There were two prosecutions, both of which resulted in the society's favor. He killed three horses, relieved 12 lame and four blind horses from their work, killed 45 cats and seven dogs. He found one case of cruelty to a cow and rescued 19 uncluttered cows. At the horse market he inspected 97 horses put up at auction.

The need for temporary quarters for small children was discussed. The Day Nursery takes in all that it can, but the necessity of a permanently special retreat for the emergency cases is needed.

The directors adjourned for the summer months after deciding by private subscription among themselves to establish a work horse prize contest for the towns represented in the Middlesex North Agricultural society. The plan is to provide suitable prizes for the various classes of work horses which have been in the possession of three months, the prizes to be awarded by competent judges to the owner whose animals are the best kept. The prizes will be awarded at the next Middlesex North grange fair.

IT'S CIRCUS DAY

Greatest Show on Earth is With Us

Immense Throng Viewed An Up-to-Date Parade and Crowded the Fair Grounds at Afternoon Performance

It's circus day, the one great American holiday that isn't listed in the catalog of the country's gala days, though it always has, does now and always will vie with any holiday among the younger element for fun and excitement.

Last night before they retired the small boy and his sister looked up the weather indications and finding that the weather man was to hand out a good clear day went to bed and dreamed of the wonderful sights that the morrow would bring forth. Up with the sun this morning the children linked to the Fair Grounds to see the big show come in and having seen everything properly placed they went down town again and secured points of vantage to view the big parade. As the morning hours grew the inevitable balloon man came along, for without him it wouldn't be circus day and at 5 o'clock the streets along the line of march were packed. There was much speculation as to whether the parade would go through Central street, owing to the temporary condition of that thoroughfare. But Supt. Morse of the street department put things in order so that the parade could pass and the route selected was from the grounds through Graham street, to Middlesex, to Thorneike, to Dutton, to Merrimack, to Central to Back Central to Graham to the grounds.

Circus day also brings around that most picturesque American character, the press agent, and Barnum and Bailey have ever been noted for their press agents, and this year's agent is Mr. Jay Bial, who can spellbind an editorial room with stories of the circus life and who reports large audiences all along the circuit.

The parade left the Fair grounds

promptly at 10 o'clock and as the news of its departure preceded it down town the glad cry of "It's coming" was heard on all sides.

The procession of floats, animals, charioteers and clowns took forty minutes to pass a given point. The wagon cages contained the animals from the menageries, and, unlike the usual parade, the animals were to be seen by the crowd in their corrals. The triumphal cars, with gold leaf trimmings, sparkled in the bright sunlight. Eight hundred men and women appeared either on horseback or on the cars and floats attired in costumes representing characters such as Egyptians, Phoenicians and Babylonians.

Among the features of the parade were a troupe of trumpeters, and a number of chorists of a musical significance highly embellished in gold relief. A body of knights in tournament array, a herd of thirty odd elephants, a caravan of as many camels, followed by two tandem teams of horses driven by smartly-gowned equestrians. The parade was divided into four sections, the last section including the Roman chariot, open cages of tigers and lions, performing poodles and the clowns. Thirty-four beautiful gray horses, smartly caparisoned, carried as many musicians forming a mounted military brass band which was loudly cheered by the crowd.

One of the clowns had plenty of fun with the Merry Widow hats along the way. He wore a tan d'haunter, and every time he saw a cartwheel creation he had some comment, and this was the cue for the band of clowns to strike up the Merry Widow waltz, and the wearer of the Merry Widow usually tried to avoid the laughter of the crowd by walking away.

At the afternoon performance the doors were opened a little ahead of time in order to avoid a crush as the crowd began assembling before noon. Inside the spacious tents all was order and discipline. The menagerie contained many truly interesting features, chief among the many are the three monstrous gorillas, which in point of attractiveness shared honors with Baby Bunting, the little Baby Elephant.

The opening number described as "The Grand Tournament," a glorious, illuminated page from ancient history, embodying four hundred historical characters, correctly costumed representing Egyptians, Phoenicians, Assyrians, Persians, together with mounted warriors, chariots, elephants, knights, nobles, high priests, foot-soldiers, archers, warriors, dancing girls, slaves, servants, horses, sacred animals and triumphal chariots. This brilliantly illustrated pageant was quickly followed by the circus of trained elephants performing impossible figures in their circus which in turn gave way to the human horses. Then came the clowns, and such a shout of hilarious merriment greeted the white-faced fun makers that they resembled their efforts to delight the crowds.

There will be a last performance to-night at 8 o'clock.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Cotton futures opened steady. July 1908; Aug. 1004; Sept. 924; Oct. 847; Nov. 777; Dec. 737; Jan. 728; Feb. 727; March 728.

10 % Discount
To
THURSDAY SHOPPERS
Thursday
IS BARGAIN DAY

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.
The Store for Quality and Style
THURSDAY
Bargain Day

THURSDAY IS BARGAIN DAY
WE GIVE A SPECIAL
10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
TO ALL PURCHASERS
THURSDAY.

10 Per Cent. Discount
On Everything in Our Store
Thursday

So that everybody may buy just what they want in a Thursday Bargain Sale, we decided to offer our entire stock, "NOTHING RESERVED," at a uniform discount of 10 per cent. from regular marked prices for just one day. In other words, come here Thursday, make your purchases from a well selected stock of first-class merchandise, always sold at fair prices with satisfaction guaranteed, and receive a special discount of 10 per cent. All our clerks are instructed to give this discount to all purchasers Thursday regardless of their asking for it.

90 cts.
COUNTS ONE DOLLAR IN
OUR STORE THURSDAY.
10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
ON EVERYTHING YOU BUY.
TRY IT.

We Do This to Help
Out the Thursday
Bargain Day
O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

10 % OFF
On Everything
THURSDAY.
Good Chance to Make
Money On Your Buying
Thursday.

BIG AUDITORIUM
Will be Most Elaborately Decorated

DENVER, Colo., June 3.—Decorations of the new Denver auditorium for the democratic national convention in July will be the most elaborate ever used at any similar convention in the country. Among the adornments will be six United States flags 20 by 30 feet. Four of these will be behind the speaker's platform and between these four will be suspended an immense curtain of bunting containing 5000 yards of sewed cloth.

In the center of the curtain will be a shield 12 feet long by 12 feet wide. Attached to this shield will be eight 15-foot flags and on each side of this central shield will be four similar shields, smaller in size, being 12 feet long, displaying eight flags. Behind the platform will be an enormous flag of rope and artificial palms. On either side of the platform will be used artificial palms 15 feet high. Immediately over the platform will be suspended four stuffed eagles with wings extended 12 feet.

The balconies will be draped with red, white and blue bunting with a series of shields of two-colors alternating along the rails.

The same scheme of decoration will be carried out with regard to the galleries. The side walls of the auditorium from the ceiling down will be covered by one large drape of sewed bunting. Forty-eight stars, ten feet in diameter will cover the ceiling and in the center of each star will be placed a representation of each state. These stars will cover the entire ceiling immediately above the place occupied by corresponding delegations.

CRIMINAL LIBEL
IS CHARGED AGAINST A REPUBLICAN LEADER.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—A political sensation was caused here last night by the issuing of a warrant for the arrest of Senator Charles P. McNichol, the Philadelphia republican leader, on a charge of criminal libel, preferred by Max Kaufmann, secretary to Mayor Hovvern. Kaufmann's action followed the making public of a letter written to Secretary D. Clarence Giliboney, of the Law and Order society in which Senator McNichol named Kaufmann as a co-betrayor to whom he paid \$10,000 in the fall of 1907, with the understanding that Giliboney was to raid gambling houses and other resorts and discredit the administration of Mayor John Weaver.

Secretary Giliboney denied knowledge of any such transaction and called upon McNichol to name the person to whom the money had been paid.

Kaufmann declared the story to be a wilful malicious falsehood. He further adds that Senator McNichol came to the mayor's office on Monday and made two propositions to him in consideration of assuming a position to substantiate the story of the alleged payment of \$10,000.

STUDENT DROWNED

WHILE CANOEING ON CONNECTICUT RIVER.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., June 3.—Ralph Harlow, aged 19 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Harlow of Westminster, a senior in the Brattleboro high school was drowned while canoeing on the Connecticut river here yesterday. In the canoe with Harlow was Edward Welch, aged 17, who was barely able to swim. The boys were making their way down the river when a cross current in the middle of the river and capsized.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN
GREETED BY LARGE CROWDS IN NEBRASKA.

SCOTT'S BLUFF, Neb., June 3.—William J. Bryan was greeted by some of the largest crowds of his Nebraska tour yesterday. At Bridgeport he spoke for an hour, particularly on financial issues and taking occasion incidentally to speak of his former experiences in this part of the state. "I was once known as the boy orator of the Platte," he said, "and I am interested in coming to this section which is near the headquarters of the river."

An incident occurred in connection with the Bridgeport meeting which gave Mr. Bryan a hearty laugh at the expense of the arrangements committee. About 29 members of the committee went to Alliance Monday night to greet his train and left Alliance at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Through a misunderstanding the hotel proprietor failed to wake them up. Mr. Bryan, a member of the committee, who did not retire at all, and a newspaper man, were the only members of the party of 29 who caught the train. Two members of the committee caught the next train and Mr. Bryan met them at the station in his own town.

SENIOR HONORS
AT THE NORTH CHELMSFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

Senior honors for the class of 1908, North Chelmsford high school, have been awarded.

Miss Nellie L. Butterfield was chosen salutatorian and Miss Veronika G. Lowe was chosen valedictorian.

NAVAL ELEVEN'S SCHEDULE.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 3.—The managers of football at the naval academy announced their schedule of games to be played by the midshipmen next season. The army and many athletic officials having been unable to agree as to the date for their annual game, it is not included in the schedule.

The schedule includes a contest with Harvard on October 24. Eleven of the games will be played at Annapolis.

ALIENATION SUIT

Miss Leavitt Has Sued for \$20,000

BOSTON, June 3.—Miss Caroline A. Leavitt of Lexington has brought suit in the East Cambridge court against Dr. Edgar M. Early, also of Lexington, for \$20,000. She seeks to regain possession of a farm in Lexington, which she alleges she transferred to Dr. Early because of "false representations made by him that her brother was trying to get possession of the property."

According to the plaintiff, Dr. Early had acted as caretaker in the employ of her father and herself, and she says that acting on his advice on July 10, 1904, she sold her home in Dorchester and bought a farm in Bedford street, Lexington. Then it was, she alleges, that the defendant in the suit fraudulently obtained the deed to the farm from her.

It was agreed, she says, that the deed was to be transferred back to her at any time she desired it.

But Dr. Early, says Miss Leavitt, immediately took possession of the farm, allowing her the use of some rooms; then, she asserts, he obtained from her money to invest in live stock for the farm, "but has refused to make any accounting of moneys spent, even threatening to exclude the plaintiff from the premises."

She asks that the deed be made void and that the defendant also be made to account to her for money expended.

The suit follows the one for \$20,000 recently entered by Early's wife for alienation of affections and one against Miss Leavitt for \$10,000 for slander.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.

A Big Sale of
SILK MUSLINS
Opens Tomorrow Morning in
Our Basement at
One Half Price

4131 Yds., Reg. Price 25c Yd.

SALE PRICE
12 1-2c
Yard
Plain and Dotted Swiss Muslins
Popular Shades in Good Variety of Colors

The above is a special purchase at a great sacrifice in price. All new, fresh pieces, and every yard perfect. Colors are blues, gray, green, lavender, garnets, browns, black, pink, cream, yellow and ecru.

COME OUT FROM UNDER THE BUSH.

Let your light shine before the people that they may see your good bargains and trade with you.

The only place for your light to shine is in the advertising columns of The Sun.

The Sun is read by great and small, by rich and poor, by short and tall, in fact it is read by one and all.

Then let your advertising light shine where all can see it.

PUT IT IN THE SUN.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THURSDAY SPECIAL

500 White Chip Hats, all styles for only **\$1.49 Each**

Trimmed Hats, beautiful line **\$2.98 up to \$7.50**

HEAD & SHAW The Milliners
189 Merrimack Street

ADAMS RELIABILITY

Wedding Gift

Each gift of furniture will help make the new home more attractive. Look over Adams' furniture for the gift.

ADAMS & CO.
Furniture—Rugs—Carpets
Appleton Bank Block
174 Central St.

JELL-O
The Dainty Dessert
PREPARED INSTANTLY. Simply add boiling water, cool and serve. The package at all grocers. 7 flavors. Refuse all substitutes.

STRANGE CAREER

Remarkable Life of Mrs. Brown Described by Companion

BOSTON, June 3.—There lived in Boston not long ago a woman of royal blood, the direct descendant of the old Welsh kings, who at the time of her death was in possession of jewelry and lace valued at more than a quarter of a million dollars.

Yet so quietly did she live and so unostentatious was she, that even her closest companion had no idea of the magnitude of her possessions until after her death.

This woman was Mrs. Albert J. Brown of 30 Newbury street, whose life reads like a page of romance. A southern landholder, she freed her slaves long before the emancipation proclamation was written.

An acquaintance of many famous men, and an author of note, her husband's death completely changed the entire course of her life. Her literary genius was changed into a passion for jewelry, and to the collection of the same she devoted the latter years of her life.

Miss Anna B. Eckstein, who lived with Mrs. Brown 14 years, gave an insight of Mrs. Brown's life to a reporter.

Lauding Mrs. Brown as the most fascinating woman that she had ever seen, Miss Eckstein declared that she was probably one of the most remarkable women that America has ever boasted.

"Mrs. Brown, who was the daughter of a famous Kentucky plantation owner and duellist, was one of the most charming girls of her day," said Miss Eckstein.

"As a child, her heart went out to the slaves on her father's plantation, and on the day when she became of age and came into a great fortune, she freed every slave that she owned."

"How many of these unfortunate slaves that she gave liberty to, I do not know, but they were a great many."

"When yet but a girl she wrote a book entitled 'The Autobiography of a Female Slave,' which received widespread publication just before Mr. Stowe's 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' was published."

"Shortly after becoming of age she came north, first to Philadelphia and later to New York and Boston. She was undoubtedly a genius and it early showed in her. She had a remarkable faculty for telling stories, and such a lot of interesting ones did she have."

"She was one of the foremost persons in the abolition movement in the United States and her wealth, social position and talents won for her the friendship of such men as Lincoln, William Lloyd Garrison, Dickens, Wendell Phillips, Lowell, Sumner, Holmes, Whittier, Longfellow and others in this country."

"Abroad she was courted and fêted by royalty and was a close friend of Lord Lytton and Dickens."

"Her husband, who was associated with William Cullen Bryant on the New York Post, became the secretary of Governor Andrew."

"She and her husband met in Washington during the war. Their strong abolition sentiment brought them together."

"Before her husband's death she had always had somebody to manage the business part of her affairs, and after that up to the time of her death had to do it."

"Quiet and reserved in manner, she for years seemed to live in the past. She disliked all new things save jewelry, always appearing in quaint, old-fashioned dresses."

"She had then made in the styles of her younger years and wore them with the regal air of a queen. And well she might, for she could easily trace her ancestry back to the old Welsh kings."

"Her passion for jewelry, which has caused so much talk, was known of course to all of her friends, but its extent was by no means suspected even by her, and I slept right in the same room with her for 14 years."

"You see, she was a great shopper and lived to go in town to make purchases. These she would have quietly sent out to her home and, as we afterward learned, put them carefully away without so much as alluding to them."

"In fact, I doubt if she ever saw some of them again. We all know that she had an unusual lot of jewelry of rare design and that she kept it in a closet of her room."

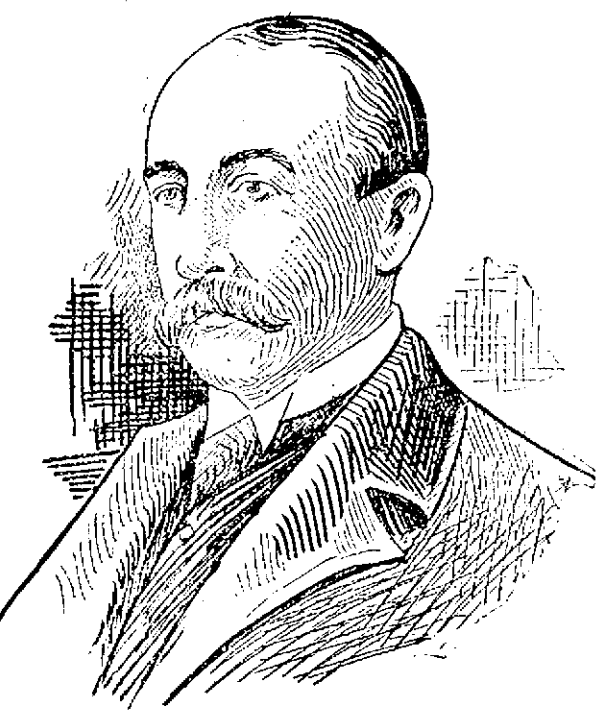
"We were totally unprepared, how-

ever, for the sight that met our gaze when this closet was opened. There, carefully put away in drawers and chests piled from the floor to the ceiling, was the most remarkable collection of jewelry that I think a woman ever possessed."

"In the lot were rings, brooches, necklaces and many kinds of jeweled ornaments."

"Most of the jewelry was as rare of design as in quality."

"This property all went to the Misses Martha and Mary Satterlee of New York city, two daughters of Mrs. Brown's only sister. The mother of these girls died just nine days before Mrs. Brown, and I always thought that her death caused Mrs. Brown's."



JOHN HAYS HAMMOND, CANDIDATE FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

VICE PRESIDENT

John Hays Hammond Wants Place

TWO CANDIDATES FROM BAY STATE

Crane and Lodge to Hold Conference

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Gov. Guild will have a rival for the vice presidential nomination from Massachusetts, John Hays Hammond, the noted mining engineer and expert, who is said to draw the largest salary paid to any man in the world, is being named for the vice presidency on the Taft ticket, and yesterday Mr. Hammond called on Sen. Taft and intimated to him that he would be glad to serve in that capacity.

Although Mr. Hammond is a citizen of the world rather than of any one locality, his legal residence is Gloucester, and as a Massachusetts man he would come before the convention.

Just who first conceived the idea of making Mr. Hammond a candidate is not known, but some days ago it was rumored in Washington that serious efforts were being made to secure support for him.

These reports were at first not given much credence, for, while Mr. Hammond is recognized the world over as the greatest living mining authority, it was never known that he had taken the slightest interest in politics and it is doubtful if the men who knew Mr. Hammond in his profession had any knowledge whether he was a republican or a democrat.

CRANE AND LODGE

BOSTON, June 3.—Senator Crane will be in town today and it is expected will have a long talk with Senator Lodge prior to his leaving for Chicago Thursday, where he is to attend the sessions of the republican national committee. Mr. Crane is the Massachusetts member of the committee.

There is a feeling among some of the senator's friends that he will be the chairman of the national committee. As such he will be the manager of the Taft campaign for the presidency. It is also probable that Senator Crane will see or communicate with Gov. Guild while in the city relative to the plan of campaign for the latter's nomination for vice president at Chicago.

If political gossipers are to be believed, Massachusetts is going to capture everything in sight at the coming national convention. A few of the good things picked out by the state makers for Bay state republicans in the coming presidential campaign are: Senator Lodge for chairman of the convention, Gov. Guild for vice president, Senator Crane for chairman of the national committee, with Frank H. Hitchcock

who used to live in Somerville, as his right-hand man in the campaign.

Shrewd observers do not quite see how all these good things can come to Massachusetts in one campaign, but they do the friends of all of these mentioned for honors are certain that the party could not pick better men for the posts mentioned.

BERTHRONG'S OFFER

Artist Henry W. Berthrong of Arlington called at republican state headquarters yesterday and offered to make, free of charge, portraits of Gov. Guild 10 feet square for not only the Massachusetts headquarters at Chicago, but also for the headquarters of all the states that have signified their intention of supporting the Bay State governor for the vice presidential nomination.

LIEUT. PEARY

IS ANXIOUS TO REACH SOUTH POLE.

PORTLAND, Me., June 3.—Speaking of the expedition which it is said is being fitted out to locate the south pole, Commander Robert E. Peary, upon his departure for New York and he had left for some years that this country should take up the subject of the exploration of the south pole, but that he did not feel that he wanted to attack it until he had finished his work in the north.

"If I arrive at the north pole on this trip," said Commander Peary, "my next ambition will be to plant the Stars and Stripes at the farthest point south, I feel that it would be about as difficult to reach one as the other. Having started for the farthest north, I am going to keep on until I succeed or die, but I do wish that some one would come forward who would be able to battle with the elements of the south and make that also territory to be invaded by a Yankee."

MUST PAY DUTY

On a Necklace Worth \$340,000

NEW YORK, June 3.—Customs duties of 60 per cent must be paid on the \$340,000 pearl necklace imported from France by Mrs. William B. Leeds, under a decision rendered by Judge Lacombe in the United States circuit court yesterday. This decision sustained the ruling made by the collector of the port.

After the necklace was purchased in Paris the pearls were separated and brought to this country as individual items in the belief that they would be admitted upon the payment of 10 per cent duty which the law provides for individual pearls. The collector of the port ruled, however, that as the pearls had been used as a necklace and were intended to be used in that form again, the full duty of 60 per cent should be levied. This contention Judge Lacombe upheld in his decision yesterday.

Mrs. Leeds is the wife of the president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad.

It was upon Mrs. Leeds that the government relied to prove that the pearls were really a necklace. She said she had seen the necklace in Cartier's and in Citraeu's in Paris, early in 1904. Sometimes the pearls were loose and sometimes they were strung, and two clasped. Changes were made among the pearls as they were shown about from one to the other of the big jewelry stores. On a number of occasions Mrs. Leeds said she wore the pearls while in Paris.

After she closed the bargain with Citraeu she returned to this country. He followed with the pearls. Their invoice value was \$300,000. When Citraeu declared the pearls at the New York custom house he paid duty at the rate of 10 per cent, at valorem and the invoice valuation.

Later the custom authorities ordered a revaluation on the ground that the pearls constituted a necklace dutiable at 60 per cent. And the government's suit to recover an additional \$100,000 followed.

There are 27 pearls in the necklace. The combined weight is 555 grains. The central pearl weighs 3 grains, the first pair .33 and succeeding pairs are graduated, each being within two or three grains of those preceding.

MAINE BRANCH OF THE KING'S DAUGHTERS AND SONS IN SESSION.

RIDGEBURY, Me., June 3.—Miss Georgia Libby of New York, one of the founders of the King's Daughters and Sons, is taking a prominent part in the annual convention of the Maine branch of that organization now being held in the second congregational church. Fraternal greetings were exchanged at the forenoon session today. Miss Libby speaking for the central council of the order. Papers on a half dozen subjects of interest were read.

POLICE BOARD

Granted a Number of Minor Licenses

The regular meeting of the police board was held last night and the following minor licenses were granted: Hawker and peddler—Henry Laporte, 711 Lakeview avenue; William Spillman, 109 Hastings street; Henry H. Walk, 133 Howard street; Anne Lord, 113 Salem street; John Holland, 122 Jewett street; William W. Whitney, Willow avenue, Bracon, Mass.; James Doherty, Coburn street; Mrs. M. A. Ross, 105 Shaw street.

Common victualler—Martin T. Mack, corner of Charles and Gorham streets; Martin T. Mack, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets; Maria A. McLean, 173 Fletcher street; Mary A. Mason, 38 John street; Frank C. D'Avila, 232 Middlesex street; Kate Owens, 61 Worthen street; Mary A. Kelley, 116 Middlesex street; J. Albert Evans, 19 Ipswich street; Bertha N. Reynolds, 27 and 31 Palmer street; Della Evans, 102 South street; Adelaide Bonnet, 201 West Sixth street; Elmer Houghton, Gorham street.

Employment office—Sarah Anderson, 1029 Gorham street.

Excursion—Manchester & Concord Express company, 15 Central street; Henry J. Mahoney, North Billerica, Mass.

Job wagon—Peter Marchand, 32 Ward street.

Junk collector—Eben Town, 212 Middlesex street; Alexander Perkins, 136 Howard street.

Fish cart—James Doherty, Coburn street.

The second-hand clothing license of Michael Banks, 221 Middlesex street, was revoked.

ROBBERY CHARGE

American is in Jail in Belgium

LISLE, France, June 3.—Charles Von Milevich of South Fulton street, Philadelphia, has been in jail here for the past fortnight on an extradition warrant from Tournai, Belgium, charging him with robbing his father-in-law of \$400 while visiting him at Frasnes, Belgium, early in May. The authorities of Lisle have treated Von Milevich, who protests his innocence, with great harshness. They refused to permit him to see his wife and for a time they would not allow him to communicate with the American consular agent here, C. J. King. Later they ignored a communication from Mr. King transmitting a confession from Von Milevich's sister-in-law declaring that she took the money in question to enable her to accompany Von Milevich to America. Mr. King has asked Ambassador White and Consul General Massey at Paris to intervene in the matter.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Rural Telephone Service

Residences, 55c Per Month
Business, 70c Per Month

A Plan by which residents of rural districts may be connected with the Rural Exchanges of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Inquire of the Manager of the nearest central office of the New England Company's system, or write for pamphlet "Rural Telephone Service," to New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, Advertising Dept., Room 914, No. 101 Milk Street, Boston.

WESTFORD

The Westford board of education met Monday night and transacted considerable business. The subject of transportation and transfer of teachers was discussed with the following results: Nabassett school will be closed and the children that live on the main line of electric cars will be transported to the Graniteville school. Those that live on the "spur track" division, will be taken to the new Centre school at Westford Centre. The Nashoba school will be closed, the children being transported to Westford Centre. The St. Michaels corner and Parkerville schools will continue as they are. The Stony Brook school will be closed and children transported to Westford Centre. The transfer of teachers was as follows: Miss Ruth Fisher, from Academy to principal of Centre grammar; Miss Anna Mellen from Stony Brook to Centre grammar; Miss Ruth P. Tuttle from Graniteville to Centre grammar; Gerald M. Decatur from Nabassett to principal of Graniteville grammar; Miss Harriet Miller from Centre to Cameron school, Forge Village.

The committee will furnish transportation in the districts where schools are closed to the Centre grammar and the academy. The committee unanimously voted that after the necessary changes have been made to the Forge Village building this will be known hereafter as the Cameron School, Forge Village. Miss Letitia V. Ward will be the principal of the above named school.

The regular monthly playout of the Abbot Hose company No. 1, of Westford, was held Monday night, Lieut. Edward M. Abbott, Capt. Burns of the local fire department was present and gave the men instructions relative to the fighting of fires.

Eddy Refrigerators

A. E. O'HEIR & CO. Merrimack Square

New Goods
New
Methods

JOHN S. BACHMAN, Pres.
JOHN J. BURNS, Sec'y.
MATTHEW SCOTT, Treas.

Your Money
Back If Not
Satisfactory

Thursday Specials

AT THE STORE OF ADVANCED IDEAS

Another Evidence of the Recent Tremendous Crash in the Prices of

SHIRT WAISTS

A Fortunate Purchase of Shirt Waists

A large manufacturer closed out to us the balance of his stock of Lingerie and Lawn Waists, which we will put on sale Thursday morning on the main floor, near the door.

There are 12 different styles worth from \$1.25 to \$1.50. Sale price 69c

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY OF SUITS. Prices from 1-3 to 1-2 Off

These include Panamas, Serges and Novelty Suitings in large assortment; also the latest White and Black Stripes.

WHITE GOODS

Main Floor

Complete assortment of plain and fancy White Goods for graduation, such as Lawns, Plain Checks and Striped Dimity, Mercerized Chiffon, Batiste, Muslin of all kinds.

Special showing of Lure Lawns, one of the finest

Lawns on the market at .22c, 29c and 37 1/2c a Yard

Mercerized Checked Waistings, made from the finest combed yarn, sold as high as 75c a yard, only

39c a Yard

The Long Cloth for 12 1/2c a Yard. This Long Cloth is one yard wide, extra fine quality—nothing better for good underwear.

We have the most complete Linen Department in the city and goods are warranted to give satisfaction.

White and Fancy Striped Linen Suiting, from 25c to \$1.00 a Yard

Napkins to match—

20-in., \$2.50. 22-in., \$3.00. 24-in., \$3.50.

Brown Linen Suiting at 19c, 25c, 33c, 37 1/2c, 45c and 50c a Yard

White and Fancy Striped Linen Suiting, from 25c to \$1.00 a Yard

Women's Hose

Black and Tan, regular price 25c, Thursday, 19c

Corset Covers

Lace Trimmed Corset Covers, regular price 25c, Thursday 15c

On the Corner The Gilbride Co. On the Corner

Gold Medal Flour
It's a Baking Flour
It's a Baking Flour
It's a Bread Flour
It's a Cake Flour

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL
FLOUR

THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

Never before in the history of this store has the variety of wedding gifts been so varied or the price so reasonable. Everything is new and up to date and low prices prevail throughout the store.

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator, in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily net average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1907 was

15,453

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1908.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest net average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other dapers.

SCHOOL BOARD "TECHNIQUE"

THE SCHOOL BOARD IS GETTING READY TO INDULGE A LITTLE GRAFTING ON MUSIC BOOKS. ON PRETENCE THAT THE BOOKS NOW IN USE ARE DEFECTIVE IN THE MATTER OF "TECHNIQUE" THEY MUST BE CHANGED.

THE MUSICAL INSTRUCTOR MAY UNDERSTAND THE MEANING OF TECHNIQUE, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PROBABLY DO NOT, AND IT IS NOT AT ALL LIKELY THAT THE PUPILS WILL EVER BE SUFFICIENTLY FAR ADVANCED BY THE INSTRUCTION THEY RECEIVE IN THE SCHOOLS TO UNDERSTAND WHAT IT MEANS. WE DO NOT IMAGINE THAT THE CHANGE OF TEXT-BOOKS WILL MAKE THE SLIGHTEST DIFFERENCE IN THIS RESPECT.

MESSRS. SWAPP AND GOWARD ARE CREDITED WITH BEING THE GREAT STICKLERS FOR MUSICAL TECHNIQUE. IT JARS THEIR SENSITIVE MUSICAL NATURES TO THINK THAT THERE IS SUCH AN ABSENCE OF THAT ARTISTIC SOMETHING WHICH MUSICIANS CALL TECHNIQUE BUT WHICH MIGHT AS WELL BE CALLED BY SOME OTHER NAME. DR. LAMOREUX IS LIABLE TO BE DUBBED AS LACKING IN THE FINER ATTRIBUTES OF HUMAN NATURE, SINCE THE LACK OF TECHNIQUE HAS NOT JARRED HIS MUSICAL SUSCEPTIBILITIES IN THE LEAST, AND YET HIS MUSICAL EDUCATION IS PROBABLY SUPERIOR TO THAT OF ANY OTHER MEMBER OF THE BOARD.

OF COURSE IT MATTERS NOT WHERE THE FUNDS MAY COME FROM TO PAY THE BILLS. THE CREDIT OF THE CITY IS GOOD FOR THAT AND MONEY BELONGING TO THE CITY IS NO OBJECT IN A MATTER OF SECURING MUSICAL TECHNIQUE.

THE POLICY OF MAKING AN EXPENSIVE CHANGE IN TEXT BOOKS THIS YEAR IS IN LINE WITH THE EXPRESSED INTENTION OF MR. SWAPP WHEN HE, SPEAKING AS THE SCHOOL BOARD, SAID HE WOULD TAKE NO NOTICE OF ANY RESTRAINT IMPOSED BY THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. THAT WOULD BE OPPOSED TO THE PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL TECHNIQUE AS RECENTLY EXEMPLIFIED IN THE SCHOOL BOARD. VERILY THE SCHOOL BOARD IS BADLY OFF FOR AN EXCUSE TO CHANGE TEXT BOOKS WHEN IT CAN FIND NONE MORE SUBSTANTIAL THAN MUSICAL TECHNIQUE.

DROWNING ACCIDENTS

THE SEASON OF THE YEAR IN WHICH BOYS SEEK LAKE AND RIVER HAS ARRIVED AND ALREADY THE FIRST DROWNING HAS BEEN RECORDED IN THE SAD ACCIDENT TO LITTLE TOM FAY.

BOYS HAVE A STRANGE FASCINATION FOR THE WATER AND WHEN THEY GO BATHING THEY ARE USUALLY TOO VENTURE-SOME. AS A RESULT WE HAVE MANY DROWNING ACCIDENTS DURING THE COURSE OF A SEASON. IT IS ALL BECAUSE THE BOYS DISOBEY THE ORDERS OF THEIR PARENTS, FOR ONE OF THE MOST IMPERATIVE INJUNCTIONS GIVEN WITH DAILY REGULARITY TO CHILDREN RESIDING NEAR SUCH PLACES IS, TO KEEP AWAY FROM THE WATER. UNFORTUNATELY WE HAVE NO PUBLIC BATHS AT WHICH THE CHILDREN COULD BE TAUGHT TO SWIM, BUT IT IS VERY IMPORTANT THAT THEY SHOULD BE SO TAUGHT SOMEWHERE OR SOMEHOW. THE ABILITY TO SWIM IS THE BEST PROTECTION AGAINST DROWNING ACCIDENTS.

IT MAY NOT BE A MATTER OF MUCH CONSEQUENCE IN THE OPINION OF SOME, BUT IF WE HAD A SWIMMING POND FOR BOYS, CONDUCTED EVEN IN THE SUMMER ONLY, IT WOULD SAVE AT LEAST HALF A DOZEN LIVES A YEAR. TO THE PARENTS OF THE CITY, WE SURMISE, THIS PROPOSITION WOULD APPEAL MOST STRONGLY, TO THE HUMANE WHO HAVE NO CHILDREN IT SHOULD APPEAL WITH EQUAL FORCE.

WE REGRET THAT THERE IS NO PHILANTHROPIST TO TAKE THIS MATTER UP AND PROVIDE AN ARTIFICIAL SWIMMING POND IN WHICH THE BOYS OF THE CITY COULD LEARN TO SWIM SO THAT THEY WILL NOT BE DROWNED IF THEY CHANCE AT ANY TIME TO GET BEYOND THEIR DEPTH. A SMALL SUM OF MONEY WOULD SUFFICE TO MAKE A CREDITABLE BEGINNING, BUT EVEN THIS SEEMS TO BE MORE THAN THE CITY CAN AFFORD AT THE PRESENT TIME.

THE AUTO RACE

WHETHER WE HAVE THE GREAT AUTO RACE OR NOT, LET US HOPE THAT IT WILL NOT BE MADE THE PRETEXT FOR ANY EXCHANGE OF UNCOMPLIMENTARY REMARKS BETWEEN MEN OF PROMINENCE IN THE COMMUNITY AND MEN WHO HAVE A COMMON INTEREST IN THE PROGRESS OF OUR CITY. PERHAPS IT WILL DISARM PREJUDICE AGAINST THE RACE TO SAY THAT THE ULTIMATE OBJECT OF HAVING THE RACE HERE IS THE SUBSEQUENT LOCATION OF AN AUTOMOBILE FACTORY IN LOWELL TO GIVE EMPLOYMENT TO A LARGE NUMBER OF HANDS.

SEEN AND HEARD

The naturalization court judges sitting at Norristown, Pa., the other day decided that Edward Wilhelm Lawrence, a native of Ireland but a resident in this country for 36 years, was qualified for citizenship because he knew the positions of all the clubs of the two major baseball leagues. It was a novel test worthy of a comedy, but those judges will certainly make a hit with the fans of the country. For busy, ye athletes who wish to be naturalized, brush up on the national game, but make your application at Norristown.

The tired ones who enjoy a breath of fresh air in the evening after a hard day in the mill or elsewhere are enjoying the solace furnished by the park commission at the entrance to city hall.

Martin Courtney of the board of charities was the greatest baseball enthusiast at the city hall until Hector Lavallee of the city treasurer's office was discovered by "Bob" Parades.

Only a pair of tiny shoes, And a battered rubber toy; Not much, you say, to hide away, And molting with tears at the close of day?

Yet once they belonged to my little boy, This worn out plaything—a treasure sweet.

Answered the call of his baby heart, And in these shoes the toddling feet, (Now stronger grown and sure, and fleet,) Into life's wonderland made a start.

Surely the years have hurried by, And in passing left me here, Reverted I hold these keepsakes old, They whisper to me, when the way grows cold,

Of sunshine warm in the days now flown; And when the shadows at nightfall creep Over the roofs of the quiet town,

Out of the gray dusk memories leap, Arousing thought from its daytime sleep, Then with a rush the tears come down.

James A. Doyle, of Lawrence, formerly of Lowell.

THE CRIMEAN WAR.

Editor Sun: Dear Sir—Will you please print your paper what year the Crimean war opened, to settle a dispute, and oblige. Sun Reader.

The Crimean war started in 1854. The fortress of Sevastopol fell in 1855 virtually ending the war, but peace was not concluded until 1856.

A fellow who cuts and handles meat and who works at the meat business in a place not more than 100 yards from Merrimack square is bemoaning the fate of a pair of 38 trousers and his best girl is shedding salt tears because of the ruin they have come to her new dress, and here's why. The fellow, a man of the cleaver and honest weight, met his best girl at Tyler park. Somebody had painted the settee. They sat down side by side or as close as her merry widow would permit. They spent several blissful moments on the freshly painted settee and when they prepared to go they found they were part of the park furniture. He of the meat cleaver managed to pull away and then he rescued his better half. To be. You can guess for yourself what happened to her dress and his trousers.

Somebody stole "Dutchy" McDonald's last year's straw hat while Dutchy was helling pork in Charles street. Dutchy says the hat wasn't worth much but there are certain long recollections connected with it that were dearer to him than gold. Dutchy says he left the hat on the wagon seat while he entered the store. He says there is grease enough in the hat to oil seventeen circus wagons.

The usual group was gathered around the New York store, talking of Dick Mullins' lost donkey. Everyone had been looking for it without success since it had strayed out of the pasture lot a day or two before. Jim Thompson, a lanky individual, regarded as more of an expert in the matter of the townsmen, finally spoke up.

"I think I could find your donkey." "How can you find him, Jim," asked the owner. "When the best man in town isn't able to get a trace of him?"

"Wa-al," rejoined Jim, "I kin try."

Have You Tried It? St. Thomas' Salve for piles, old sores, or skin diseases. If not, do so at once; never known to fail. For sale at all drug stores or at St. Thomas' Remedy Co., 38 Salem street, Lowell, Mass. Price 35c.

JOHN W. McEVOY

COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

137 Central St. Telephone 915.

Michael H. McDonough

Formerly with James McDermott

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

And all work connected with the business. All orders promptly attended to at any hour of day or night. Connected by telephone.

108 GORHAM STREET

JAMES H. McDERMOTT

UNDERTAKER

Open Day and Night

Expert Embalmers. Prompt Service.

70 GORHAM STREET

Telephone 1747 or 1690.

JOHN J. O'CONNELL

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

1010 Central St. Davis Sq.

Telephone Connection

JAMES E. O'DONNELL

Attorney-at-Law

Hilborn Bldg. Lowell, Mass.

Wall Paper

—AT—

97 Appleton St.

ARE YOU HUNGRY

Our 25c dinner will appease your appetite. We will also give you a glass of beer. Everybody is talking about our special breakfasts and suppers. Lowell Inn, 21 Central street, Thomas Hoban, proprietor.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

FROM LITTLE ACORNS.

Saturday Evening Post: A potential American industry remains unprotected. An article in whose production we might lead the world is being imported in amounts and at a price which makes domestic competition impracticable. The entire country as a consequence is threatened with a return to those rude conditions which prevailed previous to the wholesale attack upon our woodlands north, south, east and west.

The state of New York, it is reported, has just purchased from Germany, at prices ranging from seventy-five cents to two dollars and sixty-five cents a thousand, nearly one million seedling trees for the reforestation of its Adirondack reserve. Some day these seedlings will be trees; and the example of New York may be contagious. Now is the time to put up the bars. American trees for our children's children, or else none at all.

It is possible that some who hear this news may wonder how it happens that the Germans, whose history is contemporaneous with the Christian era, have trees to spare, while we who began to hew our forests only within the last four hundred years already cannot, as it would appear, supply even the home market. They may also recall that Germany supports about seventy million souls on a little over two hundred and eight thousand square miles of land, while the United States spreads its ninety-odd millions over an area nearly twenty times as large—a territory whose forests at this time were the wonder of the world.

"EFFECTIVE, THOUGH TERMINABLE." Goldwin Smith in Spectator: I have before me the program of an extreme socialist demands to be made at the May day meeting, in which figures, it is to be feared not unsuitably, a demand for old age pensions. Bear in mind that while you have in form, perhaps, one of the most conservative of political constitutions, you have, or are on the road soon to having, one of the most democratic and hugging of all. Your monarchy is a venerable form, and when your house of lords is reduced, as your late premier proposed, to a legislative nullity the house of commons will be absolute; while it will probably become even more democratic than it is now. The Americans have an effective though terminable monarchy in their presidency, an effective upper house in their senate. Yet you see in the case of their military pension list how even there a measure of his kind works.

WHAT LIGHT DOES. Illuminating Engineer: People still talk about the illuminations at the World's Fair. The recent illuminations of the World building in New York on the occasion of their twenty-fifth anniversary attracted forty thousand people from residence districts many miles away. The outlining of the new Singer building tower attracts more attention than the Statue of Liberty, and the Great White Way has magnetized the world.

PEOPLE OF NOTE. Both British houses of parliament have voted unanimously the erection of a memorial to the late Premier, Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman, in Westminster Abbey. As the Abbey is becoming overcrowded, Lord Lansdowne has suggested the erection of a statue in the park in honor of the late Premier. The Times expresses the opinion that "the Abbey ought to be reserved for those whose national services are independent of party and of merely political appreciation."

Baron Henri de Rothschild, who is a liberal amateur of the arts as well as a physician who has done a good deal of research, is building a house at Suresnes, near Paris, to be known as the "Maison des Auteurs Dramatiques Français." When it is completed and furnished he will hand it over, together with an endowment, to the Societe des Auteurs Dramatiques. "To provide for those dramatists whom destiny or chance has not favored." There are to be twenty apartments, and a small theatre where the residents may produce works of their own.

Lemoine, who is being tried for fraud in connection with his alleged power of manufacturing diamonds, has received permission to conduct his experiments in proof of his assertion in secret. The magistrate in charge of the case insisted at first that experts must be present, but Lemoine pleaded that this would make public and so rob him of his process. To insure his not offering as the result of his process a diamond smuggled in from outside, he has undertaken to produce one live centimeters high and three in diameter, of the exact shape of the mould used in his electric furnace. The mould is placed between two electrodes and close to the pavilion at St. Denis.

Steamship Tickets. Europe, Lowest rates, good berths, first, second and third class. All lines from Boston. Havana, June 1st; Cymric, June 2nd.

O'Donnell's Agency. Market and Worthen streets.

FREE TO THE SICK. It matters not the name of the disease you are suffering with, how many physicians or ordinary specialists you have taken treatment with, do not be discouraged, but go today and see Dr. Temple, Consulting Eye, Ear, Throat, Nose and Throat, both at office and by correspondence. Terms are always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated our methods and terms. Office, 97 Central street, Mansur block, every day, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 8. Free X-Ray Examinations.

Letter to Married Men. When a man marries, his troubles begin. "The trouble" is that he will have to "brace up" every time he goes "out"—that is, he will have to be in a suit to fit the occasion, that has been turned out in such a manner that it can't be "turned down" by the most fastidious. That is the kind we make.

LOUIS ALEXANDER. Formerly of Fifth Ave. New York. IMPORTER. TAILOR. TAILOR TO YOUNG MEN. PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

Putnam & Son Co., 166 Central St.

SPECIAL PRICES ON Boys' Summer Suits

Lots to be closed out at great savings for the fortunate buyers

Suits for Boys, 8 years to 16, worth \$3.50 and \$4, all now \$2.50

A collection of smart suits, medium and dark colors—double breasted jackets, plain or knicker trousers. Lots just bought and others reduced, worth \$3.50 and \$4.00

Boys' Russian Suits, Sizes 3 years to 6, were \$5, all now \$2.50

We include in this sale all of our newest and prettiest suits that sold for \$4.00 and \$5.00. There are but few of a number and we reduce the price today to \$2.50

Suits for Boys, 8 years to 16, worth \$5.00, now \$3.50

New handsome patterns of fancy cassimeres and chevots, in belted jackets, with knicker trousers. Strictly all wool blue serge suits, belted jackets and knickers. A collection of new styles just bought, regularly sell for \$5.00, all \$3.50

Boys' Russian and Sailor Suits, Sizes 3 years to 10, were \$6.00, now \$3.50

These attractive suits from our best manufacturers, all strictly all wool, splendidly made and extremely stylish; in handsome worsteds and gray chevots—sell regularly for \$5, now \$3.50

BOYS' NEGLIGE SHIRTS 25c Exactly Half Price

A new lot bought from a maker who wished to close out his stock. Made from excellent chevot, cut broad and long, made with double stitched felled seams. Every seam gusseted; sizes 12-1-2 to 14 neck band. Actual value 50c, today 25c

Boys' Genuine Khaki Trousers 45 Cents

300 pairs Boys' Knickerbocker Trousers made from genuine Khaki—double stitched seams, cut full generous sizes. Belt straps and all the fixings. Sizes 6 years to 16. The best Trousers ever offered for 45c

BIG CUNARDERS TO GET SUBSIDY OF \$750,000 A YEAR.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The turbine steamers Lusitania and Mauretania have been named by the Cunard steamship company an annual subsidy of \$750,000, according to a cable message from Liverpool received yesterday by the New York representatives of the Cunard line.

The message stated that the British government announced in parliament yesterday that the two great steamers had fulfilled the conditions of the subsidy agreement. They were to make 24 1/2 knots an hour for a transatlantic round trip. The Mauretania has averaged 24.86 knots westbound and 24.12 eastbound. The Lusitania has averaged 24.83 westbound and 23.63 east bound.

The Lusitania has not technically come up to the requirements, but the British government apparently is satisfied that she can do so.

COMMITTS SUICIDE. BIDDEFORD MAN HAD RECENTLY ADVERTISED FOR WIFE.

BIDDEFORD, Me., June 3.—James H. Robbins, well known throughout western Maine, committed suicide late yesterday by cutting his throat with a jackknife, after an unsuccessful attempt to drown himself in a reservoir. He had been despondent over money matters.

Mr. Robbins was the owner of a large truck garden and was a candidate for police commissioner of Biddeford, and for the nomination for sheriff this year. He was a member of the Good Templars, Grand Army, Biddeford board of trade and Maine civic league. He was 62 years of age. When he was 16 years old he enlisted as a drummer boy in Co. K, 13th Maine regiment, and served in the Civil war.

When Mr. Robbins announced his candidacy for the police commissioner's berth in the paper weeks ago he incidentally stated that he was looking for a wife if the right woman came along. In response to this announcement he received hundreds of answers from all parts of New England. He finally selected a woman from Westbrook. She had been at Mr. Robbins' home a part of the time for some weeks, but several days ago left for her home in Westbrook. It is said that she did not intend to return.

OLIVER PHINNEY JUMPED INTO RIVER AND SAVED A CHILD.

MANSFIELD, June 3.—Engineer Oliver Phinney of the N. Y. N. H. & H. railroad has proved himself a hero and his friends consider that he is entitled to a Carnegie medal.

Monday Mr. Phinney was running a freight train between Providence and Taunton. As the train was passing through Whittemore he saw a child, about five years of age, standing on the bridge in the middle of the tracks.

Mr. Phinney shut off steam, applied the air brakes, and then ran along the running board onto the cowcatcher.

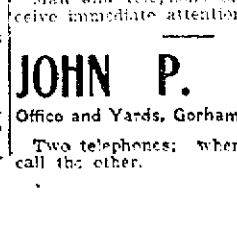
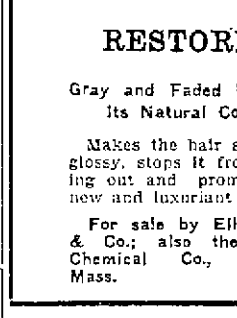
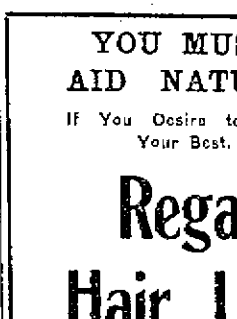
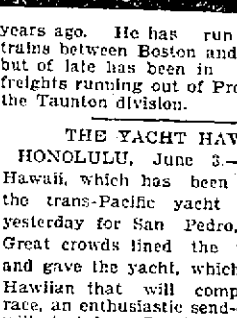
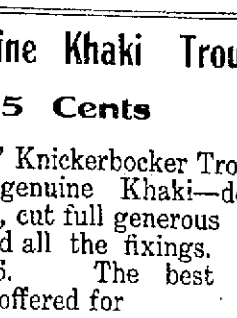
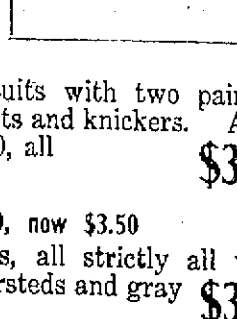
As the engineer reached the front of the locomotive the child fell through the bridge into the river below.

Without hesitation Mr. Phinney jumped into the river and rescued the child.

When the little one was in safe hands and conceded out of danger the engineer boarded the locomotive and proceeded with his run to Taunton.

Mr. Phinney is a modest man and not until yesterday did his railroad friends learn of his daring rescue.

Mr. Phinney came to Mansfield a few



THE ALDERMEN

Refused to Elect A. W. David to Board of Health

\$20,000 Sewer Loan Order Passed by the Aldermen — Council Refuses to Approve \$13,000 Loan Order to Pave Westford Street

The board of aldermen in regular and the common council in special session, last evening, passed the \$20,000 loan order for ordinary sewer construction. Mayor Farnham's appointment of A. W. David to the board of health was not confirmed by the board of aldermen. The council refused to approve the loan order for \$13,000 to pave Westford street. All members of the board of aldermen

were present when the chairman called to order at 8.20.

There were no remonstrants to the petition of the Lowell Electric Light Corporation for a pole location in Rolfe street neither were there any remonstrants to the Lawrence Manufacturing Company's petition to maintain a steam engine in Coolidge street.

The \$20,000 loan for ordinary sewer construction was unanimously adopted.

Arthur B. Chapin, state treasurer, gave

Lowell, Wednesday, June 3, 1908

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store for Thrifty People

New Nainsook Embroideries

ARE SELLING AT ABOUT ONE-HALF REGULAR PRICES

Some 2000 yards were offered yesterday morning—all new patterns of exquisite embroidery in widths from 4 inches to 15 inches. Insertions that match.

- 50c Qualities for 25c a Yard
- 38c Qualities for 19c a Yard
- 30c Qualities for 17c a Yard
- 25c Qualities for 15c a Yard
- 15c Qualities for 10c a Yard

This lot was an "after purchase" and includes some of the finest designs brought out this year. Perfect goods and whole pieces.

East Section Centre Aisle

Special Values in Millinery

FOR TOMORROW (THURSDAY) ONLY

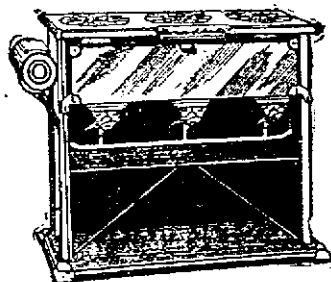
For Thursday we offer our entire assortment of trimmed Hats, selling today at \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.50 at only \$3.98 each

Also 500 Untrimmed Hats worth from 98c to \$1.50 at only 49c each

Palmer Street Centre Aisle

SPECIAL DEMONSTRATION OF THE FLORENCE OIL STOVE

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JUNE 5th AND 6th



The Name FLORENCE On An Oil Stove Means BEST

We invite every housekeeper and cook to attend the demonstration in our House Furnishing Section. This Oil Stove will do the work of a gas or coal range at but a fraction of the cost of either. No smoke—no dirt—no ashes.

One of the expert salesmen of the manufacturers and an experienced chef from the Epicurean club of Boston will be in attendance to explain the merits of this wonderful stove and to demonstrate its cooking qualities.

ON FRIDAY AND SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK Merrimack Street Basement

NEXT WEEK---MONDAY

We shall place on sale the Crockery and Kitchenware Stock of O'Brien Bros., Central Street, lately purchased by us, at a small fraction of its actual worth. We shall need 25 extra sales-ladies. Please apply to Mr. Smith, tomorrow, Thursday, Merrimack Street, Basement.

notice of a suit against the city in an action of contract.

David J. Donaldson asked for a license as a private detective. He was referred to the committee on licenses.

Ernest Mercer and Pauline Kidder were appointed weighers of coal and confirmed by the board.

City Solicitor Hill's opinion to the effect that the mayor has the power to withdraw an appointment to the board of health, was read.

The appointment of Albert W. David in the place of Dr. C. W. Taylor to the board of health appeared for confirmation and was denied. Alderman Bailey voted with the democrats and the vote was five to four against.

The resolution to lay out Fisher street was adopted.

A petition to set up an engine in the rear of 139 Cushing street was favored by Arthur Essex. A hearing was ordered.

The joint committee on military affairs recommended an appropriation of \$100 for repairs at this range, and a joint order for such appropriation accompanied the recommendation. The order was adopted on the part of the board.

The board voted to grant telephone pole locations in Ford and Pawtucket streets.

Leave to withdraw was granted petitioners for pole locations in Beech and Princeton streets.

A resolution permitting the relocation of three poles in East Merrimack street was adopted.

The petition of Pratt and Forest for the relocation of a pole in Rock street received favorable action.

William J. Burback asked for the relocation of a pole in Sheldon street. Favorable action was taken.

Mrs. Emma Cheney's petition for the removal of a pole in Stevens street was granted.

A joint order appropriating \$700 for band concerts was adopted in concurrence.

Petitions for sewers in Roper, Morton and Epping streets were referred to the committee on sewers.

A petition for a street light in Belmont street was referred to the committee on licenses. Adjourned.

THE COMMON COUNCIL

The special meeting of the lower board was called for the purpose of taking action on the \$20,000 loan for sewers. There were 19 members of the board present when the president called to order at 8.35 o'clock.

A notice of suit by the state treasurer against the city of Lowell was referred to the city solicitor.

Mr. Farnham's order to appropriate \$200 for band concerts was passed with a Westford street with Hassam pavement was taken from the table and met with another defeat. It required a two-thirds vote and the vote last night was 14 to 12.

Councilman McKelider having voted with the minority gave notice of a reconsideration at the next meeting.

The \$20,000 loan for ordinary sewer construction was adopted, unanimously.

The recommendation of the committee on military affairs that \$1000 be appropriated for repairs at the Dracut rifle range was read and the council voted to appropriate the amount named.

Adjourned.

\$1,000,000 SUIT

ENTERED AGAINST THE UNITED OIL COMPANY.

FLORENCE, Colo., June 3.—Suit asking damages in the sum of \$1,000,000 and praying for a receiver for the United Oil company, one of the largest oil drilling and refining concerns in the west, was filed in the United States court yesterday by J. Wallace, vice-president and director of the company, on behalf of himself and other stockholders.

SHAW ARRESTED

HE IS CHARGED WITH BREACH OF PROMISE.

MONTREAL, June 3.—Charles D. Shaw, son of the president of the Zanesville, Ohio, Tilt company, was arrested here Monday night on a charge of breach of promise of marriage, preferred by Miss Charlotte Webster of Montreal, whose relatives are all in New York, from where she was to have sailed for Europe. Twenty thousand dollar damage is claimed. Shaw is in jail without bail.

YERKES BONDS

TRACTION COMPANY DEFAULTED ON PAYMENT.

CHICAGO, June 3.—The Chicago consolidated Traction company defaulted yesterday on payment of the semi-annual interest on the bonds of the Chicago Traction company, when it took over the affairs of the Union Traction company did not guarantee payment of interest on the bonds of the Consolidated company. There are \$5,500,000 of bonds of which the widow of the late C. T. Yerkes is said to hold \$4,500,000.

DAVE BRAIN

REINSTATED BY THE NATIONAL COMMISSION.

CINCINNATI, O., June 3.—The National baseball commission yesterday gave out its opinion on the application of Players David L. Brain and J. J. Callahan for reinstatement. Player Brain was reinstated, but was fined \$50 and the Boston National League club was fined \$15 for having disposed of Brain's services to the Cincinnati club at a time when the player was not actually in the services of the Boston club.

Callahan's application was refused.

NORTHFIELD CONFERENCE.

The Christian Workers' Conference at Northfield convenes this year on the 15th of July and continues through the 15th of August. Many of the speakers whose names are familiar to attendants at Northfield are again to be present, including among others, Rev. J. Stuart Holden, Rev. James H. Freeman, Rev. A. T. Pierson, Rev. C. A. R. Janvier, Rev. W. B. McLeod, Rev. R. A. Torrey, Rev. M. D. Stearns, Rev. Hugh Black, Rev. L. G. Broughman, Rev. Curtis Lee Laws, Rev. John Douglas Adam and Rev. John A. Hutton. A new speaker at Northfield this year whose message will be greatly appreciated is Dr. W. L. Watkinson of London.

The singing will be under the joint leadership of Mr. George C. Stebbins and Mr. Charles M. Alexander.

SIR ROBERT REID ILL.

MONTREAL, JUNE 3.—Sir Robert Reid, promoter and chief proprietor of the Reid-Foundland railway, is lying dangerously ill at his residence in this city. The attending doctors, while admitting the gravity of the case, are hopeful of a favorable result.

ACQUIT PHILIP

Clubman Was Charged With Murder

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Gaston P. Philip, civil engineer and clubman of New York and Washington, was acquitted of the murder of Frank MacAbey, a cab driver, by a jury in criminal court No. 2 here last night. Philip received the announcement of the verdict calmly.

The government abandoned its plea for a verdict of first degree murder and asked that the jury return a verdict against the defendant of murder in the second degree or manslaughter.

Justice Barnard in his charge instructed the jury that if the defendant was intoxicated at the time he shot MacAbey, it should not be considered a defense.

Philip was tried on the charge of having shot and killed MacAbey in the Arlington hotel in this city on the morning of May 18, 1907.

The tragedy was the culmination of a night of revelry preceding the shooting. MacAbey, it is said, claimed that Philip owed him a \$100 gambling debt and importuned Philip to throw dice with him in order to "win the money back" as he put it. Finally the two men went to the Arlington hotel.

There MacAbey attacked Philip. It is said, and the latter fearing serious bodily harm, fired the shot that killed MacAbey.

BIG IMPROVEMENT

NOTED IN COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The cloud of uncertainty which has been hanging over the business element of the United States is, in the opinion of the British commercial agent in this country, passing away. In a recent report to parliament on this subject, Mr. Seymour Bell, the British commercial agent in the United States, says:

"The year 1907 was one of sharp contrasts in the United States. It was a year of great activity and deep depression. During the earlier months all industries were exceedingly busy and mills were working at their utmost capacity. Many unfilled orders had been carried over from the previous year and buyers were experiencing great difficulty in getting delivery of their goods. The railway lines were congested, wages were at their highest, and the price of commodities raised the price of living to an extreme point. It was recognized by all those in a position to form an independent opinion that this tremendous industrial activity could not last; that it was merely a question of time before a reaction would set in. It became quite evident that the country was living beyond its means. Money was becoming scarce and the railways and other corporations were encountering great difficulties in obtaining the capital necessary to carry on the improvements and extensions which were in process of being carried out. Speculation in mining and real estate had been rife and personal extravagance was at its height. This all tended to place additional burdens on the money supplies which were hard enough to carry on the industries of the country. The railways were among the earliest and greatest sufferers from the financial stringency. They found it almost impossible to dispose of securities at a reasonable price and were forced to issue short time notes at a comparatively high rate of interest to enable them to continue their developments. As wages were high, owing to the scarcity of labor, and high prices were being paid for materials, the net earnings of the railways were considerably reduced, although the gross earnings showed an increase. This brought about lower quotations for railway shares and the industrial followed the downward path."

"The situation was peculiar. On the one hand there were the manufacturers with large orders than they could fill and busy enlarging their plants, merchants selling large quantities of goods at satisfactory prices, labor in such demand that even with the addition of the 1,500,000 immigrants it was necessary to employ inefficient workers at good wages. On the other hand, there was dear money, owing to scarcity of labor, and high prices were being paid for materials, the net earnings of the railways were considerably reduced, although the gross earnings showed an increase. This brought about lower quotations for railway shares and the industrial followed the downward path."

"When, owing to a failure in New York, light was thrown on the management of some of the large financial concerns in the city, public confidence, which had previously been undermined by certain investigations, gave way completely, resulting in an acute money panic. Careful students of the situation had foreseen a collapse before the end of the year, but did not anticipate that it would come with such suddenness."

"The panic was entirely financial. It has, it is true, brought about a widespread suspension of trade and industry throughout the country, but there has been no throwing on the market of merchandise at ruinous prices, the usual accompaniment of industrial panics. The manufacturers, on the contrary, faced the inevitable and without delay proceeded to curtail the supply and thus reduce such chances as there might have been of glutting the market with unsalable articles. Fortunately for the country, warning of the trouble was given early and it was possible to take steps in time to prepare for it."

"As to the length of time the present depression will last, it is difficult to form an opinion. It must not be forgotten that the farmers, who form the backbone of American prosperity, have not been affected by the financial storm. Though the crops in 1907 fell short in quantity, no comparison with last year's prices were obtained and the farmers received considerably more money for their crops than in the previous year. A country that produces crops valued at nearly \$1,500,000,000 is unlikely to suffer long from industrial depression. It represents the largest area of land to be had for any money. Farmers have had five years of almost unintermittent prosperity, their buying power is high, and the towns dependent upon them will remain prosperous."

"The farmers who a few years ago owed money now own money and have an assured outlet for their products, as there is no over-supply."

"The cloud of uncertainty, which has been hanging over the country for so long and gradually growing more threatening, is now passing away, and it may be said that the worst of the storm has now passed. There will be all probability be mercantile depression for some months to come, but readjustment and recuperation are well under way, and unless some new and serious cause of financial interference or disturbance of capital interfere to keep up the depression, a level, it is expected that before many months have passed, business will be on a safer and more normal basis."

"While this action was under consideration, Dr. W. R. Cannon, chairman of the section of pathology, advocated the campaign of education against opponents of the practice of vivisection, and in another meeting the vivisection of surgery results of animal experimentation were being described."

The resolution passed by the house of delegates was introduced originally by Dr. P. M. Jones of San Francisco, and was amended by Dr. Frank Williams of Chicago, and ending to a evident unanimity of sentiment, was passed with but little opposition.

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THE DOCTORS

GO ON RECORD AS OPPOSED TO ABOLISHING VIVISECTION.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Vivisection came in for much attention by the delegates of the American Medical Association, which opened here yesterday and was the subject of significant action by the governing board of that organization. By a majority vote the house of delegates approved a recommendation to the board of trustees to create a commission, the sole duty of which shall be to watch and oppose the enactment of laws intended to abolish vivisection.

While this action was under consideration, Dr. W. R. Cannon, chairman of the section of pathology, advocated the campaign of education against opponents of the practice of vivisection, and in another meeting the vivisection of surgery results of animal experimentation were being described."

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June Sale of Muslin Underwear Thursday

VALUES GREATER THAN EVER, "THAT'S ALL"

Three styles of cambric drawers, umbrella flounce, tucked or with lace edge, 600 won't last long 15c

Lace trimmed corset covers, yoke trimmed front and back with lace and ribbon; two styles lace trimmed drawers, remarkable values at 19c

New styles of regular 49c corset covers yoke trimmed with lace and ribbon, in this sale 29c

Our largest manufacturer telephoned from New York that he had 1000 regular 49c drawers, in sizes 23 and 25, open. We took the entire lot and will offer them Thursday for 29c

Chemise of good nainsook, 3 styles, lace yoke run with ribbon, lace trimmed skirt, regular 98c values, Thursday 50c

Gowns of good nainsook, low neck and short sleeves, deep lace yoke run with ribbon, some of them are regular 98c gowns, Thursday 50c

98c combination corset cover and short skirt 50c

Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 gowns, drawers, chemise and petticoats, just for Thursday 69c

Two new styles of cambric petticoats, edge of dainty embroidery, some with two insertions in the flounce. Similar styles are sold everywhere at \$1.98, in this sale 97c

Gowns, petticoats and chemise, values up to \$1.97 \$3.98, just for Thursday

More goods are on the way and as soon as they arrive will be placed on sale.

The White Store

114—MERRIMACK STREET—116

GOV. HUGHES

SAYS HE WILL WIN IN RACE TRACK GAMBLING ISSUE.

NYACK, N. Y., June 3.—Gov. Charles F. Hughes yesterday took occasion to express himself forcibly on the subject of the race track gambling in a public address and predicted the ultimate triumph of the campaign he has inaugurated against it. The occasion was a gathering of Rockland county tax payers at Nanuet, near here.

Gov. Hughes expressed confidence in the trustworthiness of the vast majority of the people. "We insist," said he, "that the laws we have enacted must be observed; that if the laws are not right that they must be changed, and that we will not become connivators at law breaking ourselves or tolerate an evasion or a tricky performance of legislation on the part of ourselves."

"I selected one matter because it was one about which there could be no doubt according to his record."

With the morality and the integrity and the manhood of the state on one side, reinforced by the express language of the constitution; and on the other side, only those who would, with contemptuous disregard of the morals of our youth and the explicit mandate of the constitution and of our law, seek to make money by the most despicable and demoralizing of means."

Gov. Hughes' remarks on the subject of the race track issue led him easily into a discussion of the prospect of direct nomination, which he strongly advocated, not, he said, in disparagement of party organization, in which he thoroughly believed, but in order that the people may get the representation they desire. He said, "that each representative may feel that he must go back, not to a man in a corner room to explain, or three or four men to fix it up, but to the community which sends him, which will uphold or condemn according to his record."

REV. B. A. WILLMOTT

Elected President of the Congregational Club

Addresses on Church Federation by Rev. O. P. Gifford and Rev. E. Tallmadge Root—Officers and Committees Elected

The Lowell Congregational club held its annual meeting, last evening, in the Kirk Street church, and had present as speakers Rev. O. P. Gifford, D. D., of Brookline, president of the Massachusetts Federation of Churches and Rev. E. Tallmadge Root, of Providence, R. I., president of the Massachusetts and Rhode Island federations who discussed the subject of "Church Federation."

A social hour, dinner and business meeting preceded the speaking and before adjournment it was voted that the committee on home work look into the matter of federation in Lowell and report at the next meeting of the club in November.

The officers elected were as follows: President, Rev. B. A. Willmott; vice president, Rev. A. C. Ferris; secretary and treasurer, Henry A. Smith.

Committee on home work, Rev. A. F. Dannels, S. H. Thompson, Rev. F. G. Alger.

Membership committee, C. A. Richardson, Mrs. E. W. Clark, A. C. Cunnock, W. H. G. Wright, Mrs. A. F. Dannels, Rev. Sarah A. Dixon, Mrs. L. A. Olney, J. T. Rexford, Daniel P. Bean.

The annual report of the secretary and treasurer showed an increase in membership, from 166 to 173, and a small balance in the treasury.

For the musical part of the program, Thomas Parkinson sang baritone solos, Rev. Geo. B. Martin accompanying.

DR. GIFFORD'S REMARKS.

Rev. Dr. Gifford was introduced by President Harvey B. Greene and he said that he has recently been invited to make an address on the question, "Why Not a Merger of Baptists and Congregationalists?" This matter of discussion of church federation is a mark of the change of mind among religious people. But a merger is a very different proposition from a federation. The question would inevitably arise—they are both one, which?

"There has been a great change in the attitude of Christian people toward each other. Because the first president of Harvard University defended the Baptists, he was indicted by the grand jury and put under bonds to keep the peace. When he was turned out of the presidency, he was indicted by the grand jury, a Unitarian, and Episcopalians and a Baptist, together. Things change in spite of us, not because of us; and the man who does not change when things change, is a back number. Some men are shivering yet, over last year's religious war. Of course you can deny the privilege of thought, but there are some things you cannot resist. There is a movement in things, in government and in religion, that is as irresistible as the movement of a cannon across the ocean. One of the proofs of it, is this getting together, everywhere. The thought of federation is in the air."

"The basis of our federation will not be a creed. That man is not living that can write my creed, and I am not certain that I would write tomorrow, the creed that I would write today. The creed that I was willing to live by 25 years ago, I would put up in my tombstone today. The apostolic creed was written by men who could not do the acts, and the men who did the acts were too busy to write creeds."

"Neither can we unite on forms of organization. Moses came down from Sinai with a pattern. Jesus Christ came from the Mount of Transfiguration with a life. You cannot mould a jacket around a life. Forms do not amount to much. The letter kills; the spirit gives life."

"I am Presbyterian enough to believe in predestination; and I believe some folks are predestined from all eternity, to be Presbyterians, and others to be Congregationalists. For one of the latter, to become a Presbyterian, would be as impossible as it was for the woman to sleep, who read on the life preserver. Put on this way, and put on a Presbyterian, and you have a nightmare in the Congregationalist's easy chair. Others are predestined to the love of ritualism. I have a daughter, who says she cannot worship God where the minister exclaims God Almighty in extemporaneous prayer. The good Lord is not making panels, when he makes men and women; he likes differences. The federation will respect the right of a man to express himself intellectually as he pleases; but he must have religion enough to respect in others, the rights he claims for himself."

"The governors of the state recently met for federated action. It would not make any difference, 100 years from now, what state you belong to, if your resources are exhausted. So these men, with their different ideas, are drawn together by their common need. That is federation."

"We are losing our grip, not only on the tidal wave of immigration that comes surging across the sea, but on the boys and girls in our own home circles. We find it vastly easier to discuss war with men born beyond the sea, than upon our own flesh and blood. If we are going to save Christianity for the rising generation, we have got to federate for service."

REV. MR. ROOT.

Mr. Root, the second and last speaker, spoke in substance as follows: on the topic, "Overcoming Our Overlap-

ping and Our Overlooking."

"Prof. Cunnock aptly says that the two faults of our American Protestantism are its overlapping and its overlooking. This is what we should expect from its organization in independent denominations. Readjustment would be a very easy matter, if there were general willingness. The unwillingness is due to the prevailing belief that on the whole denominationalism has proved itself the most efficient form of organization, and the doubt whether, as a matter of fact, the overlapping and overlooking is serious in extent and effects. Only facts can determine. The Massachusetts Federation is a joint committee of 14 denominations, like four churches to 815 or even 631 inhabitants; and on the other, overlooking, as in a town of 1817 with only one church of 23 members, and another of 1200 with no organized church! Some maintain that rivalry is healthy and necessary. Is not this to confess that the command of Christ is not enough to make us efficient? But a comparison of one-church, two-church, and three-church towns of the same average population reveals that the average church membership is respectively 110, 71 and 51. This, indeed, gives a total of 142 church members in the two-church, and 158 in the three-church town. But note the cost! Salaries decline from \$254 to \$287 and \$473; while the average home missionary aid increases from \$11 to \$15. This is actually 10 times as much in the three-church, as in the one-church town!"

"By knowledge of every case of overlapping, the Massachusetts Federation is making possible a fair exchange of fields, when public sentiment is educated by our facts to demand it, so that no denomination will lose, but all gain from the removal of overlapping."

"There is also overlapping and overlooking on the part of local churches in our cities. One city church that thought it had 10,000 to reach, found through our parish plan canvass, that of that number, the 6500 Protestants scattered among 11 denominations and 45 churches! The churches are so close together that unless they intentionally co-operate they will inevitably compete. Therefore they must co-operate! The State Federation reflects the experience of all for the benefit of each community. The first step is to form a simple federation of joint committee of the local churches, as the necessary basis of any permanent co-operation. Thus the Christian League of Methuen has had a useful existence for 20 years. The next step is to know every family in the community by the co-operative parish plan, as thoroughly as the politicians know every voter. Three large churches did this in Worcester, and the assistant pastor of the Congregational church told me that they gained more from 245 spent in the canvass of their parish than from \$570 in an evangelistic campaign, many times over. Armed with a knowledge of the needs of the community, the churches are prepared for co-operation in every line of service, social and religious. The plan in Great Barrington has led to the joint employment of a visiting nurse. Joint entertainment courses unite the churches of Mansfield. At Saxtonville in a union course on 'Reformation Weekdays' the Catholic priest gave one and his people attended! Best of all, no union religious and evangelistic meetings."

WARM WEATHER CLOVES.

The season suggests Negligee Gowns. Short Waist Suits will be popular this summer, our models will be the latest and best.

Dainty waists in all the thin materials are here and can be had at short notice. A line of High Class Impresario Robes, (Grand embroidery) Call quickly for these.

SHEPARD

Designer and Maker of Gowns

Up Stairs. 202 Merrimack St.

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THE ANNUAL RACE SAILOR'S BODY THE MERRIMACKS

From Marblehead to Bermuda Started Schooner Fame

MARBLEHEAD, June 3.—The weather conditions for the start of the annual Marblehead-to-Bermuda yacht race today were considered excellent by the crews of the six yachts which will make the cruise under the joint auspices of the Corinthian Yacht club of Marblehead and the Royal Bermuda Yacht club. Marblehead harbor was a busy place during the forenoon from sunrise until after the yachts received the signal for the start of their trip off Marblehead rock.

The six contesting yachts, the Esperanza, the Dervish and the Zarah of Class B and the Marchioness, Venona and Edith Anna of Class C had hoisted mainsails and lashed their small boats securely early in the morning, and after breakfast anchors were hoisted and short and good-byes said to friends who crowded around in small boats. With the preliminary preparations finished the yachts left the harbor for Marblehead Rock between which place and the committee tug the starting line had been laid out.

A fine breeze prevailed and the yachts were given an opportunity to show what they could do on a broad reach and although there was considerable weight to the air few heeded in getting all possible canvas aloft.

On the Esperanza were the following amateurs: W. J. McMahon; W. B. Kerr, S. R. Davis, R. I. Elder and A. Hart McKee; on the Dervish were Commodore Henry Morse of the Corinthian Yacht club, Vice Commodore Henry Walker, Fleet Captain Hildreth and S. N. Braman. On the Zarah were Henry Dorscher, Walter Sullivan, G. P. Granberry, Dr. Martin, W. P. Handley and J. W. Dwyer.

Those making the trip on the Venona were E. J. Bliss, Richard Snowden and Harold P. Wardwell.

On the Marchioness were Thomas Nelson and Warren Shepard; on the Edith Anna, Dr. C. S. Street, Richard Young, Thomas Owens and Captain B. D. Reese.

The arrangements for the start provided for the regatta committee tug to anchor a short distance from Marblehead Rock thus laying out an imaginary line over which the racing craft could be sent away on the long course.

From Marblehead Rock the course lay about south-southeast and it was expected that the yachts would be clear of Cape Cod before daylight.

The yachts are divided into two classes, Class B, including craft over 70 feet and less than 90 feet racing length, and Class C for yachts exceeding fifty feet and less than 70 feet racing length. The names of the competing boats with their numbers, owners, rating and time allowances follow:

CLASS B.

No. 11, Esperanza, J. D. McKee, 18 feet, scratch.

No. 19, Dervish, Henry A. Morse, 72 feet, 1 hr. 30 min.

No. 12, Zarah, Henry Dorscher, 70 feet, 2 hrs.

CLASS C.

No. 8, Marchioness, John P. Crozer, 59 feet, scratch.

No. 7, Venona, E. J. Bliss, 55 feet, 1 hr. 20 min.

No. 1, Edith Anna, Thomas Henderson, 46 feet, 4 hrs. 30 min.

Children's dresses were 15c and \$1.00; 25c at Chris. Holmes' store, Thursday.

KILLED BY MOROS

Mining Expert Attacked While Asleep

MANILA, June 3.—News that Harry I. Ickis, a government mining expert and companion, were killed by Moros on April 1, while asleep in a hut, has just been received here. Ickis was engaged in geological survey work and was accompanied by one guard. While sleeping in a hut in a remote section of the mountains the two men were murdered in their beds by two Moros, brothers, whose father was killed fifteen years ago by Spaniards. It is said the two Moros killed Ickis and his guard in revenge against the killing of their father. Ickis's home is in Killing, Ia.

TENEMENTS

5 rooms, clean and pleasant, on Chelmsford street, \$14 a month. Excellent condition.

\$17.50, bath and \$22.50 a week. 7 rooms, bath, Grove street. Down stairs \$15 a month.

7 rooms, bath, furnace, gas, electricity, hardwood floors, pantry, etc. Gibson street.

\$20 a month, reduced from \$22. "Four Satisfaction is Our Success."

Eugene G. Russell
407 Middlesex Street

Work for Your Uncle Sam

Examination for post office and internal revenue departments will be held in the fall. 2000 appointments are made each year. If you are interested in a good paying, steady position, cut out this coupon and mail it today to get full particulars to P. O. Box 48, Lawrence, Mass. I am interested in the position before which I have marked X.

- ☐ Internal Revenue.
- ☐ Postoffice Clerk.
- ☐ Postoffice Carrier.
- ☐ Immigrant Inspector.
- ☐ Department Clerk.
- ☐ Railway Mail Clerk.

Name.....
Street No.....
City..... State.....

ABBIE M. SMITH

Parlor Millinery

19 COMMON ST. TEL. 1763

ROCKLAND, Me., June 3.—A yawl containing the body of a sailor who has not been identified but may be one of the crew of 18 men lost from the Boston fishing schooner Fame, Captain Thomas Fahey, which was cut in two by the Dominion Atlantic steamer Boston last Tuesday night, was towed into port today. It was picked up yesterday 12 miles south southeast of Isle Au Haut. The body was that of a man of good appearance, five feet, ten inches tall, dark complexion and hairless, aged about 35 and weighing 160 pounds. Captain Fahey who was saving the lost of the schooner Fame, was told in the last 34 years old. An anchor is tattooed on the right hand.

It was the opinion of men on the waterfront that the yawl had been cut away hastily and without preparation as if the Fame had been in three minutes, only two of the crew being saved.

Captain George A. Sawyer of the city of Rockland upon arrival here today reported that half of a vessel had been sighted 12 miles south southeast of Seguin. At the time of the collision the Fame was at anchor on Cash's Bank, 104 miles east of Boston light. This would make it possible for her wreckage to be off Seguin.

NO ARRESTS YET

In the Steinheil Murder Case

PARIS, June 3.—Although the police are running down every clue, no arrests have yet been made in the case of Arist Steinheil who with his mother-in-law, Madame Japy, was murdered in his house early Sunday morning.

Much attention has been directed to the widow of M. Steinheil who is a handsome, popular and attractive woman. Especial emphasis is laid upon the fact that she sent away the cook, a large and strong woman the day before the crime and declined the offer of a watch dog made by some neighbors. Attention is called also to the circumstances that the only traces of ink were found upon the trained ink well were found upon the one on which Madame Steinheil was discovered bound and gagged. It is alleged also that the body upon which Steinheil and his mother-in-law were supposed to have been sleeping were only rumpled and the indications were that Madame Japy's body was placed on the bed after she had been strangled.

Madame Steinheil is prostrated and has been removed to the residence of a friend, Count Arlon, for treatment.

HOTEL BURNED

THE MOST NOTED AT SARATOGA, NEW YORK.

SARATOGA, N. Y., June 3.—Moons Lake house at Saratoga lake, one of the most noted hotels in this vicinity, was burned early today. The building was untenanted at the time of the fire. The loss will be \$100,000 covered by insurance. Incendiarism is suspected.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS.

Owen J. Carney, 34, manager, 20 Market street, and Mary Veronica McCarthy, 23, at home.

Patrick E. Fitzgerald, 22, clerk, 13 Rogers street, and Agnes Morning, 21, at home, 23 Warwick street.

William J. Crowley, 24, carriage painter, 75 South street and Helen A. McNamara, 20, operative, 35 Lawrence street.

Thomas Purcell, 27, moulder, 135 Charles street, and Susan J. Quinn, 27, at home, 72 Church street.

Michael Scully, 22, section hand, 15 Meadowcroft street, and Hannah Sullivan, 24, weaver, 171 Warren's court.

Thomas Aiken, 23, machinist, 50 Lee street and Jessie M. Hartwick, 21, milliner, 50 Lee street.

Joseph H. Douglass, 20, machinist, 115 South Highland street, and Josie Ida Denis, 23, at home, 71 Linden street.

STAR THEATRE

The amateurs are proving to be an immense attraction. Last night every seat was taken and most of the standing room, and it is expected the same thing will happen tonight because there was such a large list of names handed in it was impossible to put them all on. Those that did not appear last night will be seen tonight in place of the country store.

Joe Buckley, the Irish comedian, is becoming quite a favorite in Lowell. His jokes and songs are very funny.

There is a new program today and one of the best comedy pictures ever seen has been secured. "Peck's Bad Boy."

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—An Emerson upright piano. Cheap for cash. 21 Lincoln st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Lady's wheel. Inquire 196 Worthen st.

FOR SALE—A Stanhope buggy for \$35. Will exchange for hay. 26 Westford st.

FOR SALE—Fruit and variety store, including fixtures and soda fountain. Inquire 58 Middlesex st.

FOR SALE—20 yards Ingraham carpet. A bargain. Call evenings. Inquire Room 2, 33 Central st.

RANGES AND FIXINGS, ranging in price from \$5 to \$15. Call 61 Chapel st. City.

FOR SALE—At a great bargain, two counters, shelving and tables and a number of fixtures suitable for grocery or butcher shop. For further particulars inquire at F. W. Gracian's, 61 Fletcher st.

FOR SALE—Roll top desk, office chair, photograph, brass horn, 10 ft. wall case. 20 Market st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One 6 ft. quartered oak show case, 6 tea cases and 2 short counters. Inquire at J. A. Liberty's, 31 Middlesex st.

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Winners in the Minor League

One of the closest and best contested tournaments ever held in this city was that of the Minor league which came to a close last week. At the end of the season there were two teams, the Merrimacks and Crescents tied for first

place and three teams, the Clintons, Favorites and Rocklands, tied for third place. In the roll off the Merrimacks defeated the Crescents and the Clintons defeated the Favorites by four pins, while the Rocklands were out of the race.

The prize winners were as follows: Merrimack first, \$30; Crescents second, \$20; Clintons third, \$10; Merrimack, highest pin fall, \$10; Crescents second highest pin fall, \$5.00; Merrimacks, high three string 147, \$3.00; Merrimacks, high single 515, \$3.00.

Individual prize winners: Vice, high total, three strings, 333, \$5.00; Lemieux, and T. Doyle, second three string 325, \$3.00; Cole and Jodoin, high single, 131, \$9.00; Coleman, best average, \$14; Mailoux; second best average, \$10.

The final standing of the teams and the bowlers who will be drafted into the major league next season are as follows:

Team</

THE NOMINATION OF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES

Both Republicans and Democrats Will Soon Attend to the Serious Business of Selecting Candidates For a Four Year Tenancy of the White House.

THIS is national convention year, and already the atmosphere is charged with the political currents which have been accumulating in the great central reservoirs. Some of the lesser party organizations have already announced their tickets and platforms. The major contestants in the great game are about to commit themselves in a like manner—the Republicans at Chicago June 16, the Democrats at Denver July 7.

National conventions came into fashion in 1832, and since that time candidates for president and vice president have been nominated in that way. The manner of conducting these great representative gatherings is practically the same for all parties except that the Republicans nominate by a majority vote, and the voting is done by districts, while the Democrats adopt the unit rule and require a vote of two-thirds to nominate.

One of the principal duties of the national convention and one which is never neglected is to appoint a national committee before it adjourns. This important body is made up of one member from each state and territory in the Union. This representative company of men has charge of the campaign and is in authority until superseded by the will of the next convention. These committees find plenty to do. They determine when and where the conventions are to be held, issue calls and really make all the necessary arrangements.

From the first there has been a great deal of rivalry among the larger cities as to the meeting place of conventions, and in recent years it amounts to actual competition. The national committee hears the arguments advanced by the representatives of the cities who aspire to the honor and decide in the matter. Recently it has become the practice for a bonus to be offered, and the city which can make itself most attractive in that way is quite apt to obtain the coveted distinction. Denver won the honor this year by offering the sum of \$100,000 to the Democratic committee for campaign expenses. The chosen city also provides the convention hall and pays the general expenses of the gathering. It has become the fashion nowadays to erect a building exclusively for convention purposes.

Courts' Publicity!

The national committee usually issues the call for the convention six months before the date of meeting. In fixing the day much judgment is re-

quired, and many things must be taken into consideration. It is now the practice of each national committee to make the convention a matter of paramount interest, and some of the methods employed to further this idea fall little short of the spectacular.

The number of delegates sent to the convention is double the number of members of the congress. Each state chooses four delegates at large, double the number of its senators, and each congressional district sends two delegates. Entirely as a matter of courtesy, it would appear, delegates are also admitted from the territories and from the District of Columbia, for they are not entitled to vote and do not unless the privilege is extended to them by the will of the convention.

Another of the numerous duties of the national committee is to select the temporary chairman of the convention. This, of course, is subject to the approval of the convention, which usually accepts the appointee of the committee without discussion. Occasionally, however, there is a contest over this appointment, and the man selected by the committee is rejected by a majority of the delegates. In 1884 the committee chose Powell Clayton of Arkansas for temporary chairman, but he was not acceptable to the opponents of Mr. Blaine in the convention, and the honor was transferred to a colored Republican, John R. Lynch of Mississippi. Mr. Clayton is still a national committeeman from his state.

For many years the nominating conventions were conducted with great simplicity, and few spectators were admitted to the assembly hall. The Republican convention of 1860, which nominated Lincoln, was first to admit a large number of spectators. A special hall, called the Wigwag, was erected by the city of Chicago. This great structure, which had a seating capacity of over 5,000, was filled at every session of the convention. Since that time the number in attendance at national conventions has been limited only by the capacity of the buildings in which they have been held. Admissions are nominally by ticket only. According to the present custom each delegate is supplied with a number of tickets for distribution among his friends; the committeemen have a larger number at their disposal, and the remainder are given to the local committee to use as is most expedient.

The national convention is the outcome of a demand more or less popular for a direct voice in the nomination of the chief executive. At first

the entire country was so unmistakably unanimous in its wish to have Washington for its executive head that no other candidate was suggested. When he retired to Mount Vernon there were already two well defined parties in existence, but their leaders were so clearly differentiated that no conven-

tion was followed for three terms. In 1824 the choice of the caucus was not popular, and his candidate came in third at the election. That put an end to the scheme.

The first national convention was called by the Anti-Masonic party in 1830 and was held at Philadelphia.

Some of the conventions of the past have not been love feasts. One memorable for its bitterness and the bad feeling left in its train was that held in Chicago in 1858. Although Benjamin Harrison was nominated on the eighth ballot, the convention was in session from June 19 to June 25. Some

timber. When the convention assembled no one seemed to know who stood the best chance. Among those who received votes on the first ballot were William B. Allison of Iowa, Walter Q. Gresham of Indiana, James G. Blaine of Maine, William McKinley of Ohio, two sons of former presidents, Robert

Currier, for president honors a longer time than any other man who ever lived. The convention which nominated Blaine was not especially inhospitable, but the one which chose his victorious opponent, Grover Cleveland, was lively enough to restore the balance. The Temporary opposition to the governor of New York's candidacy was characterized by all the traditional parliamentary tactics employed by that organization. It tried to break the unit rule with an insistence that almost provoked, but failed. Four years earlier Grover Cleveland had made an equally brave effort to force the unit rule on the Republican convention of that year. He failed also, and Garfield received the nomination. General Grant retired to private life, and the third time controversy was postponed to another century.

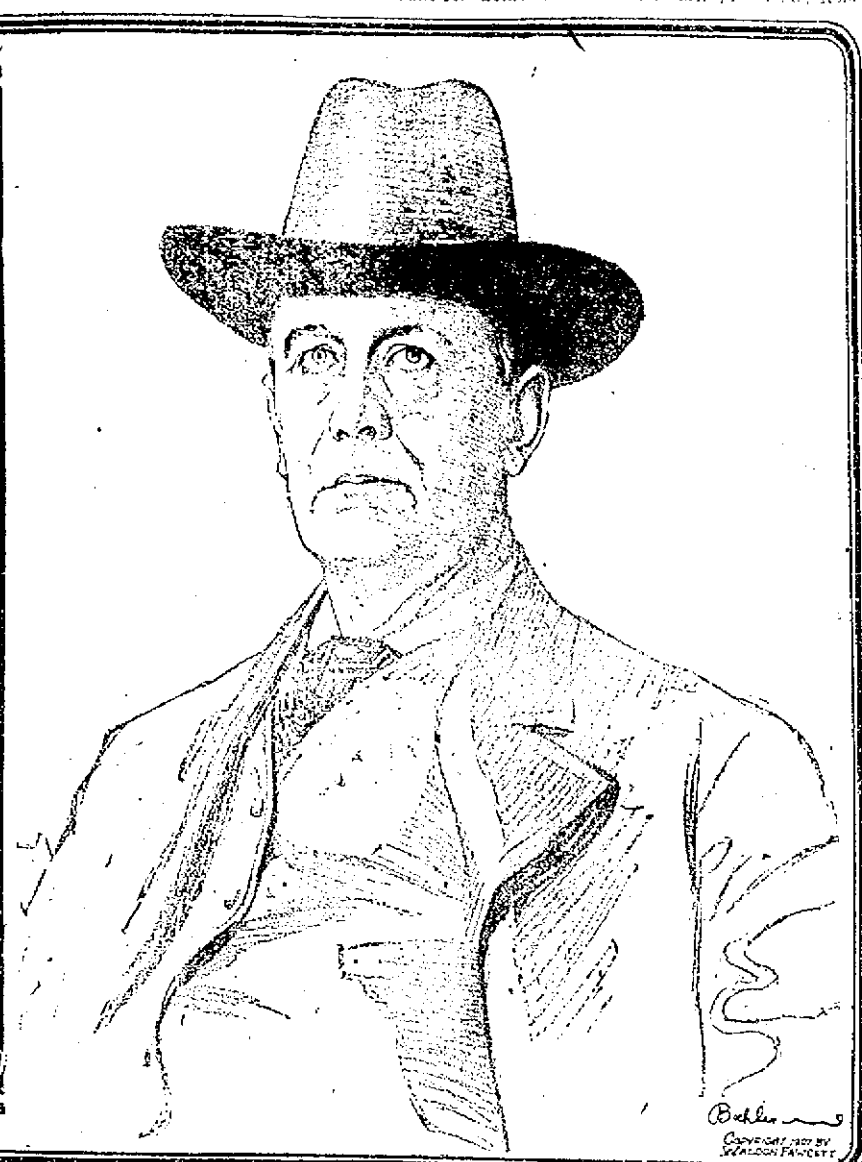
Never Held Off.
One of the most interesting facts connected with the personnel of the 111 men who make up the present Republican and Democratic national committees is that there is only one man among them all who asserts proudly at that—that he has never held or tried to obtain a public office of any description. This unique politician is James M. Gurney, the largest independent producer of oil in America and a Democratic oracle in his state of Pennsylvania. On the Republican national committee there are now five United States senators—Penrose, Heyburn, Scott, Anthony and Crane. There are only two members of the lower house on this committee—Brownlow of Tennessee and Lowden of Illinois. The Democratic national committee can boast of only one senator, but he is a famous one—Tillman of South Carolina.

A recent estimate seems to establish the fact that about 30 per cent of the combined committeemen are state and county officers, elective and appointive. The highest elective office ever held by Harry S. New, the Republican chairman, was state senator. Thomas Taggart, the Democratic chairman, has been mayor of his home city of Indianapolis. There seem to be a good many mayors in the aggregation, among them Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, O., and James C. Dahlgren, mayor of Omaha, Neb. Of newspaper editors and publishers there is also a generous sprinkling. Both chairmen once conducted now defunct Indianapolis daily papers. Norman E. Mack, Democratic committeeman from New York, is one of Buffalo's most enterprising publishers. Daniel J. Campau is owner of a paper devoted to turf matters. Urey Woodson, secretary of the Democratic committee, conducts a newspaper in Paducah, Ky., and another in Owensboro.

E. J. BURTON.



CHAIRMAN THOMAS TAGGART.



CHAIRMAN HARRY S. NEW.

Next year the Whigs nominated Henry Clay for the presidency in a similar manner. It was not until 1832, however, that the friends of Andrew Jackson adopted the plan and called a national convention in Baltimore, and the first national committee was established in 1848 by the Democratic convention of that year.

of the political wounds inflicted at that time have never been healed. For seven ballots John Sherman was in the lead, and to his dying day the veteran Ohio statesman did not cease to assert that he had been the victim of political treachery. At no other national convention ever held has there been such a supply of excellent presidential

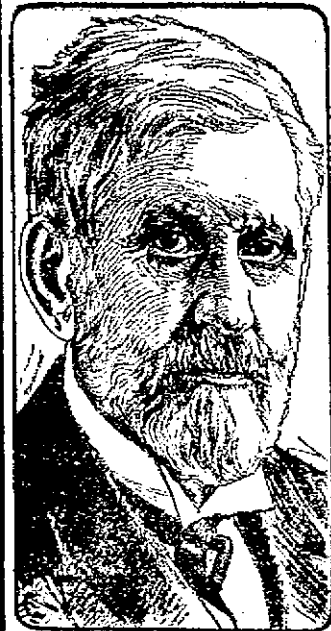
T. Lincoln and Frederick D. Grant; Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio, Frederick Douglass of the District of Columbia, Chauncey M. Depew of New York, John J. Ingalls of Kansas, and Jeremiah Rusk of Wisconsin.

This convention was the second which failed to accept Mr. Blaine as its candidate. At the third trial he se-

SELECTED FROM THE MASS OF UNIQUE CURRENT DOINGS

THE OLDEST SENATOR.

William B. Allison of Iowa is the oldest United States senator in service as well as in years. He is seventy-



nine years of age and has been chosen again to represent his state in the upper house. Senator Allison is a native of Ohio, born at Perry in 1829.

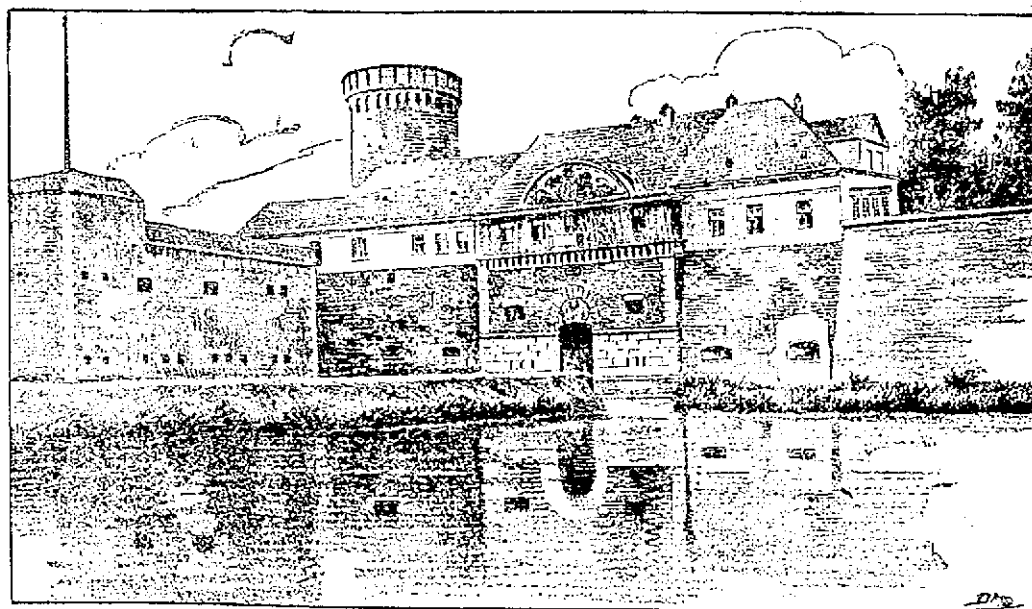
FOE OF ANARCHY.

Robert Watchorn is the immigration official who was sent by the United States government to Europe to look



into the matter of keeping the dangerous anarchists of the old world from coming to this country. Mr. Watchorn's report will be read with great interest.

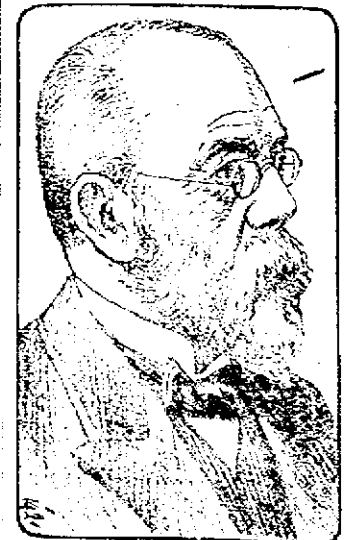
WHERE GERMANY KEEPS HER TREASURE CHEST.



The cut shows the famous Julius tower at Spandau, Germany, in which the national war treasure, the greater part of the French indemnity of 1871, is guarded with the greatest care. The walls of this stronghold are nearly seven feet in thickness, and the tower is surrounded by a battalion of soldiers.

A FAMOUS SCIENTIST.

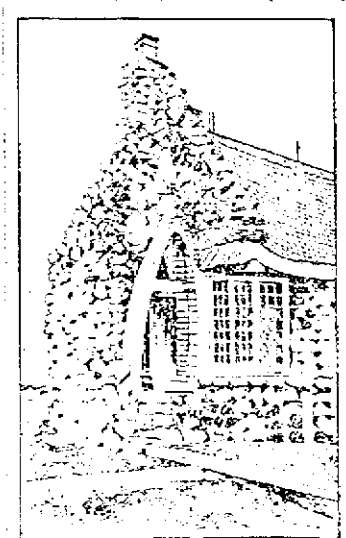
Dr. Robert Koch, who has been visiting America on his way to Japan, is the famous German scientist who discovered the bacillus of tuberculosis in 1882. Professor Koch was the recipient



of much attention from American scientists during his stay in this country and was entertained by roasts and dinners whose specialty is original investigation.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S BUNGALOW.

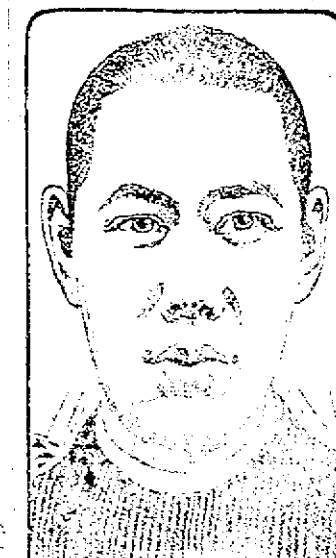
The bungalow craze seems to have reached England, and the queen of



England is the owner of the one shown in the cut. It is on the beach at Southampton, Norfolk, and its walls are of bright yellow stucco. There are two main rooms in the structure, and the interior walls are finished with stones and shells which were gathered on the beach.

A CHINESE PRIEST.

Father Peter Chang, now making a tour of the world, is the first Chinese Roman Catholic priest who has ever visited America. He is a man of ex-



cellent education, speaks German like a native and enough English and Italian to make himself intelligible. Father Chang is industrial in China.

FOUNDER OF THE Y. M. C. A.

The cut shows the new bust of Sir George Williams, the founder of the Young Men's Christian association, which was recently presented to the



American branch of the work by the English division of the association. The presentation was made on the sixty-fourth anniversary.

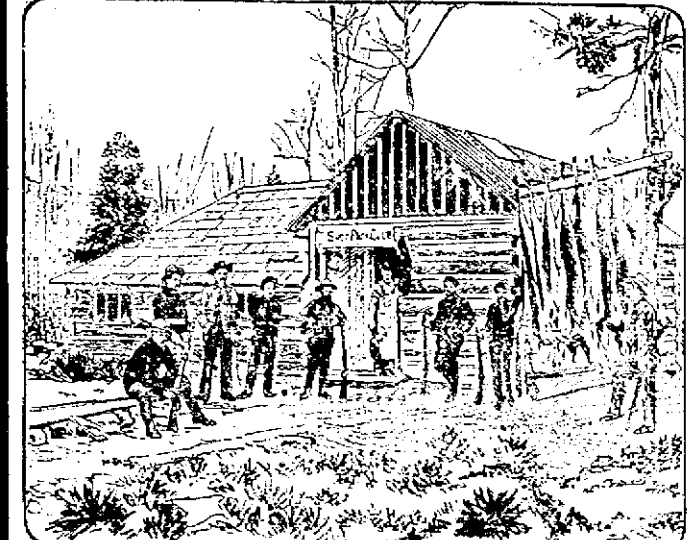
A UNIQUE POLITICIAN.

James E. Campbell, recently nominated by the Ohio Democratic state convention for United States senator, has been governor once and unsuccessful candidate at two subsequent elections. If he should become a member



of the upper house he would probably have the unique distinction of being the poorest man in the senate. His nomination came to him without any special effort on his part.

A NOVEL CANADIAN CLUBHOUSE.



The cut shows the headquarters of the Shoo Pack club, a famous hunting organization of the Canadian woods. This clubhouse is on the bank of the Moon river in the Georgian Bay district of northern Ontario. This region is the center of the finest deer and moose hunting in the Dominion.

BIRTHPLACE OF A FAMOUS STORY WRITER.



The quaint little building shown in the cut is the house in which Hans Christian Andersen was born. It is at Odense, Denmark, and has recently been acquired by the town, restored and filled with relics of the great writer of stories for children. Among them are Andersen's silk hat, umbrella, trunk, traveling bag, his will and several pairs of shoes.

And P. G. Cofford on late Brother P. G. Currier by Brother Kilpatrick; on late P. G. Joseph Wright by P. G. C. E. Farrington and P. G. Willey; and on late Brother Amos Adams by V. G. Herbert Sweetser. P. G. C. E. Farrington also delivered a short address on "Duties of Odd Fellowship." Services were closed with another selection by the lodge quartet.

The committee of memorial services consisted of N. G. R. H. Lugin and P. G. David George and P. G. George A. Willey.

Quite a large attendance was present.

3-DAYS-3

FRIDAY

at 4 p. m.

Demonstration
to
Gentlemen
at
Appliance Store,
John St.
Well Worth
Any Man's
Time

ALL WELCOME

LOWELL GAS LIGHT CO.

This advertisement will continue on this page for 3 days. Our idea is that it might not be seen in one issue. It is so important a matter that we are willing to spend the money for repetition. There is no secret as to our reasons. We hope to place a Gas Range and instantaneous Water Heater in every home in Lowell.

CIRCUS MAN

MET WITH A SERIOUS ACCIDENT TODAY.

The archbalance was called to Davis Square this afternoon and removed. Timothy Conness, a circus man, to John's hospital.

Conness is a wagon man with Barnum & Ruby others and was working about the wagons early this morning he sprained his left leg. This afternoon, while in Davis square, slipped, fell and landed on his injured leg. He was taken up and asked to be removed to a hospital.

MANY FAKIRS

HAD TO TAKE OUT LICENSES

PAY.

Today is such a day and of course it was the worst kind of a circus day. Fakers and charlatans and con-men. Prior to appearing on the street each and every fakir to appear at the office of the police had to get an application and pay over dollar.

WM. CALLAHAN

William Callahan appeared in person this morning and advised me that he was completing a new work of a building with Mary. After the dinner he had just returned the police called and told him that he had to go to the station.

CARD OF THANKS.

We extend sincere thanks to the friends and neighbors who have been so kind and generous in their contributions to the Lowell Gas Light Co. fund. We are sure that the fund will be a great help to the company.

WM. CALLAHAN

HELD UP AT WHARF HUMANE SOCIETY

Affinity Pair Here in Exile
Have \$35,000

BOSTON, June 3.—Shaggy settled in adjoining rooms at the Quincy House, Anthony Von der Voort, the Bavarian violinist, and Louise Wackerman, the affinity with whom he fell in love over lessons in music, began the first day of their six months' exile yesterday. The exile will last until the violinist is freed by the Bavarian courts from the wife whom the affinity has displaced in his affections.

When the trio landed from the Red Star liner Menominee yesterday the immigration officials held them up. An investigation disclosed their strange story. Then the officials were aroused and they had some idea of barring them on the technical ground of "likely to become public charges."

But when Mamma Wackerman produced \$35,000 in gold the eyes of the officers stuck out widely and they decided there was no ground on which to bar them from America.

Several months ago Von der Voort met Louise in Weidenau.

Mrs. Wackerman had engaged him to instruct her daughter Louise in the violin, of which he is a master. The violinist, from the close association with his fair pupil, soon found that she was madly in love with her. He poured out his heart to the maiden, even telling her of the wife whom he had left in Hamburg. The existence of a wife in no way affected the young woman, who had learned to reciprocate the affection of the music master, and even her mother was eventually won over.

A plan had to be framed. The first wife was consulted and for a monetary consideration, by which she was to receive \$50 a month until the divorce was secured, consented to give up her husband to his newly-found affinity. Miss Wackerman was informed of the arrangement and consented to travel with her soulmate until the divorce left him free to marry her.

No place appealed to them as did America, where affinities have been so common of late, and passage was engaged on the Menominee, which arrived yesterday noon.

With the two soulmates came Mrs. Wackerman to chaperon the pair.

Their trouble began when the Menominee arrived at Boston and immigration officers began to ask personal questions. Mrs. Wackerman and her daughter, although possessed of plenty of money, seemed not to have any definite object in view in America, and the suspicions of the immigration officers were aroused.

An investigation was the result. Right to the fore came the red tape of the immigration bureau. He assumed charge of the two Bavarians and the immigration officers received their first encounter with the question of "affinities."

OWNED UP TO LOVE FOR GIRL.
The investigation brought out the fact that Von der Voort had been the teacher of Miss Wackerman in Bavaria, and had fallen madly in love, although he had a wife alive. He confessed the truth of the astonishing arrangement and said

that he expected to be free to marry the light of his eyes in at least six months.

After an inquiry that kept the whole department searching for some precedent to guide them, the encounter with the "affinity" question proved too much and the officials released the two women.

Mrs. Wackerman had in her possession \$35,000, and this is to furnish the funds that are to settle the claims of the wife in Bavaria.

As there was no reason why the officers should hold the pair, they were allowed to depart from the steamer. The whole party adjourned to the Quincy House, where they will stay for a few days until a plan for their travels in America has been mapped out.

"It," said Mr. Von der Voort, last night, after he had returned from the theatre with his soulmate and her mother, "Franklin Wackerman, later," saying his hand toward Miss Wackerman, "my wife will be someone, six months, yes."

"We just arrived. The ladies, they are so tired. We in Boston only short time will stay—then travel, night war, Franklin."

AFFINITY A GOOD BLUSHER.

Miss Wackerman, blushing from the edge of her collar to the roots of her blond hair, asserted in everything that Herr Von der Voort said. Miss Wackerman is of a decidedly German type. She is rather tall, stockily built, light-haired, with dancing blue eyes. Her affinity is of just the opposite type. In build he is slight, even to attenuated.

MATHEW INSTITUTE

REPORTED RECENT MINSTREL SHOW A SUCCESS.

A well attended and enthusiastic meeting of the Mathew Temperance Institute was held last night. The committee which had charge of the minstrel entertainment produced recently reported that the affair had been a grand success. The committee which has in charge the arrangements for the visit to Worcester July 4, reported that all plans have been completed. It was stated that 55 Massachusetts societies will be in the line of march and that one of the largest affairs of its kind will result. The Mathews expect to send a large delegation.

A smoke talk will be held at the rooms next Tuesday evening.

At the smoke talk the principal speakers will be John Sheehan, chief marshal of the big parade in Worcester on July 4th, and Edward H. O'Brien of Worcester, chairman of the committee on arrangements. A musical and literary program will be carried out and a collation served. Great enthusiasm is manifested in the parade.

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Took Action to Aid the Worthy Poor

The directors of the Lowell Humane society met yesterday afternoon at 71 Central street and took action in the direction of a general conference of the general charities of the city for the purpose of enabling the agents of these societies to discriminate in favor of the more worthy poor and against the class of people who secure aid from all charitable organizations in the city.

It was voted that Agent Charles P. Richardson be empowered to represent the Humane society at any conference that be arranged and it was suggested that the board of charities of the city be represented.

The directors also passed a resolution calling upon the householders of the city to use humane care in disposing of their animal pets in case they are to be left here during vacation time. This is a question which arouses the humane society to action each year, as the families who go away leaving pets to roam at will are declared to be too numerous. Some decisive action was desired and the directors felt that a distinct call to the public to avoid this form of cruelty would relieve Agent Richardson of

burdensome duties during the summer. Agent Richardson presented his usual interesting report of cases handled during the month of May. He covered 34 cases of neglected children and nine cases of non-support. There were two prosecutions, both of which resulted in the society's favor. He killed three horses, relieved 12 lame and four maimed horses from their work, killed 45 cats and seven dogs. He found one case of cruelty to a cow and rescued 10 underfed cows. At the horse market he inspected 197 horses put up at auction.

The need for temporary quarters for small children was discussed. The Day Nursery takes in all that it can, but the necessity of a permanently special retreat for the emergency cases is needed.

The directors adjourned for the summer months after deciding by private subscription among themselves to establish a work horse prize contest for the towns represented in the Middlesex North Agricultural society. The plan is to provide suitable prizes for the various classes of work horses of the owners for a period of at least three months, the prizes to be awarded by competent judges to the owner whose animals are the best kept. The prizes will be awarded at the next Middlesex North grange fair.

IT'S CIRCUS DAY

Greatest Show on Earth is With Us

Immense Throng Viewed An Up-to-Date Parade and Crowded the Fair Grounds at Afternoon Performance

It's circus day, the one great American holiday that isn't listed in the catalog of the country's gala days, though it always has, does now and always will vie with any holiday among the younger element for fun and excitement.

Last night before they retired the small boy and his sister looked up the weather indications and finding that the weather man was to hand out a good clear day went to bed and dreamed of the wonderful sights that the morrow would bring forth. Up with the sun this morning the children linked to the Fair Grounds to see the big show come in and having seen everything properly placed they went down town again and secured points of vantage to view the big parade.

The morning hours grew the inevitable balloon man came along, for without him it wouldn't be circus day and at 8 o'clock the streets along the line of march were packed. There was much speculation as to whether the parade would go through Central street overlooking to the town-up condition of that thoroughfare. But Supt. Morse of the street department put things in order so that the parade could pass and the route selected was from the grounds through Germain street, to Middlesex, to Thorneike, to Dutton, to Merrimack, to Central to Back Central to Germain to the grounds.

Circus day also brings around that most picturesque American character, the press agent, and Barnum and Bailey have ever been noted for their press agents, and this year's agent is Mr. Jay Rial, who can spellbind an editorial room with stories of the circus life and who reports large audiences all along the circuit.

The parade left the Fair grounds

promptly at 10 o'clock and as the news of its departure preceded it down town the glad cry of "It's coming" was heard on all sides.

The procession of floats, animals, chariots and clowns took forty minutes to pass a given point. The wagon cages contained the animals from the menageries, and, unlike the usual parade, the animals were to be seen by the crowd in their corrals. The triumphal cars, with gold leaf trimmings, sparkled in the bright sunlight. Eight hundred men and women appeared either on horseback or on the cars and floats attired in costumes representing characters such as Egyptians, Phoenicians and Scandinavians.

Among the features of the parade were a troupe of trapezists, and a number of chariots of allegorical significance highly embellished in gold relief, a body of knights in tournament array, a herd of thirty odd elephants, a caravan of many camels, followed by two tandem teams of horses driven by smartly-gowned equestrians. The parade was divided into four sections, the last section including the Roman chariot, open cages of tigers and lions, performing ponies and the clowns. Thirty-four beautiful gray horses, shoddy caparisoned, carried a number of musicians forming a mounted military brass band which was loudly cheered by the crowd.

One of the clowns had plenty of fun with the Merry Widow hats along the way. He wore a tam o'shanter, and every one who saw him was certain he had some comment, and this was the cue for the band of clowns to strike up the Merry Widow waltz, and the wearer of the Merry Widow usually tried to avoid the laughter of the crowd by walking away.

At the afternoon performance the doors were opened a little ahead of time in order to avoid a crush as the crowd began assembling before noon. Inside the spacious tents all was order and discipline. The menagerie contains many rarely interesting features, chief among the many are the three monstrous giraffes, which in point of attractiveness shared honors with Baby Bunting, the little Baby Elephant.

The opening number described as "The Grand Tournament," a glorious, illuminated page from ancient history, introducing four hundred historical characters correctly costumed representing Egyptians, Phoenicians, Africans, Arabians, Abyssinians, together with mounted guards, heralds, chariots, knights, nobles, high priests, foot-soldiers, archers, warriors, dancing girls, slaves, servants, horses, sacred beasts, trained animal and triumphal cars and floats. This brilliantly illuminated pageant was quickly followed by three herds of trained elephants performing impossible figures in their march, which in turn gave way to the clowns, and such a show of hilarious merriment greeted the white-faced fun makers that they rebounded their efforts to delight the crowds.

There will be a last performance tonight at 8 o'clock.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Cotton futures opened steady. July 1006; Aug. 1004; Sept. 995; Oct. 987; Nov. 980; Dec. 973; Jan. 965; Feb. 957; March 954.

10 % Discount
To
THURSDAY SHOPPERS
Thursday
IS BARGAIN DAY

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.
The Store for Quality and Style
THURSDAY
Bargain Day

THURSDAY IS BARGAIN DAY
WE GIVE A SPECIAL
10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
TO ALL PURCHASERS
THURSDAY.

10 Per Cent. Discount
On Everything in Our Store
Thursday

So that everybody may buy just what they want in a Thursday Bargain Sale, we decided to offer our entire stock, "NOTHING RESERVED," at a uniform discount of 10 per cent. from regular marked prices for just one day. In other words, come here Thursday, make your purchases from a well selected stock of first-class merchandise, always sold at fair prices with satisfaction guaranteed, and receive a special discount of 10 per cent. All our clerks are instructed to give this discount to all purchasers Thursday regardless of their asking for it.

90 cts.
COUNTS ONE DOLLAR IN
OUR STORE THURSDAY.
10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
ON EVERYTHING YOU BUY.
TRY IT.

We Do This to Help
Out the Thursday
Bargain Day
O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

10 % OFF
On Everything
THURSDAY.
Good Chance to Make
Money On Your Buying
Thursday.

BIG AUDITORIUM

Will be Most Elaborately Decorated

DENVER, Colo., June 3.—Decorations of the new Denver auditorium for the democratic national convention in July will be the most elaborate ever used at any similar convention in the country. Among the adornments will be six United States flags 20 by 60 feet. Four of these will be behind the speaker's platform and between these four will be suspended an immense curtain of bunting containing 8000 yards of several cloth.

In the center of the curtain will be a shield 17 feet long by 15 feet wide. Attached to this shield will be eight 15-foot flags and on each side of this central shield will be four similar shields, smaller in size, being 12 feet long, displaying eight flags. Behind the platform will be an enormous flag of roving and artificial palms. On either side of the platform will be used artificial palms 15 feet high. Immediately over the platform will be suspended four stuffed eagles with wings extended 12 feet.

The balconies will be draped with red, white and blue bunting with a series of shields of two colors alternating along the rails.

The same scheme of decoration will be carried out with regard to the galleries. The side walls of the auditorium from the ceiling down will be covered by one large drape of several hundred feet. Forty-eight stars, ten feet in diameter will cover the ceiling and in the center of each star will be placed a representation of each state. These stars will cover the entire ceiling immediately above the place occupied by corresponding delegations.

CRIMINAL LIBEL

IS CHARGED AGAINST A REPUBLICAN LEADER.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—A political sensation was caused here last night by the issuing of a warrant for State Senator James L. McNichol, the Philadelphia republican leader, on a charge of criminal libel, preferred by Max Kaufmann, secretary to Mayor Reivern. Kaufmann's action followed the making public of a letter written to Secretary D. Clarence Gibbons, of the Law and Order society in which Senator McNichol named Kaufmann as a co-betwixer, to whom he paid \$5,000 in the fall of 1907, with the understanding that Gibbons was to raid gambling houses and other resorts and discredit the administration of Mayor John Weaver.

Secretary Gibbons denied knowledge of any such transaction and called upon McNichol to name the person to whom the money had been paid. Kaufmann declared the story to be a wild, malicious falsehood. He further adds that Senator McNichol came to the mayor's office on Monday and made two propositions, one in consideration of assuming a position to substantiate the story of the alleged payment of \$5,000.

STUDENT DROWNED

WHILE CANOEING ON CONNECTICUT RIVER.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., June 3.—Ralph Harlow, aged 19 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Harlow of Weston, after a senior in the Brattleboro high school, was drowned while canoeing on the Connecticut river here yesterday. In the canoe with Harlow was Edward Webb, aged 18, who was barely able to swim ashore, after making ineffectual efforts to save Harlow, who could not swim. The canoe struck a cross current in the middle of the river and capsized.

JELL-O
The Dairy Dessert
PREPARED INSTANTLY. Simply add boiling water, cool and serve. 10c per package at all grocers. 75c dozen. Refuse all substitutes.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN

GREETED BY LARGE CROWDS IN NEBRASKA.

SCOTT'S BLUFF, Neb., June 3.—William J. Bryan was greeted by some of the largest crowds of his Nebraska tour yesterday. At Bridgeport he spoke for an hour, particularly on financial issues and taking occasion incidentally to speak of his former experiences in this part of the state. "I was once known as the boy orator of the Platte," he said, "and I am interested in coming to this section which is near the headquarters of the river."

An incident occurred in connection with the Bridgeport meeting which gave Mr. Bryan a hearty laugh at the expense of the arrangements committee. About 20 members of the committee went to Alliance Monday night to greet his train and accompany him to Bridgeport. The train left Alliance at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. Through a misunderstanding the hotel proprietor failed to wake them up. Mr. Bryan, a member of the committee, who did not retire at all, and a newspaper man, were the only members of the party of 25 who caught the train. The members of the committee caught the next train and Mr. Bryan met them at the station in their own town.

SENIOR HONORS

AT THE NORTH CHELMSFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

Senior honors for the class of 1908, North Chelmsford high school, have been awarded.

Miss Nellie L. Butterfield was chosen salutatorian and Miss Veronica G. Lowe was chosen valedictorian.

NAVAL ELEVEN'S SCHEDULE.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 3.—The managers of football at the naval academy today announced their schedule of games to be played by the midshipmen next season. The army and navy athletic officials having been unable to agree as to the date for their annual game, it is not included in the schedule.

The schedule includes a contest with Harvard on October 21. Eleven of the games will be played at Annapolis.

ALIENATION SUIT

Miss Leavitt Has Sued for \$20,000

BOSTON, June 3.—Miss Caroline A. Leavitt of Lexington has brought suit in the East Cambridge court against Dr. Edgar M. Early, also of Lexington, for \$20,000. She seeks to regain possession of a farm in Lexington, which she alleges she transferred to Dr. Early because of "false representations made by him that her brother was trying to get possession of the property."

According to the plaintiff, Dr. Early had acted as caretaker in the employ of her father and herself, and she says that acting on his advice on July 10, 1906, she sold her home in Dorchester and bought a farm in Bedford street, Lexington. Then it was, she alleges, that the defendant in the suit fraudulently obtained the deed to the farm from her.

It was agreed, she says, that the deed was to be transferred back to her at any time she desired it.

But Dr. Early, says Miss Leavitt, immediately took possession of the farm, allowing her the use of some rooms; then, she asserts, he obtained from her money to invest in live stock for the farm, "but has refused to make any accounting of moneys spent, even threatening to exclude the plaintiff from the premises."

She asks that the deed be made void and that the defendant also be made to account to her for money expended. The suit follows the one for \$20,000 recently entered by Early's wife for alienation of affections and one against Miss Leavitt for \$10,000 for slander.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THURSDAY SPECIAL

500 White Chip Hats, all styles for only \$1.49 Each

Trimmed Hats, beautiful line \$2.98 up to \$7.50

HEAD & SHAW The Milliners
169 Merrimack Street

ADAMS
RELIABILITY

Wedding Gift

Each gift of furniture will help make the new home more attractive. Look over Adams' furniture for the gift.

ADAMS & CO.
Furniture—Rugs—Carpets
Appleton Bank Block
174 Central St.

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.

A Big Sale of

SILK MUSLINS

Opens Tomorrow Morning in Our Basement at

One Half Price

4131 Yds., Reg. Price 25c Yd.

SALE PRICE
12 1-2c
Yard
Plain and Dotted Swiss Muslins
Popular Shades in Good Variety of Colors

The above is a special purchase at a great sacrifice in price. All new, fresh pieces, and every yard perfect. Colors are blues, gray, green, lavender, garnets, browns, black, pink, cream, yellow and ecru.

COME OUT FROM UNDER THE BUSH.

Let your light shine before the people that they may see your good bargains and trade with you.

The only place for your light to shine is in the advertising columns of The Sun.

The Sun is read by great and small, by rich and poor, by short and tall, in fact 'tis read by one and all.

Then let your advertising light shine where all can see it.

PUT IT IN THE SUN.
LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

6 O'CLOCK

HELD IN \$1000

Man Who Stabbed Girl Goes to Grand Jury

Lieutenant Hugh Downey was the prosecuting officer in police court this morning. Inasmuch as this is circus day and the Lowell cases are being heard before the grand jury and Supt. Moffatt is attending the convention of police chiefs in Detroit, Deputy Welch, the regular prosecuting officer, was a very busy man and Lieut. Downey was pressed into service.

The preliminary hearing of the case of John Marcotte of Manchester, charged with assaulting Della M. Conroy with a knife at Mrs. Brennan's boarding house at 19 John street Monday morning, was held and after the testimony had been submitted Judge Hadley declined jurisdiction and held Marcotte under \$1000 bonds for his appearance before the superior court.

There seemed to be a disinclination on the part of the young woman to testify against her former sweetheart, but when he made several statements as to her character she opened up and some rather sensational testimony was divulged.

When Marcotte was asked to plead to a complaint charging him with assault with a knife he said: "If you let me off I will pay the fine and go home." But the court had no intention of allowing Marcotte to escape with a fine and the case was heard.

Della M. Conroy, the woman who was assaulted, testified in part as follows: "I

have known Marcotte for three years, but I forgive him for what he did Monday. He would not have done it if he was not drunk. I used to go around with him and he was jealous of me. I have got another fellow now. When I got through with Marcotte and took up another fellow he got jealous."

At this point, Patrolman Bart Ryan produced the knife which, it is alleged, was used by Marcotte.

Dr. Wiggin who attended the Conroy woman testified that he found a small incised wound on the right side of the head which bled profusely. He closed the wound with one stitch.

Marcotte was then called to the stand and testified: "I had that knife in my hands and was scraping my finger nails, when she acted in an insulting manner and made a remark which was not proper for a lady to make, but I don't remember what I did with the knife."

She has been going around under my name in this city claiming that I was married to her. I have been keeping company with her for six years."

Witness then testified that he was excited on the day of the alleged assault and while he knew that he struck her he did not know what else happened.

The woman was then recalled to the stand and she said: "He lies, Judge, he lies. He follows me every place I go and he told me that if I didn't marry him he would kill me. That man is trying to disgrace me."

ASSAULT CHARGE.

William Crossley appeared in police

court this morning to answer to complaints charging him with assault and battery on his wife Mary, and also drunkennes, but his condition was such that the court decided he was in no condition to make a plea. When Crossley's name was called he staggered about the dock and would have fallen but for the wife railing. The court was informed that the man was drunk and Judge Hadley remarked that there was enough of drunkenness outside of the courtroom and ordered the man taken down stairs.

THE DRUNKS.

Louis Wood, a second offender, was taxed \$5. Two first offenders were fined \$1 each, and three men were released by the court at the suggestion of the probation officer.

FUNERALS

MILLER—The funeral of Joseph Miller took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his home, 312 Boylston street, and was largely attended. From there it proceeded to the Sacred Heart church where services for the dead were read by Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I. The children of the Sacred Heart parochial school, of which he was a member, attended in body. The singing was by the school children who rendered "Libera" and "De Profundis." The flowers were numerous and beautiful. The school-mates of the deceased to show the esteem which they held for their departed friend, gave services at the church instead of donating flowers. The bearers were Thomas Murphy, Neil Macnam, George Miller, Arthur Dufour, Thomas Hudson and William Skelton. Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I., read the committal prayers. Funeral arrangements in charge of Henry P. Craig, under the direction of Undertaker George W. Healey.

HILTON—The funeral of Mrs. Mary J. Hilton took place from the Lowell cemetery chapel yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. H. H. Bishop, pastor of the North Tewksbury Baptist church, was the officiating clergyman. The bearers were Messrs. Dr. G. V. Hilton, N. H. Hilton, L. W. Hilton and Dr. H. W. Coburn. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LAKE—The funeral of the late Grace Lake took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her mother, 6 rear of 101 Adams street, at 3 o'clock and was largely attended. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes including a large yellow pillow inscribed "Grace," from the mother; star on base, inscribed "Sister," from brother John; spray, cousins Annie and Elta; and a large basket from Mrs. James

\$1,000,000 DAMAGE

Caused by the Flood in Hannibal, Mo.

HANNIBAL, MO., JUNE 3.—HUNDREDS OF HOMES ALONG THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER IN THIS VICINITY HAVE BEEN ABANDONED AND CITIZENS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATIONS ARE BEING FORMED THROUGHOUT THE BOTTOM LANDS TO PREVENT LOOTING.

THE ALEXANDRA BOTTOMS, A RICH FARMING COUNTRY, ARE UNDER TWO FEET OF WATER AND THE DAMAGE IS ESTIMATED AT \$1,000,000.

Walsh. The bearers were Dennis Martin, Joseph Normandy, William Wells, James and Joseph Doolin and Bennie Markey. At the grave Rev. John McHugh read the committal prayers and the burial was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertakers J. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

CARRIGG—The funeral of Margaret H. Carrigg took place this morning from her home, 18 Second street and was largely attended. Requiem high mass was sung at 9 o'clock at St. Michael's church by Rev. Fr. Mullin. The choir under the direction of Thomas P. Bourke sang the "Missa Pro Defunctis." At the offertory, "Domini Jesu Christi" was sung. At the close of mass "In Paradisum" was rendered and as the remains were being borne from the church the "Benedictus" was sung. The bearers were Messrs. Thomas McNally, J. Daly, Frank Quinn, T. McCarthy, Charles Burns and C. Sloney. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. Fr. Mullin officiating at the grave. The interment was in charge of C. H. Molloy & Sons.

Among the floral tributes were the following: Large pillow of roses inscribed "Sister," large standing cross on base inscribed "Margaret," from Misses Germain, Fay, Ryan, Shields; large standing cross inscribed "Sleeping," from John Daly; large pillow inscribed "At Rest," from Princeton club; floral mound from George and Mary Callahan; wreath from Joseph Baxter and family; wreath of sweet peas from Miss Bride Tarry; large standing cross five feet high surrounded by a white dove with ribbon inscribed "Forever Margaret," from No. 1 upper spinning room, Massachusetts mills; spray of calla lilies and roses from Della McNally; spray of plums, Mrs. Falls; spray of roses from Andrew F. Burns and family; spray of plums, Gertrude McDonald.

Ladies' suits half price, Thursday, at Chris. Holmes' store.

DEATHS

RILEY—Morgan P. Riley, an old and esteemed resident of this city, died yesterday at his home, 85 Manchester st., aged 80 years and 5 months. For the last 60 years he had been a resident of this city. He was formerly an old member of the Irish Benevolent society, and was also a member of the Holy Name society of the Sacred Heart parish. He was formerly employed in the Lowell Bleachery. His many friends will be pained to learn of his death. He leaves to mourn his loss four daughters and two sons, and two brothers, Philip and Daniel and a sister, Mrs. Edward Drew of San Francisco, Cal.

DOWNES—Walter J. Downes, aged 28 years, 1 month, died yesterday at the home of his sister, C. L. Stanley, 23 Wilson street. Deceased leaves his wife, three sisters, Mrs. C. L. Stanley, Mrs. C. H. Holgate of Somerville and Mrs. Grace Smith of New York and an aunt, Mrs. Georgianna Foss who is maternal of the Faith Home. Mr. Downes was in the theatrical business before his illness, having played with the Bennett & Moulton company with his wife under the name of Down & Scott.

HENNESSEY—The many friends of James T. Hennessey will learn with profound sorrow of his death which occurred at his home, 8 Cedar street, last night. Deceased was a well known young man of the city and had a large circle of friends in the city. He was employed at the Harvard brewery up to about six months ago when his illness prevented him from becoming actively engaged in his labors there. Since then he had not enjoyed the best of health. He leaves a wife, Catherine and a son, Philip Gerald.

Deceased was a member of Industry Council Royal Arcanum.

RYAN—Mary Ryan, aged 72 years and six months, died this morning at 108 Humphrey street. She is survived by two sisters and three brothers. Funeral notice later.

Ladies' suits half price, Thursday, at Chris. Holmes' store.

KILLED HIMSELF

New York Banker a Suicide

NEW YORK, June 3.—Charles T. Muir, paying teller of the Forty-second street branch of the Corn Exchange bank, shot himself in the head while in the basement of the branch bank today and died in a hospital within an hour. No cause for the suicide is known as the officials of the bank declared that they are positive there is no shortage in Mr. Muir's accounts.

Mr. Muir had been employed by the bank for fourteen years.

Walter Frew, vice president of the Corn Exchange bank, said that he had much faith in Mr. Muir that no investigation of his books will be made.

BAR IRON REDUCED.

CLEVELAND, June 3.—Following the cut of \$1 per ton on bar steel, announced yesterday, the bar iron manufacturers today reduced the price of bar iron from \$28 a ton to \$27.

One lot \$1.15 petticoats, Thursday's sale \$1. at Chris. Holmes' store.

BOTH WERE FINED

Men Gave Police a Lively Time

John J. Farrell of West Fourth street and James P. Scully of Watson avenue, two other men gave the police a lively time early this morning. Farrell and Scully were arrested, but the other two men escaped.

The quartet was located in the rear of Watson's bake shop in Bridge street near the corner of Second street by Patrolmen Corcoran and Lennon. The sight of the officers caused the men



OFFICERS CHASING SUSPECTS.

to run away. Scully and Farrell started citywards while the other two beat a hasty retreat in the opposite direction.

Patrolman Corcoran chased Farrell and Scully and he was later escorted by the Centralville squad of the 123d shift. Patrolman Whitworth chased Scully through Amory street and caught him behind the freight cars. In the meantime Patrolman Provencher nailed Farrell behind the Runels building.

In court this morning Farrell escaped with a \$2 fine and Scully being a second offender was taxed \$5.

WENT TO JURY

Case of Boyle vs. Cookin Finished

At the afternoon session of the civil term of the superior court yesterday, the plaintiff in the case of Boyle vs. Cookin was recalled to the witness stand. After being questioned by Lawyer Burke relative to dates at which payments of poll taxes had been paid him as constable he was allowed to go to his home to obtain some documentary material that had an important bearing on the case and which was submitted at the closing of the afternoon session.

Dr. Robert Bell then gave testimony as a witness for the plaintiff and among other things related three examinations made of Mr. Boyle's eyes, first at the request of the plaintiff, second at the request of Lawyer Pratt and thirdly at the request of Dr. Welch in the presence of Dr. Meigs.

The defence had rested its case and Lawyer Burke made a brief address in opening to the jury.

The first witness for the defence was Manager Morrison of the Cross Awning company who had charge of the construction of the awning which it is alleged fell and injured Mr. Boyle.

Mr. Morrison went into detail in describing the process of manufacture, the material used in its construction, the manner in which it was put in place and the price paid for it to him. His first intimation that there was anything wrong was on the morning of July 3, 1907, shortly before 8 o'clock in the morning when he received a telephone call from someone unknown to him of the accident. He at once went down to the Gookin company's establishment on Market street, riding there on his bicycle. After reaching the store he took in matters at a glance and talked to Mr. Welch in the employ of Mr. Gookin as to matters which led up to the accident.

Then Mr. Boyle came along from the Mail office and he (Gookin) asked if he had been hurt and if he would like medical aid or a carriage to take him home. Mr. Boyle refused. He looked at his watch, the hour being 8:05 a. m., as he had to note the time in case he had to file a report with the insurance company, he being in-

jured against accidents of the nature of the one which brought about the present suit.

The next witness for the defence was Mr. Charles Wheeler, then employed in the stereotypy and press department of the Mail.

He testified to being on his way home when he discovered the Gookin company awning down and a man beneath it. He helped the man to his feet and saw at once that it was his friend, Boyle. He noticed a scratch on Boyle's nose and blood coming from the same and handed him a handkerchief to wipe the blood away. He then asked Boyle if he was badly hurt and he retorted (according to witness) by saying: "This ought to be good for fifty dollars."

The next witness was Lawrence J. Thynne, who at the time of the accident was the sporting and society editor of the Morning Mail.

He testified to seeing Boyle coming into the Mail editorial department, the latter inquiring if Mr. Wheeler had been in and told of the accident. Having received a negative response Mr. Thynne then related how Boyle walked over to him saying that he had injured his nose as a result of the awning of the Gookin company falling on him. According to witness he said the injury ought to be good for fifty dollars. Walking over to witness and displaying the injury to his nose Mr. Thynne stated he twitched the organ and said laughingly: "It is not broken." Mr. Thynne further stated that Mr. Boyle moved away from him and was asked who he was going to sue and his reply was "Oh, Gookin, of course."

On being asked by Lawyer Burke when he next saw Mr. Boyle, Mr. Thynne said on the day of the circus, July 17, following the accident and that Mr. Boyle came into the office inquiring about circus tickets. He stated that he had been very ill and was then weak, had a severe pain in the back and had had several doctors treating him.

Lawyer Pratt in cross-examination asked if the circus, the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers, did not appear in Lowell before and not after the accident. Mr. Thynne responded: "After the accident."

Witness was asked if Mr. Boyle had said anything to him about receiving any other injury than that of the nose on the morning of the accident and the answer was a negative one. Asked about what were his hours of work Mr. Thynne said that he started in early in the morning and worked to about 12 o'clock and then went home till the ball game started and after the game did whatever few assignments were on the board.

Mr. Boyle was recalled to answer certain matters about the date of payment at city hall of poll taxes received by him as constable.

Court then adjourned until this forenoon.

The next case called was that of Henry V. Boston & Maine railroad, an accident case from the lower end of the county. Messrs. Corcoran & Walsh for the plaintiff and Trull & Wren for the defence.

BOUGHT STEAM YACHT.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 2.—The Dominion government has purchased the steam yacht Christina, formerly owned by Lord Strathcona, and will fit her up as a revenue cruiser. The Christina came here from England a year ago.

"Mend proof Sox"

This is a guaranteed Hose for men, made of Fine Egyptian yarn, with a double linen heel and toe, fast colors and very soft on the foot.

"WE GUARANTEE SIX PAIRS TO LAST SIX MONTHS WITHOUT HOLES COMING IN THEM."

If any do go wrong return them to us and we will give you new ones right here in the store. You don't have to send them to another state to exchange. This is the best guaranteed Hose on the market.

6 Pairs for \$1.50

COLORS BLACK AND TAN

Mail orders promptly filled. We pay postage. State size and color wanted.

ASK TO SEE THE "MEND PROOF SOX"

Sole Agents For Lowell

Talbot Clothing Co.

American House Block, Central Street

ORGANIZED LABOR

NEW HAVEN, June 3.—In a decision handed out yesterday by the supreme court of errors of Connecticut error was found and a new trial granted in the case of Frank McGee, organizer for the ironmoulders' union who was found guilty on charges of intimidation in both the city and common pleas

courts. The case arose out of the alleged action of McGee in attempting to influence men at work at the MacLagen foundry during the progress of a strike about a year ago. It was claimed in defense that there had been no intimidation used. The decision is regarded as a victory for organized labor in the state.

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On being asked by Lawyer Burke when he next saw Mr. Boyle, Mr. Thynne said on the day of the circus, July 17, following the accident and that Mr. Boyle came into the office inquiring about circus tickets. He stated that he had been very ill and was then weak, had a severe pain in the back and had had several doctors treating him.

Lawyer Pratt in cross-examination asked if the circus, the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers, did not appear in Lowell before and not after the accident. Mr. Thynne responded: "After the accident."

Witness was asked if Mr. Boyle had said anything to him about receiving any other injury than that of the nose on the morning of the accident and the answer was a negative one. Asked about what were his hours of work Mr. Thynne said that he started in early in the morning and worked to about 12 o'clock and then went home till the ball game started and after the game did whatever few assignments were on the board.

Mr. Boyle was recalled to answer certain matters about the date of payment at city hall of poll taxes received by him as constable.

Court then adjourned until this forenoon.

The next case called was that of Henry V. Boston & Maine railroad, an accident case from the lower end of the county. Messrs. Corcoran & Walsh for the plaintiff and Trull & Wren for the defence.

BOUGHT STEAM YACHT.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 2.—The Dominion government has purchased the steam yacht Christina, formerly owned by Lord Strathcona, and will fit her up as a revenue cruiser. The Christina came here from England a year ago.

ENGLISH DERBY

Was Captured Today by Signorinetta

LONDON, June 3.—Lured by the fact that at least half the horses which are to run at Epsom Downs in the historic Derby are today considered possible winners the largest crowd that has been seen by many years has found its way to Epsom Downs. Special trains from distant points in the provinces loaded scores of thousands of persons at the Downs early in the day while over one hundred special trains left the various terminals in London, crammed to suffocation for the famous race course.

The procession by road made its start during the night and by sunrise the motley throng was stretched out for miles along the thoroughfares leading to Epsom. The early starters were joined a few hours later by fashionable race goers in coaches and motor cars. A feature of the day was the unusual preponderance of women, whose light summer costumes gave a brightness to the roadward procession which has been noticeably lacking of recent years.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra, the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and other members of the royal family went down by train.

The large American contingent included Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, August Belmont and Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Commander John H. Gibbons, the naval attaché at London and Mrs. Gibbons, Captain Sydney Cloman, the military attaché and Mrs. Cloman, Mrs. Phillips, Gen. Leonard Wood and Mrs. Wood, Col. George Andrews and Richard Croker.

For the first time in the history of the race Norman III, an American citizen owned by August Belmont of New York by Octagon Niagara, was the favorite while W. K. Vanderbilt's French bred colt Seaforth II, by Elk-Sat-Sat, also occupied a very good position in the betting.

The Derby was won last year by Rock and Croker's Orby but this year Mr. Croker has no horse entered.

In addition to the American horses entered two American jockeys, Maher and Lyndon, had mounts in the race. Maher, who already has three Derbies to his credit, rode Libanius, owned by Sir Percy Walker and Lyndon was on Captain Apple, owned by J. B. Parnell.

Signorinetta, owned by L. G. Gifford and quoted in the betting at 100 to 1 against today defeated all the American, British and French stakes and captured the Derby stakes, valued at 6000 sovereigns, the greatest prize of the turf world. This Italian horse simply cantered home from the hot favorites by two lengths. A week only elapsed the second horse, the Duke of Portland's Premier, and the third, Barclay Walker's Libanius.

The Duke of Portland's Premier was second and Libanius, owned by Barclay Walker, Maher, the American jockey, was third. Libanius won the betting on Signorinetta 100 to 1 against, on Premier 100 to 1 against, and on Libanius 100 to 1 against.

A FEW FACTS ABOUT TEA

The Banks Having Demanded Their Money

OF

THE TEA IMPORTERS

AND THEY being unable to pay on account of dull times etc., the banks have been forced to sell the Teas for what they can get in order to collect what money they loaned the Tea Importers, having taken the tea as security. This verifies what we said in our last advertisement, that Tea Importers, have been losing money on Teas for the last two or three years, and wholesale dealers have been able to buy on the market cheaper than the Teas sold for in China, consequently, as we are not importers, we have been able to sell you high grade Teas at a good deal lower price than we could if we had imported them ourselves on that account.

So being called a Tea Importer is an empty symbol. In regard to new Teas, they commenced to pick China Teas about May 1st, the samples will be here about the last of June, and the goods will arrive about the last of July, so you can see, new Teas from China will not be on sale for sometime, and we will have them just as soon as they arrive. Samples of new Japan Teas are in now, and goods will probably arrive about the middle or last of this month. So there are not any New Japan Teas on sale yet. India and Ceylon Teas are picked every month in the year except February. Consequently they are the only new Teas on the market. All Teas depreciate by age. A Tea two years old is worth less than it was when one year old. So don't get stung. A cargo of tea consists of from 20,000 to 50,000 chests of Tea, not a 1000; so draw your own conclusion.

The Little Tea Store Just Around the Corner of John Street, No.

31, is Where You Get Big Value for Your Money in TEA and COFFEE, and Always Get What You Buy, and No Bluff About It.

We have an assortment of 14 different kinds of 80c Teas

WE SELL AT 38c A POUND

AND WILL WARRANT THERE ISN'T ANY BETTER SOLD IN TOWN AT 60c.

There Was Over 1000 Cups of Our Capital Coffee Drunk

MEMORIAL DAY BY THE G. A. R. MEN AND THEIR FRIENDS

Why? Because they know there is not any better sold in Lowell, at any price, and we sell it for 28c

NICHOLS & CO., 31 John St.

The Originators of High Grade Teas and Coffee at Lowest Prices North of Boston

STRANGE CAREER

Remarkable Life of Mrs. Brown Described by Companion

BOSTON, June 3.—There lived in Boston not long ago a woman of royal blood, the direct descendant of the old Welch kings, who at the time of her death was in possession of jewelry and pieces valued at more than a quarter of a million dollars.

Yet so quietly did she live and so unostentatious was she, that even her closest companion had no idea of the magnitude of her possessions until after her death.

This woman was Mrs. Albert J. Brown of 59 Newbury street, whose life reads like a page of romance. A southern landholder, she freed her slaves long before the emancipation proclamation was written.

An acquaintance of many famous men, and an authoress of note, her husband's death completely changed the entire course of her life. Her literary genius was changed into a mania for jewelry, and to the collection of the same she devoted the latter years of her life.

Miss Anna B. Eckstein, who lived with Mrs. Brown 14 years, gave an insight of Mrs. Brown's life to a reporter.

"Lauding Mrs. Brown as the most fascinating woman that she had ever known, Miss Eckstein declared that she was probably one of the most remarkable women that America has ever boasted."

"Mrs. Brown, who was the daughter of a famous Kentucky plantation owner and duellist, was one of the most charming girls of her day," said Miss Eckstein.

"As a child, her heart went out to the slaves on her father's plantation, and on the day when she became of age and came into a great fortune, she freed every slave that she owned."

"How many of these unfortunate slaves that she gave liberty to, I do not know, but they were a great many."

"When yet but a girl she wrote a book entitled 'The Autobiography of a Female Slave,' which received widespread publication just before Mrs. Brown's death."

Shortly after becoming of age she came north, first to Philadelphia and later to New York and Boston. She was undoubtedly a genius and it early showed in her. She had a remarkable faculty for telling stories, and such a lot of interesting ones did she have!

"She was one of the foremost persons in the abolition movement in the United States and her wealth, social position and talents were for her the means of doing good."

"Abroad she was courted and feted by royalty and was a close friend of Lord Lytton and Dickens."

"Her husband, who was associated with William Cullen Bryant on the New York Post, became the secretary of Governor Andrew."

"She and her husband met in Washington during the war. Their strong abolition sentiment brought them together."

"Before her husband's death she had always had somebody to manage the business part of her affairs, and after that up to the time of her death had in do it."

"Quiet and reserved in manner, she for years seemed to live in the past. She disliked all new things save jewelry, always appearing in quaint, old-fashioned dresses."

"She had then made in the styles of her younger years and wore them with the regal air of a queen. And well she might, for she could easily trace her ancestry back to the old Welsh kings."

"Her passion for jewelry, which has caused so much talk, was known of course to all of her friends, but its depth was by no means suspected even by me, and I slept right in the same room with her for 14 years."

"You see, she was a great shopper and loved to go in town to make purchases. These she would have quietly sent out to her home and, as we afterward learned, put them carefully away without so much as alluding to them."

"In fact, I doubt if she ever saw some of them again. We all knew that she had an unusual lot of jewelry of rare design and that she kept it in a closet of her room."

"We were totally unprepared, how-

ever, for the sight that met our gaze when this closet was opened. There, carefully put away in drawers and chests piled from the floor to the ceiling, was the most remarkable collection of jewelry that I think a woman ever possessed."

"In the lot were rings, brooches, necklaces and many kinds of jeweled ornaments."

"Most of the jewelry was as rare of design as in quality."

"This property all went to the Misses Martha and Mary Satterlee of New York city, two daughters of Mrs. Brown's only sister. The mother of these girls died just nine days before Mrs. Brown, and I always thought that her death caused Mrs. Brown's."

LADIES' AID

OF CENTRALVILLE M. E. CHURCH HELD SUPPER.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Centralville M. E. church held a strawberry festival and entertainment last night in the church vestry. During the early part of the evening supper was served, after which a pleasing entertainment was held, the program being as follows:

Song, "The Shanty Shop," Miss May Irvine; reading, "The Boy," Russell Fox; piano solo, Miss Gertrude Merrill; reading, "What the Little Girl Said," Arla Gauthier; song, "Tost's 'Good-Bye,'" Miss Irvine; Japanese girl, she young women.

The committee in charge consisted of Mrs. Russell Fox, Mrs. George Hubbard, Mrs. Avery Ryan, Mrs. Daniel Munson, Mrs. M. J. Tins, Mrs. Chas. True, Mrs. R. A. Smith and Mrs. J. J. Callahan.

The entertainment committee consisted of Miss Allena Luce and Miss Sadie Munson.

BOY KILLED

WAS RUN OVER BY ELECTRIC CAR.

BOSTON, June 3.—Willie Bohlwell, 10 years old, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Ruth Bohlwell of 401 Washington street, Roslindale, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon by being run over by an "Inbound" car of the Walpole line of the elevated car of the Walpole line of the elevated road on Washington street near Kittredge street, Roslindale. The body was terribly mutilated.

The car was in charge of motorman Michael Murray and Conductor Donald E. Russell. No blame attaches to the motorman, who did everything in his power to stop the car and prevent the accident.

PARISH SUPPER

AT THE HIGHLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

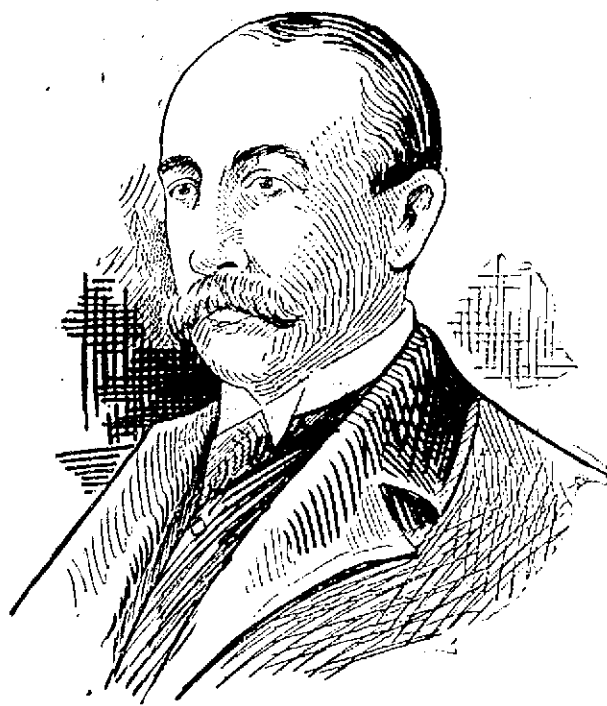
The last monthly parish supper of the season was held at the Highland Congregational church last night, the affair taking the form of a strawberry festival. Mrs. James Fitching had charge. The entertainment was under the direction of P. Waldron Edmunds and was of exceptional merit. It consisted of Romburg's Toy Symphony; duet by Mr. Edmunds and Mrs. Annie Hamilton Johnson; songs, Charles H. Howard, James E. Donnelly and Mrs. Johnson; cornet selection, Harry Girard.

PROF. WHITAKER

ENTERTAINED SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS AND OFFICIALS.

The regular monthly meeting of the officers and teachers of the Branch Street Baptist Sunday school were entertained last night at the home of Prof. Channing Whitaker and his family. At the conclusion of the regular business an interesting address was made by Miss Jaquith of Woburn relating to her experiences in connection with the associated charities in Boston.

Miss Grace B. Whitaker followed with a very helpful talk on the simple life as related to physical culture in the matter of diet and exercise. The friends of the officers and teachers also attended, the whole number amounting to about 40 persons. The party left Lowell about 5 o'clock and did not return until nearly 11.



JOHN HAYS HAMMOND, CANDIDATE FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

VICE PRESIDENT

John Hays Hammond Wants Place

TWO CANDIDATES FROM BAY STATE

Crane and Lodge to Hold Conference

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Gov. Guild

will have a rival for the vice presidential nomination from Massachusetts, John Hays Hammond, the noted mining engineer and expert, who is said to draw the largest salary paid to any man in the world, is being boomed for the vice presidency on the Taft ticket, and yesterday Mr. Hammond called on Sec. Taft and intimated to him that he would be glad to serve in that capacity.

Although Mr. Hammond is a citizen of the world rather than of any one locality, his legal residence is Gloucester, and as a Massachusetts man he would come before the convention.

Just who first conceived the idea of making Mr. Hammond a candidate is not known, but some days ago it was rumored in Washington that serious efforts were being made to secure support for him.

These reports were at first not given much credence, for while Mr. Hammond is recognized the world over as the greatest living mining authority, it was never known that he had taken the slightest interest in politics and it is doubtful if the men who knew Mr. Hammond in his profession had any knowledge whether he was a republican or a democrat.

CRANE AND LODGE

BOSTON, June 3.—Senator Crane will be in town today and it is expected he will have a long talk with Senator Lodge prior to his leaving for Chicago Thursday, where he is to attend the sessions of the republican national committee. Mr. Crane is the Massachusetts member of the committee.

There is a feeling among some of the senator's friends that he will be the chairman of the national committee. As such he will be the manager of the Taft campaign for the presidency. It is also probable that Senator Crane will see or communicate with Gov. Guild while in the city relative to the plan of campaign for the latter's nomination for vice president at Chicago.

If political gossipers are to be believed, Massachusetts is going to capture everything in sight at the coming national convention. A few of the good things picked out by the state makers for Bay state republicans in the coming presidential campaign are: Senator Lodge for chairman of the convention, Gov. Guild for vice president, Senator Crane for chairman of the national committee, with Frank H. Hitchcock,

who used to live in Somerville, as his right-hand man in the campaign.

Shrewd observers do not quite see how all these good things can come to Massachusetts in one campaign, but if they do the friends of all of those mentioned for honors are certain that the party could not pick better men for the posts mentioned.

BERTHRONG'S OFFER.

Artist Henry W. Berthrong of Arlington offered a republican state headquarters yesterday and offered to make, free of charge, portraits of Gov. Guild 10 feet square for not only the Massachusetts headquarters at Chicago, but also for the headquarters of all the states that have signified their intention of supporting the Bay State nomination.

LIEUT. PEARY

IS ANXIOUS TO REACH SOUTH POLE.

PORTLAND, Me., June 3.—Speaking of the expedition which it is said is being fitted out to locate the south pole, Commander Robert E. Peary, upon his departure for New York said he had felt for some years that this country should take up the subject of the expedition of the south pole, but that he did not feel that he wanted to attack it until he had finished his work in the north.

"If I arrive at the north pole on this trip," said Commander Peary, "my next ambition will be to plant the Stars and Stripes at the farthest point south. I feel that it would be about as difficult to reach one as the other. Having started for the farthest north, I am going to keep on until I succeed or die, but I do wish that some one would come forward who would be able to battle with the elements of the south and make that also territory to be invaded by a Yankee."

MUST PAY DUTY

On a Necklace Worth \$340,000

NEW YORK, June 3.—Customs duties of 60 per cent must be paid on the \$340,000 pearl necklace imported from France by Mrs. William B. Leeds, unmarried, in the United States circuit court yesterday. This decision sustained the ruling made by the collector of the port.

After the necklace was purchased in Paris the pearls were separated and brought to this country as individual gems in the belief that they would be admitted upon the payment of 10 per cent duty which the law provides for individual pearls. The collector of the port ruled, however, that as the pearls had been used as a necklace and were intended to be used in that form again, the full duty of 60 per cent, should be levied. This contention Judge Lacombe upheld in his decision yesterday.

Mrs. Leeds is the wife of the president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad.

It was upon Mrs. Leeds that the government relied to prove that the pearls were really a necklace. She said she had seen the necklace in Cartier's and in Citron's in Paris, early in 1906. Sometimes the pearls were loose and sometimes they were strung, and two clasped. Changes were made among the pearls as they were shown about from one to the other of the big jewelry stores. On a number of occasions Mrs. Leeds said she wore the pearls while in Paris.

After she closed the bargain with Citron she returned to this country. He followed with the pearls. Their invoice value was \$200,000. When Citron declared the pearls at the New York custom house he paid duty at the rate of 10 per cent, ad valorem and the invoice valuation.

Later the custom authorities ordered a revaluation on the ground that the pearls constituted a necklace dutiable at 60 per cent. And the government's suit to recover an additional \$140,000 followed.

There are 37 pearls in the necklace. The combined weight is 935 grains. The central pearl weighs 53 grains, the first pair 8 3/4 and succeeding pairs are graduated, each being within two or three grains of those preceding.

MAINE BRANCH

OF THE KINGS DAUGHTERS AND SONS IN SESSION.

BIDDEFORD, Me., June 3.—Miss Gertrude Libby of New York, one of the daughters of the Kings Daughters and Sons, is taking a prominent part in the annual convention of the Maine branch of that organization now being held in the Second Congregational church.

Entertaining remarks were exchanged at the forenoon session today. Miss Libby speaking for the central council of the order. Papers on a half dozen subjects of interest were read.

POLICE BOARD

Granted a Number of Minor Licenses

The regular meeting of the police board was held last night and the following minor licenses were granted:

Hawker and peddler—Henry Laporte, 711 Lakeview avenue; William Spellman, 109 Hastings street; Henry H. Walk, 133 Howard street; Almie Lord, 113 Salem street; John Holland, 122 Jewett street; William W. Whitney, Wilbow avenue, Braut, Mass.; James Doherty, Colburn street; Mrs. M. A. Ross, 105 Shaw street.

Common victualler—Martha T. Mack, corner of Charles and Gorham streets; Martin T. Mack, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets; Maria A. McLean, 173 Fletcher street; Mary A. Mason, 28 John street; Frank C. D'Avila, 232 Middlesex street; Kate Owens, 61 Worthen street; Mary A. Kelle, 116 Middlesex street; J. Albert Evans, 19 Bridge street; Bertha N. Reynolds, 27 and 51 Palmer street; Della Evans, 162 South street; Adelaide Bennett, 201 West Sixth street; Elmer Houghton, Gorham street.

Employment office—Sarah Anderson, 1029 Gorham street.

Express—Manchester & Concord Express company, 15 Central street; Henry J. Mahoney, North Billerica, Mass.

Job wagon—Peter Marchand, 32 Ward street.

Junk collector—Eben Town, 213 Middlesex street; Alexander Perkins, 126 Howard street.

Fish cart—James Doherty, Colburn street.

The second-hand clothing license of Michael Banks, 231 Middlesex street, was revoked.

ROBBERY CHARGE

American is in Jail in Belgium

LISLE, France, June 3.—Charles Von Millewich of South Fulton street, Philadelphia, has been in jail here for the past fortnight on an extradition warrant from Tournai, Belgium, charging him with robbing his father-in-law of \$100 while visiting him at Frumes, Belgium, early in May. The authorities of Lisle have treated Von Millewich, who protests his innocence, with great harshness. They refused to permit him to see his wife and for a time they would not allow him to communicate with the American consular agent here, C. J. King. Later they ignored a communication from Mr. King transmitting a confession from Von Millewich's sister-in-law declaring that she took the money in question to enable her to accompany Von Millewich to America. Mr. King has asked Ambassador White and Consul General Mason at Paris to intervene in the matter.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Rural Telephone Service

Residences, **55c Per Month**
Business, **70c Per Month**

A Plan by which residents of rural districts may be connected with the Rural Exchanges of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Inquire of the Manager of the nearest central office of the New England Company's system, or write for pamphlet "Rural Telephone Service," to New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, Advertising Dept., Room 914, No. 101 Milk Street, Boston.

WESTFORD

The Westford board of education met Monday night and transacted considerable business. The subject of transportation and transfer of teachers was discussed with the following results:

Nabunassett school will be closed and the children that live on the main line of electric cars will be transported to the Graniteville school. Those that live on the "spur track" division, will be taken to the new Centre school at Westford Centre. The Nashoba school will be closed, the children being transported to Westford Centre. The Minto's corner and Parkerville schools will continue as they are. The Stony Brook school will be closed and children transported to Westford Centre.

The transfer of teachers was as follows: Miss Ruth Fisher, from Academy to principal of Centre grammar; Miss Anna Mellen from Stony Brook to Centre grammar; Miss Ruth P. Tuttle from Graniteville to Centre grammar; Gerald M. Decatur from Nabunassett to principal of Graniteville grammar; Miss Harriet Miller from Centre to Cameron school, Forge Village.

The committee will furnish transportation in the districts where schools are closed to the Centre grammar and the academy. The committee unanimously voted that after the necessary changes have been made to the Forge Village building this will be known hereafter as the Cameron School, Forge Village. Miss Letitia V. Ward will be the principal of the above named school.

The regular monthly playout of the Abbot House company No. 1, of Westford, was held Monday night. Lieut. Edward M. Abbott, Capt. Burns of the local fire department was present and gave the men instructions relative to the fighting of fires.

Eddy Refrigerators

A. E. O'HEIR & CO. Merrimack Square

New Goods

New Methods



JOHN S. BACHMAN, Pres.

JOHN J. BURNS, Sec'y.

MATTHEW SCOTT, Treas.

Thursday Specials

AT THE STORE OF ADVANCED IDEAS

Another Evidence of the Recent Tremendous Crash in the Prices of

SHIRT WAISTS

A Fortunate Purchase of Shirt Waists

A large manufacturer closed out to us the balance of his stock of Lingerie and Lawn Waists, which we will put on sale Thursday morning on the main floor, near the door.

There are 12 different styles worth from \$1.25 to \$1.50. Sale price **69c**

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY OF SUITS. Prices from 1-3 to 1-2 Off

These include Panamas, Serges and Novelty Suitings in large assortment; also the latest White and Black Stripes.

WHITE GOODS

Main Floor

Complete assortment of plain and fancy White Goods for graduation, such as Lawns, Plain Checks and Striped Dimity, Mercerized Chiffon, Batiste, Muslin of all kinds.

Special showing of Luna Lawn, one of the finest Lawns on the market at 20c, 25c and 37 1/2c a Yard

Mercerized "Checked" Waists made from the finest combed yarn, sold as high as 75c a yard, only 39c a Yard

25c Long Cloth for 12 1/2c a Yard. This Long Cloth is one yard wide, extra fine quality—nothing better for good underwear.

We have the most complete Linen Department in the city and goods are warranted to give satisfaction.

2, 2 1/2 and 3 yards long, 2 yards wide, pure linen, extra heavy and fine quality bleached damask patterns Table Cloth from one of the best manufacturers in Europe, handsome designs and many to choose from at \$2.25, \$3.00 and \$3.50 Each

Napkins to match—20-in., \$2.50, 22-in., \$3.00, 24-in., \$3.50.

Brown Linen Suiting at 19c, 25c, 33c, 37 1/2c, 45c and 50c a Yard

White and Fancy Striped Linen Suiting, from 25c to \$1.00 a Yard

Women's Hose

Black and Tan, regular price 25c, Thursday, 19c

Corset Covers

Lace Trimmed Corset Covers, regular price 25c, Thursday 15c

On the Corner **The Gilbride Co.** On the Corner

Gold Medal Flour
It's a Biscuit Flour
It's a Pastry Flour
It's a Bread Flour
It's a Cake Flour

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY



WORK FOR 600 AT HOOD FARM

Big Sale Was Conducted Today

Supt. Morse said today that inside of a week 600 men would be engaged in reef and sewer work in and about Lowell.

More than 500 men reported at the city stables this morning and about 50 were added to yesterday's forces. Mr. Morse says it is now simply a question

of cleaning up the small jobs. Two or three of his foremen are tied up on small jobs and when they have been completed he will start them with big gangs to the Oaklands and Wigginsville. The 600 men will work six hour shifts, 300 reporting at 7 o'clock in the morning and the other 300 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

WOMEN DOCTORS

Take a Stand Against Race Suicide

CHICAGO, June 3.—"Wives who choose foster race suicide should be held criminally responsible."

This was the declaration made by numerous women physicians after Dr. Walter Dorsett of St. Louis had delivered an address denouncing the attitude of women who oppose the Roosevelt theory. Several speakers who followed Dr. Dorsett declared that the law should be so amended as to permit the punishment of these women.

The sectional meeting which was held yesterday by feminine practitioners in attendance upon the American Medical Association adopted resolutions providing that a propaganda of education be launched.

A committee will agree upon some method of reaching the lay mind either by popular lectures or by a legitimate publication.

PENNY POSTAGE

BETWEEN AMERICA AND GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 3.—Postmaster General Buxton announced in the commons today that penny postage between America and Great Britain will come effective on Oct. 1 of this year. The rate will be the same as Great Britain and her colonies, one penny per letter. The announcement was greeted with hearty cheers.

JUDGE PROUTY

DEFEATED REP. HULL FOR CONGRESS.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 3.—One of the sensational results of yesterday's primaries was the election of Judge Prouty for member of congress who defeated Rep. Hull by an estimated plurality 1200.

Judge Prouty carried Polk, Storey, Marion and Dallas counties. He carried nearly every precinct in Des Moines and Polk county.

Congressman Hull today conceded defeat to Prouty.

Mr. Hull is chairman of the house committee on military affairs.

SEN. ALLISON

DES MOINES, Ia., June 3.—According to returns received this morning Senator Allison is nominated United States senator by a majority of fully 12,000 over Gov. Cummins.

7-20-4
10c CIGAR

Increased sales in past two months \$37,000. Money's worth to consumer tells the story.

Have You Tried Our REGAL

A STRICTLY HIGH GRADE

COFFEE
28c a lb.

The Best Coffee Sold in Lowell

Where Quality Counts O'Brien Gets the Trade.

O'Brien's Tea Store
36 JOHN STREET

Next Door to John Street Public Market.

DWYER & CO.

Painters and Decorators and Paper Hangers.

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 41 Andover street.

CHOP SUEY

Try it at

CHIN LEE & CO'S

New Chinese restaurant, 177 Merrimack st., near John st. Rooms reserved for private parties. Telephone.

SENATOR PLATT

MUST PAY LAW FIRM \$240 EXPENSES.

NEW YORK, June 3.—U. S. Senator Platt will be compelled to pay to the law firm of Marsh, Winslow and Weaver \$240 expenses which they paid for Mrs. Lillian Janevay Platt, the senator's wife, during the pendency of her suit for a separation from the senator. This was the verdict of the jury in the supreme court which heard the testimony in the case yesterday. The jury was unable to agree last night and the court decided that they heard in a sealed verdict today.

FIVE ARRESTED

THEY WERE HELD AS SUSPICIOUS PERSONS.

James Neilson, Thomas McGann and Charles Hurl of Boston and Charles Smith and Arthur Kelley of New York were arrested about two o'clock this morning by Patrolman Daniel Murphy and sent to the police station where they were booked as being suspicious characters. They were released this afternoon being notified to leave the city as soon as possible.

IN PLAIN CLOTHES

POLICE INSPECTORS KEPT WATCH ON SUSPICIOUS PERSONS.

The police inspectors as well as patrolmen of the local department in plain clothes were kept busy today on the streets during the parade and in the afternoon at the circus watching for crooks. As a general rule a number of pickpockets follow every circus and manage to secure considerable money unless the police are vigilant.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Thomas Chestnut of Central Falls R. I. and Miss Jennie Kelly of 49 Wamesit street, this city, were united in marriage Tuesday afternoon. Rev. A. St. John Chabre, D. D., performed the marriage ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Annie Kelly, her sister, and the best man was Duncan Kelly, also a brother of the bride. The bride was attired in a white muslin gown and carried a white muslin bouquet and carried a white muslin gown and carried a white muslin bouquet. Mr. and Mrs. Chestnut left on the 6:23 train for Pawtucket, R. I. On their return they will make their home at 29 Bullard street, Dorchester, Mass.

Mrs. A. H. Knapp of 148 Powell street is visiting relatives in West Plattsburg, New York.

STOCK MARKET

Today's Quotations on Active Stocks

The following are the closing quotations of today's stock market for active stocks.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Atchafalpa	82 1/2
Amalgamated	90 1/2
Am. Sugar	139
Am. Car Foundry	33 1/4
Am. Smelting and Refining Co.	75
Am. Locomotive	50 1/4
Anaconda	42 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	90 3/4
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	45 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	45 1/4
Chicago Great Western	7 1/2
Consolidated Gas	125
Colorado Fuel and Iron	27 1/2
Canada Pacific	159 1/2
Erie	23
Erie 1st	41
Great Northern pfd.	132
Interboro	13
Interboro pfd.	32 1/2
Louisville & Nashville	110 1/2
Missouri, Kansas & T. com.	28
Missouri, Kansas & T. pfd.	62
Mexican Central	18 1/2
Missouri Pacific	57 1/2
Norfolk & Pacific	168 1/2
New York Central	195
National Lead	85 1/2
Penn.	121 1/2
Peoples Gas	91 1/2
Reading	114 1/2
Pacific Mail	28 1/2
Rock Island	17 1/2
Rock Island pfd.	37 1/2
Republic Iron and Steel	15 1/2
Republic Iron and Steel pfd.	68
Southern Railway	15
Southern Railway pfd.	40 1/2
Schloss-Sheffield	42 1/2
Southern Pacific	86 1/2
U. S. Steel	38 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	102 1/2
U. S. Rubber	50 1/2
Utah Copper	32 1/2
Wabash	12
Western Union	57 1/2

* Ex-dividend.

BOSTON STOCKS.

Boston Cons.	12 1/2
Copper Range	52 1/2
Centennial	22 1/2
Mohawk	61
Greene, Carca	67
La Salle	14 1/2
Mass Electric	10
Mass. Electric pfd.	44 1/2
Mass. Gas	85
Mass. Gas pfd.	85
North Boston	67 1/2
Old Dominion	53
Farroist	21 1/2
Quincy	52 1/2
Trinity	11
Shannon	14
United Fruit	14 1/2
Utah	42 1/2
U. S. Smelting com.	85
Woolen pfd.	10 1/2
Nevada Consol.	14 1/2
Atlantic	14
Cal. Az.	110
Franklin	9

AT HOOD FARM

Big Sale Was Conducted Today

The Hood farm annual auction sale took place today, beginning at 10 o'clock this forenoon. The weather was perfect and there was a large and enthusiastic crowd. Some of the buyers were a little late in arriving but they made their presence felt when they landed.

Every animal was pledged to absolute sale and if there were two or more bids on the same animal it was sold to the highest bidder. The ages of the beautiful and well bred creatures offered for sale ranged all the way from calves two and three months old to cows ten and eleven years old.

It is generally conceded that Hood farm, by its annual auction, offers an opportunity to secure almost at one's own price some of the best breeding stock and best individuals in the world.

A number of imported cattle was sold today. The highest price, \$170, was paid for Sir Wain's Golden Leda, sold to A. W. Pope of Wellesley, Mass. The prices for imported cattle ranged from \$150 to the price already mentioned.

The sale of American bred stock was started with the sale of two young bulls. One out of Emma's Rovera was sold to Ford Graham of Washington, D. C., for \$200.

The purchaser of the other bull was Henry B. Prescott of Derry, N. H. He paid \$135.

Mr. J. E. Dodge, formerly of the Hood farm and now of the Penhurst farm, Marlboro, Pa., bought several American and imported cattle and he purchased under a heavy fire of bids from representatives of other farms. Mr. Dodge, however, knew what he wanted and he was there with the goods. He paid \$300 for a heifer, the daughter of Hood farm Pegasus.

The sale was held under the management of L. F. Herrick of Worcester, auctioneer and commission agent in imported live stock, and the auctioneers were Col. R. B. Bailey, Gibson City, Ill., and O. A. Kelley, Worcester.

RACING SEASON

BATON ROUGE, La., June 3.—At a meeting of the joint judiciary committee of the house of representatives of the Louisiana assembly today the bill prohibiting book making and other forms of gambling at race tracks received a favorable report. Out of 32 members present 27 declared themselves in favor of the measure. The bill if passed will in effect abolish the long racing season which has marked the winter in New Orleans for many years.

BASEBALL

Washington Park, Tomorrow Afternoon
LOWELL vs. NEW BEDFORD

Reserved seats for all Saturdays and holidays on sale at Carter & Sherburne's and Willson's stores.

HELD FOR GRAND JURY CITY

The case of James Danis charged with feloniously assaulting Nellie Ayers at Willow Dale last Sunday was heard in police court this morning and after the evidence had been submitted Danis was held under \$300 for his appearance before the grand jury.

Mrs. Charlotte A. Ayers, mother of the girl, was the first witness called and testified in part as follows: "I live in Hudson, N. H., and that girl," pointing towards the girl, "is my daughter. Her name is Nellie and she is 15 years of age. Last Sunday she left home with her cousin with the intention of going to visit her uncle over the river in Tyngsboro. In the afternoon I went down to Lakeview to hear the band concert. While I was there I met her cousins and they told me she had gone out to ride with a man. I then notified the police officers and they went in search of her. In a little while they returned. The girl's hair was disheveled and a portion of her clothing was torn."

The clothing in question was produced and the witness identified it as a portion of her daughter's clothing. She said she had a conversation with her daughter and the latter said the defendant had assaulted her.

Nellie M. Ayers, the girl who it is alleged was assaulted, was the next witness. She testified that she did not know how old she was and continuing said: "While I was outside the skating rink waiting for my cousins that man came along and invited me to take a ride with him. I went with him and when we got on a back road he assaulted me."

Cross-examined by Lawyer Hill witness said that she did not understand Greek. She thought he spoke French to her but whatever language he used she was unable to understand him.

PEOPLE OF SOUTH

OBSERVE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF JEFF DAVIS' BIRTH.

NEW ORLEANS, June 3.—With appropriate exercises the people of the south today celebrated the 100th anniversary of the birth of Jefferson Davis. The date was observed as a whole or partial holiday in Kentucky, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas, South Carolina, Louisiana and Virginia and varied between the entire cessation of business and the mere closing of the public schools.

In Louisiana the day was a legal holiday. It was most memorable in New Orleans for the dedication of the site here for the monument which is to be erected to the memory of President Davis by the people of the south.

BOSTON MARKET.

BOSTON, June 3.—The general weakness in the New York list was reflected when the local copper share market opened quietly and with an irregular tone.

Patrolman John Sullivan, a special officer at Lakeview, testified to arresting Danis. He saw the girl give Deputy Welch some money and she said that the fellow she had been with had given her the money.

William H. Cullinan, a police officer of Dracut testified to bringing Danis to the local police station. He said that the girl told him she had been assaulted.

The government rested its case at this point as the rest of the testimony was cumulative.

When the defendant was called he said he did not understand English. Lawyer Donahue informed the court that the man could speak English as he had appeared before the police board at a recent hearing. Danis, however, refused to be sworn in English and a Greek interpreter was pressed into service. He said he met the Ayers girl at Lakeview and she asked him for a ride and he complied with her request. He denied having assaulted her.

On cross-examination witness said he was arrested a short time ago for illegally keeping liquor and at that time gave the name of James Spadoulos. He said his right name is Demetrius Daplis, but he went under the name of James Danis.

Drs. Collins and Wiggin testified that they examined the girl and they informed the court the result of their examination.

LARCENY CHARGE

Benjamin F. Donnelly was charged with the larceny of a watch valued at \$15 and a pair of shoes valued at \$1.75, the property of Patrick Cassidy of Church street. He entered a plea of not guilty and upon request of the government the case was continued till tomorrow morning. He was placed under \$300 bonds.

BRYAN'S TOUR.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., June 3.—W. J. Bryan began the last day of his Nebraska tour at North Platte where he arrived this morning. He spoke for an hour at the opera house, directing his remarks particularly to the railroads.

CHAMBERLAIN WINS.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 3.—Though returns from Monday's elections are far from complete enough are at hand today to warrant a belief that Gov. Chamberlain, democrat, will have a majority of 1000 or more over Judge S. M. Calk, his republican opponent for United States senator.

Children's dresses were 75c and \$1.00, 30c at Chris. Holmes' store, Thursday.

All kinds of GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND NICKEL PLATING

done at
Derby & Morse's
64 Middle street.

CITY SOLICITOR

Gives An Opinion on Janitor McCarthy's Case

City Solicitor Hill gives his opinion that John McCarthy is not a permanent janitor in the school department.

The opinion, as follows, was submitted by the city solicitor today in reply to a request by the superintendent of schools:

Office of City Solicitor,
Lowell, Mass.
June 2, 1908.

Mr. A. K. Whitcomb, Supt. of Schools:
Dear Sir:—Under date of April 4th, pursuant to a vote of the school board, you ask my opinion as to whether or not one John McCarthy has become a permanent janitor in the school department without being elected as such by the school committee and you have furnished me the following facts upon which to base my opinion:

Upon April 2nd, 1906, by a special act of the legislature, school-house janitors were placed in charge of the school committee; upon April 11th, of that year the school board voted that a sub-committee of three be appointed to take charge of janitors. Upon April 18th, after the school board in meeting had taken certain action relative to janitors it was voted that the sub-committee on janitors be given full power to make other changes in janitors, as occasion might seem to require.

On May 29th, the school board voted that Mr. Sturtevant be made supervisor of janitors and that the immediate direction of all janitors, subject to the committee, be placed entirely in his hands. You also inform me that since the passage of said act of 1906 the school board elected men as permanent janitors and that upon subsequent dates the school board has elected additional janitors to permanent positions as needed and that the sub-committee on janitors has made changes and transfers and has employed temporary or substitute janitors as needed. Mr. McCarthy and two others are eligible to all a vacancy in the position of temporary janitor in the school department; and that Mr. McCarthy was upon November 13th, 1906, given work as a temporary janitor at the Greenhouse school, which work continued without intermission until May 15th, 1907, and that on several subsequent occasions he has been given work as a substitute or temporary janitor. You have stated to me that the school board has at no time delegated its authority to elect or appoint permanent janitors and that Mr. McCarthy has never been elected or appointed as a janitor by the school board.

By section 5 of chapter 415 of the acts of 1896 and by chapter 229 of the acts of 1905 the school board is given the power to appoint janitors, and if they have not delegated that power, which supposition your statement of facts denies, no sub-committee or officer of the department has the right to appoint janitors to permanent positions. If Mr. McCarthy was not appointed or employed as a permanent janitor but merely as a temporary janitor I do not now of any provision of law or of any rule of the civil service commission which makes him a permanent janitor. You inform me that he claims that because he has served continuously for more than six months as a janitor he thereby under the civil service rules has become a permanent janitor. I suppose he makes this claim under rule 29 of the civil service commission which provides that "every original appointment and employment in the permanent service shall be for the probationary period of six months; at the end of which time the probationer shall become by lapse of the probation period permanently appointed or employed." This rule, however, applies only to an appointment or employment in the "permanent service." From the facts stated I fail to find that Mr. McCarthy has ever been appointed to or employed in the permanent service. His appointment was merely temporary and whenever the necessity for his services ceased the sub-committee or supervisor of janitors, which ever engaged him, could discontinue his services. Therefore I am of the opinion that Mr. McCarthy has not become a permanent

janitor since he has not been appointed or elected as such by the school board.

Respectfully submitted,

J. Gilbert Hill,
City Solicitor.



IT'S NOT WISDOM TO WAIT till the fire-bell calls on you and licks up your possessions. It's better wisdom to prepare for his coming by a policy of

FIRE INSURANCE

In a good company, where for a small premium you can sleep easy at night and attend to your business during the day. If your policy's lapsed, or you're reckless enough to have none at all, notify us and we'll at once place your property under protection. He writes in time. Today—tomorrow may be too late.

Russell Fox
159 MIDDLESEX STREET

Superfluous Hair

Removed by the New Principle

DeMiracle

A revelation to modern science. It is the only scientific and practical way to destroy hair. Don't waste time experimenting with electrolysis, Kary and depilatories. These are merely irritants to the operators and manufacturers. DeMiracle is the only method which is endorsed by physicians, surgeons, dermatologists, medical journals and prominent magazines. DeMiracle is applied in plain wrapper for \$1.00. Your money back without question (no red tape) if it fails to do all that is claimed for it. Beware of cheap imitations sold without the DeMiracle Chemical Co. 309 Park Ave., New York.

For sale at all good stores and

A. G. POLLARD CO., Merrimack St.

NEVER BETTER HOSE FOR THE PRICE THAN COBURN'S 7-PLY TEMPEST HOSE

3-4 inch, 13 1-2c Foot

We Repair Garden Hose.

C. B. Coburn Co.

63 Market Street

If your hair is turning gray use

Improved Hair Restorer

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE

217 CENTRAL STREET

Special Thursday Offering at the Merrimack Women's Store

Silk Princess

Jumper Dresses

VALUES UP TO \$20, AT

\$12.50

We're going to boom business in June. Every Thursday we will offer some extra values in high class garments that are seasonable—values so strong as to command attention.

It will pay you to watch for these announcements—they will point the way to liberal savings.

Our New York dressmakers have sent over this week a small lot of those fashionable Silk Jumper Dresses in the newest stripes in taffeta silks. To make the lot complete in sizes we have taken about thirty dresses from our regular stock, including sizes 32 to 42 bust, most of them selling up to \$20.00, and will offer them to our patrons together with this late shipment.

The lot includes besides taffeta in plain colors, foulards, messalines, pongee and rajah silks in the new shades.

Come early Thursday morning for the best values; no dresses in this lot will be reserved.

NOTE—A reasonable charge will be made for any alterations.

SEE THESE IN OUR WINDOW. NONE ON SALE UNTIL THURSDAY.

THE MERRIMACK CLOTHING COMPANY

Across From City Hall

George H. Wood

137 to 151 Central Street

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Wedding and Graduation

Presents

CLASS PINS - 50c to \$5 EACH

Special designs made to order, to suit all classes.

Never before in the history of this store has the variety of wedding gifts been so varied or the price so reasonable. Everything is new and up to date and low prices prevail throughout the store.

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator, in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily net average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1907 was

15,453

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1908.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest net average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other dapers.

SCHOOL BOARD "TECHNIQUE"

THE SCHOOL BOARD IS GETTING READY TO INDULGE A LITTLE GRAFTING ON MUSIC BOOKS. ON PRETENSE THAT THE BOOKS NOW IN USE ARE DEFECTIVE IN THE MATTER OF "TECHNIQUE" THEY MUST BE CHANGED.

THE MUSICAL INSTRUCTOR MAY UNDERSTAND THE MEANING OF TECHNIQUE, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PROBABLY DO NOT, AND IT IS NOT AT ALL LIKELY THAT THE PUPILS WILL EVER BE SUFFICIENTLY FAR ADVANCED BY THE INSTRUCTION THEY RECEIVE IN THE SCHOOLS TO UNDERSTAND WHAT IT MEANS. WE DO NOT IMAGINE THAT THE CHANGE OF TEXT-BOOKS WILL MAKE THE SLIGHTEST DIFFERENCE IN THIS RESPECT.

MESSRS. SWAPP AND GOWARD ARE CREDITED WITH BEING THE GREAT STICKLERS FOR MUSICAL TECHNIQUE. IT JARS THEIR SENSITIVE MUSICAL NATURES TO THINK THAT THERE IS SUCH AN ABSENCE OF THAT ARTISTIC SOMETHING WHICH MUSICIANS CALL TECHNIQUE BUT WHICH MIGHT AS WELL BE CALLED BY SOME OTHER NAME. DR. LANOUREUX IS LIABLE TO BE DUBBED AS LACKING IN THE FINER ATTRIBUTES OF HUMAN NATURE, SINCE THE LACK OF TECHNIQUE HAS NOT JARRED HIS MUSICAL SUSCEPTIBILITIES IN THE LEAST, AND YET HIS MUSICAL EDUCATION IS PROBABLY SUPERIOR TO THAT OF ANY OTHER MEMBER OF THE BOARD.

OF COURSE IT MATTERS NOT WHERE THE FUNDS MAY COME FROM TO PAY THE BILLS. THE CREDIT OF THE CITY IS GOOD FOR THAT AND MONEY BELONGING TO THE CITY IS NO OBJECT IN A MATTER OF SECURING MUSICAL TECHNIQUE.

THE POLICY OF MAKING AN EXPENSIVE CHANGE IN TEXT BOOKS THIS YEAR IS IN LINE WITH THE EXPRESSED INTENTION OF MR. SWAPP WHEN HE, SPEAKING AS THE SCHOOL BOARD, SAID HE WOULD TAKE NO NOTICE OF ANY RESTRAINT IMPOSED BY THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. THAT WOULD BE OPPOSED TO THE PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL TECHNIQUE AS RECENTLY EXEMPLIFIED IN THE SCHOOL BOARD. VERILY THE SCHOOL BOARD IS BADLY OFF FOR AN EXCUSE TO CHANGE TEXT BOOKS WHEN IT CAN FIND NONE MORE SUBSTANTIAL THAN MUSICAL TECHNIQUE.

DROWNING ACCIDENTS

THE SEASON OF THE YEAR IN WHICH BOYS SEEK LAKE AND RIVER HAS ARRIVED AND ALREADY THE FIRST DROWNING HAS BEEN RECORDED IN THE SAD ACCIDENT TO LITTLE TOM FAY. BOYS HAVE A STRANGE FASCINATION FOR THE WATER AND WHEN THEY GO BATHING THEY ARE USUALLY TOO VENTURE-SOME. AS A RESULT WE HAVE MANY DROWNING ACCIDENTS DURING THE COURSE OF A SEASON. IT IS ALL BECAUSE THE BOYS DISOBEY THE ORDERS OF THEIR PARENTS, FOR ONE OF THE MOST IMPERATIVE INJUNCTIONS GIVEN WITH DAILY REGULARITY TO CHILDREN RESIDING NEAR SUCH PLACES IS, TO KEEP AWAY FROM THE WATER. UNFORTUNATELY WE HAVE NO PUBLIC BATHS AT WHICH THE CHILDREN COULD BE TAUGHT TO SWIM, BUT IT IS VERY IMPORTANT THAT THEY SHOULD BE SO TAUGHT SOMEWHERE OR SOMEHOW. THE ABILITY TO SWIM IS THE BEST PROTECTION AGAINST DROWNING ACCIDENTS.

IT MAY NOT BE A MATTER OF MUCH CONSEQUENCE IN THE OPINION OF SOME, BUT IF WE HAD A SWIMMING POND FOR BOYS, CONDUCTED EVEN IN THE SUMMER ONLY, IT WOULD SAVE AT LEAST HALF A DOZEN LIVES A YEAR. TO THE PARENTS OF THE CITY, WE SURMISE, THIS PROPOSITION WOULD APPEAL MOST STRONGLY: TO THE HUMANE WHO HAVE NO CHILDREN IT SHOULD APPEAL WITH EQUAL FORCE.

WE REGRET THAT THERE IS NO PHILANTHROPIST TO TAKE THIS MATTER UP AND PROVIDE AN ARTIFICIAL SWIMMING POND IN WHICH THE BOYS OF THE CITY COULD LEARN TO SWIM SO THAT THEY WILL NOT BE DROWNED IF THEY CHANCE AT ANY TIME TO GET BEYOND THEIR DEPTH. A SMALL SUM OF MONEY WOULD SUFFICE TO MAKE A CREDITABLE BEGINNING, BUT EVEN THIS SEEMS TO BE MORE THAN THE CITY CAN AFFORD AT THE PRESENT TIME.

THE AUTO RACE

WHETHER WE HAVE THE GREAT AUTO RACE OR NOT, LET US HOPE THAT IT WILL NOT BE MADE THE PRETEXT FOR ANY EXCHANGE OF UNCOMPLIMENTARY REMARKS BETWEEN MEN OF PROMINENCE IN THE COMMUNITY AND MEN WHO HAVE A COMMON INTEREST IN THE PROGRESS OF OUR CITY. PERHAPS IT WILL DISARM PREJUDICE AGAINST THE RACE TO SAY THAT THE ULTIMATE OBJECT OF HAVING THE RACE HERE IS THE SUBSEQUENT LOCATION OF AN AUTOMOBILE FACTORY IN LOWELL TO GIVE EMPLOYMENT TO A LARGE NUMBER OF HANDS.

SEEN AND HEARD

The naturalization court judges sitting at Norristown, Pa., the other day decided that Edward Wilhelm Lawrence, a native of Ireland but a resident in this country for 35 years, was qualified for citizenship because he knew the positions of all the clubs of the two major baseball leagues. It was a novel test worthy of a comedy, but those judges will certainly make a hit with the fans of the country. Get busy, ye aliens who wish to be naturalized. Brush up on the national game, but make your application at Norristown.

The tired ones who enjoy a breath of fresh air in the evening after a hard day in the mill or elsewhere are enjoying the settees furnished by the park commission at the entrance to city hall.

Martin Courtney of the board of charities was the greatest baseball enthusiast at the city hall until Hector Lavallee of the city treasurer's office was discovered by "Bob" Parades.

Only a pair of tiny shoes. And a battered rubber toy. Not much, you say, to hide away. And moisture with tears at the close of day?

Yet once they belonged to my little boy. This worn out plaything—a treasure sweet—Answered the call of his baby heart. And in these slaps the toddling feet. How stronger grown and sure, and fleet, Into life's wonderland made a start.

Surely the years have hurried by. And, in passing left no lone; Revered I hold these keepsakes old. They whisper to me, when the day grows cold.

Of sunshine warm in the days now flown; And when the shadows of night all creep Over the roofs of the quiet town. Out of the gray dusk memories leap. Arousing thought from its daytime sleep. Then with a rush the tears come down. James A. Doyle, of Lawrence, formerly of Lowell.

THE CRIMEAN WAR.

Editor Sun: Dear Sir—Will you please print your paper what year the Crimean war opened, to settle a dispute, and oblige. Sun Reader.

The Crimean war started in 1854. The fortress of Sevastopol fell in 1855 virtually ending the war, but peace was not concluded until 1856.

A fellow who cuts and handles meat and who works at the meat business in a place not more than 100 yards from Merrimack square is bemoaning the fate of a pair of \$8 trousers and his best girl is shedding salt tears because of the ruin that has come to her new dress, and here's how it happened. The man of the cleaver and honest weight met his best girl at Tyler park. Somebody had nipped the settees. They sat down side by side or as close as his merry widow would permit. They spent several blissful moments on the freshly painted settee and when they prepared to go they found they were part of the park furniture. Life of the meat cleaver managed to pull away and then he rescued his better half, to be. You can guess for yourself what happened to her dress and his trousers.

Somebody stole "Dutchy" Mc-Donald's last year's straw hat while Dutchy was belting pork in Charles street. Dutchy says the hat wasn't worth much but there are certain tender recollections connected with it that were dearer to him than gold. Dutchy says he left the hat on the wagon seat while he entered the store. He says there is grease enough in the hat to oil seventeen circus wagons.

The usual group was gathered around the New York store, talking of Dick Mullins' lost donkey. Everyone had been looking for it without success since it had strayed out of the pasture lot a day or two before. Jim Thompson, a lanky individual, regarded as more or less of an imbecile by the townsmen, finally spoke up.

"I think I could find your donkey." "How can you find him, Jim," asked the owner. "When the best men in town ain't been able to get a trace of him?" "Wa-al," rejoined Jim, "I kin try."

Have You Tried It?

St. Thomas' Salve for piles, old sores or skin diseases. If not, do so at once; never known to fail. For sale at all drug stores or at St. Thomas' Remedy Co., 38 Salem street, Lowell, Mass. Price 35c.

JOHN W. McEVOY
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
137 Central St. Telephone 915.

Michael H. McDonough
Formerly with James McDermott
UNDERTAKER AND EMBALLER
And all work connected with the business. All orders promptly attended to at any hour of day or night. Connected by telephone.
108 GORHAM STREET

JAMES H. McDERMOTT
UNDERTAKER
Open Day and Night
Expert Embalmers. Prompt Service.
70 GORHAM STREET
Telephone 1747 or 1690.

JOHN J. O'CONNELL
FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
1010 Central St. Davis Sq.
Telephone Connection

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law
Hildreth Bldg. Lowell, Mass.

Wall Paper
—AT—
97 Appleton St.

ARE YOU HUNGRY
Our 25c dinner will appease your appetite—it would cost you 60c elsewhere. Everybody is talking about our special breakfasts and suppers. Lowell Inn, 21 Central street, Thomas Hoban, proprietor.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

FROM LITTLE ACORN.
Saturday Evening Post: A potential American industry remains unprotected. An article in whose production we might lead the world is being imported in amounts and at a price which makes domestic competition impracticable. The entire country as a consequence is threatened with a return to those rude conditions which prevailed previous to the wholesale attack upon our woodlands north, south, east and west.

The state of New York, it is reported, has just purchased from Germany, at prices ranging from seventy-five cents to two dollars and sixty-five cents a thousand, nearly one million seedling trees for the reforesting of its Adirondack reserve. Some day these seedlings will be trees; and the example of New York may be contagious. Now is the time to put up the bars. American trees for our children's children, or else none at all!

It is possible that some who hear this news may wonder how it happens that the Germans, whose history is contemporaneous with the Christian era, have trees to spare, while we who began to hew our forests only within the last four hundred years already cannot, as it would appear, supply even the home market. They may also recall that Germany supports about twenty million souls on a little over two hundred and eighty thousand square miles of land, while the United States spreads its ninety-six millions over an area nearly twenty times as large—a territory whose forests at one time were the wonder of the world.

"EFFECTIVE, THOUGH TERMINABLE"

Goldwin Smith in Spectator: I have before me the program of extreme socialist demands to be made at the May day meeting, in which figures, it is to be feared not unsuitably, a demand for old age pensions. Fear in that while you have in form, perhaps one of the most conservative of political constitutions, you have, or are on the road soon to having, about the most democratic and democratic of all. Your monarchy is a venerable form, and when your house of lords is reduced, as your late premier proposed, to a legislative nullity the house of commons will be absolute; while it will probably become even more democratic than it is now. The Americans have an effective though terminable monarchy in their presidency. Yet you see in the case of their military pension list how even there a measure of his kind works.

WHAT LIGHT DOES.

Illuminating Engineer: People still talk about the illuminations at the World's Fair. The recent illuminations of the World building in New York on the occasion of their twenty-fifth anniversary attracted forty thousand people from residence districts many miles away. The outlying of the new Singer building tower attracts more attention than the Statue of Liberty, and the Great White Way has magnetized the world.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

Both British houses of parliament have voted unanimously the erection of a memorial to the late Premier, Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman, in Westminster Abbey. As the Abbey is becoming overcrowded, Lord Lansdowne protested in the Lords against giving away space in it unnecessarily. The Times possesses the opinion that "the Abbey ought to be reserved for those whose national services are independent of party and of merely political appreciation."

Baron Henri de Rothschild, who is a liberal amateur of the arts as well as a physician who has done a good deal of research, is building a house at Suresnes, near Paris, to be known as the "Maison des Auteurs Dramatiques Français." When it is completed and furnished he will hand it over, together with an endowment, to the Société des Auteurs Dramatiques, "to provide for those dramatists whom destiny or chance has not favored." There are to be twenty apartments, and a small theatre where the residents may produce works of their own.

Lemoiné, who is being tried for fraud in connection with his alleged power of manufacturing diamonds, has received permission to conduct his experiments in proof of his assertion in secret. The magistrate in charge of the case insisted at first that experts must be present, but Lemoiné pleaded that this would make public and so rob of his process. To insure his not offering as the result of his process a diamond smuggled in from outside, he has undertaken to produce one five centimeters high and three in diameter, of the exact shape of the mould used in his electric furnace. The mould is placed between two electrodes, and close to the pavilion at St. Denis.

Steamship Tickets
Europe, Lowest rates, good berths, first, second and third class. All lines from Boston. Ivernia, June 16; Cymric, June 20.

O'Donnell's Agency
Market and Worthen streets.

FREE
TO THE
SICK

It matters not the name of the disease you are suffering from, how many physicians or ordinary specialists you have taken treatment with, do not be discouraged, but go today and see Dr. Temple. Consultation free, confidential and invited, both at office and by correspondence. Terms are always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment. Very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated our methods and terms. Office, 97 Central street, Mansur block, every day, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 9. Free X-Ray Examinations.

Putnam & Son Co., 166 Central St.

SPECIAL PRICES ON

Boys' Summer Suits

Lots to be closed out at great savings for the fortunate buyers

Suits for Boys, 8 years to 16, worth \$3.50 and \$4, all now \$2.50

A collection of smart suits, medium and dark colors—double breasted jackets, plain or knicker trousers. Lots just bought and others reduced, worth \$3.50 and \$4.00 \$2.50

Boys' Russian Suits, Sizes 3 years to 6, were \$5, all now \$2.50

We include in this sale all of our newest and prettiest suits that sold for \$4.00 and \$5.00. There are but few of a number and we reduce the price today to \$2.50

Suits for Boys, 8 years to 16, worth \$5.00, now \$3.50

New handsome patterns of fancy cassimeres and chevots, in belted jackets, with knicker trousers. Suits with two pairs of trousers. Strictly all wool blue serge suits, belted jackets and knickers. A collection of new styles just bought, regularly sell for \$5.00, all \$3.50

Boys' Russian and Sailor Suits, Sizes 3 years to 10, were \$6.00, now \$3.50

These attractive suits from our best manufacturers, all strictly all wool, splendidly made and extremely stylish; in handsome worsteds and gray chevots—sell regularly for \$5, now \$3.50

BOYS' NEGLIGE SHIRTS 25c

Exactly Half Price

A new lot bought from a maker who wished to close out his stock. Made from excellent chevot, cut broad and long, made with double stitched felled seams. Every seam gusseted; sizes 12-1-2 to 14 neck band. Actual value 50c, today 25c

Boys' Genuine Khaki Trousers

45 Cents

300 pairs Boys' Knickerbocker Trousers made from genuine Khaki—double stitched seams, cut full generous sizes. Belt straps and all the fixings. Sizes 6 years to 16. The best Trousers ever offered for 45c



where he is working, there are the shops of a company disposing of 150,000 horse-power.

M. Radovitch, former Prime Minister of Montenegro, has been summoned from Paris to take his trial at Cetinje on a charge of high treason. He is implicated in a charge brought by the present government against the national party of being concerned in an attempt to plot against the life of Prince Nicholas and the members of the reigning family.

The illustrious post of dramatic critic of the Paris obits has been vacated by Emile Faguet on account of ill health, and Henri de Régnier, the poet, who gave the Hyde lectures in the United States six or seven years ago, has succeeded to it.

Paul Doumer, ex-President of the French Chamber and ex-Governor of Indo-China, has renewed his campaign for stimulating the commercial efforts of his compatriots in South America. He asserted the other day at Bordeaux that they could exercise a preponderant economic influence in South America, and especially in Brazil, a country of boundless opportunities.

COLORED VOTERS

PROTEST AGAINST THE NOMINATION OF TAIT.

BOSTON, June 2.—A mass meeting of colored voters was held in Faneuil hall last night to protest against the nomination of Wm. H. Tait or Theodore Roosevelt for candidate for president and against the seating of the so-called "colored" delegates at the Chicago republican convention. Several addresses were delivered. The principal speech being by Frank Sargent of Concord, an old-time abolitionist who advocated "the election of the democratic party to power as a cure for the party sins of the republicans." Resolutions were passed endorsing the black battalion in demanding the passage of the Foraker bill, and condemning certain retrogresses made in Gen. Grant by Tait on Memorial day last, in a speech at Grant's tomb.

The meeting was not largely attended.

NO SECRET

The secret of the superiority of our soap department is no secret. Good goods from start to finish. Care and cleanliness do the rest. College fees and ice cream soda ice. Cold butter-milk and dandelion beer always on tap. Howard, the druggist, 127 Central street. Open till midnight.

Letter To Married Men

When a man marries, his troubles begin. One of the "troubles" is that he will have to "house up" every time he goes "out"—that is, he will have to be in a suit to fit the occasion. That has been turned out in such a manner that it can't be "turned down" by the most fastidious. That is the kind we make.

LOUIS ALEXANDER
Tailor of 115 Ave. New York
IMPORTER TAILOR
BOSTON
TAILOR TO YOUNG MEN
PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant

BIG CUNARDERS

TO GET SUBSIDY OF \$50,000 A YEAR.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The turbine steamers Lusitania and Mauretania have earned for the Cunard steamship company an annual subsidy of \$50,000, according to a cable message from Liverpool received yesterday by the New York representatives of the Cunard line.

The message stated that the British government announced in parliament yesterday that the two great steamers had fulfilled the conditions of the subsidy agreement. They were to make 24½ knots an hour for a transatlantic round trip. The Mauretania has averaged 24.5½ knots westbound and 24.2 eastbound. The Lusitania has averaged 24.33 westbound and 23.63 east bound.

The Lusitania has not technically come up to the requirements, but the British government apparently is satisfied that she can do so.

COMMITTS SUICIDE

BIDDEFORD MAN HAD RECENTLY ADVERTISED FOR WIFE.

BIDDEFORD, Me., June 3.—James H. Robbins, well known throughout western Maine, committed suicide late yesterday by cutting his throat with a jackknife, after an unsuccessful attempt to drown himself in a reservoir. He had been despondent over money matters.

Mr. Robbins was the owner of a large truck garden and was a candidate for police commissioner of Biddeford, and for the nomination for sheriff this year. He was a member of the Good Templars, Grand Army, Biddeford board of trade and Maine civic league. He was 62 years of age. When he was 16 years old he enlisted as a drummer boy in Co. K, 13th Maine Regiment, and served in the Civil war.

When Mr. Robbins announced his candidacy for the police commissioner's berth in the past few weeks ago he incidentally stated that he was looking for a wife if the right woman came along. In response to this announcement he received hundreds of answers from all parts of New England. He finally selected a woman from Westbrook. She had been at Mr. Robbins' home a part of the time for some weeks, but several days ago left for her home in Westbrook. It is said that she did not intend to return.

OLIVER PHINNEY

JUMPED INTO RIVER AND SAVED A CHILD.

MANSFIELD, June 3.—Engineer Oliver Phinney of the N. Y. N. H. & H. railroad has proved himself a hero and his friends consider that he is entitled to a Carnegie medal.

Monday Mr. Phinney was running a freight train between Providence and Taunton. As the train was passing through Whitenton he saw a child about five years of age, standing on a bridge in the middle of the tracks. Mr. Phinney shut off steam, applied the air brakes, and then ran along the running board onto the cowcatcher. As the engineer reached the front of the locomotive the child fell through the bridge into the river below.

Without hesitation Mr. Phinney jumped into the river and rescued the child. When the little one was in safe hands and conceded out of danger the engineer boarded the locomotive and proceeded with his run to Taunton. Mr. Phinney is a modest man and not until yesterday did his railroad friends learn of his daring rescue. Mr. Phinney came to Mansfield a few

years ago. He has run passenger trains between Boston and Providence but of late has been in charge of freight trains running out of Providence to the Taunton division.

THE YACHT HAWAII.
HONOLULU, June 3.—The yacht Hawaii, which has been entered in the trans-Pacific yacht race, sailed yesterday for San Pedro, California. Great crowds lined the water front and gave the yacht, which is the only Hawaiian that will compete in the race, an enthusiastic send-off. The race will start from San Pedro July 11.

YOU MUST AID NATURE

If You Desire to Look Your Best.

Regal Hair Life RESTORES

Gray and Faded Hair to its Natural Color.

Makes the hair soft and glossy, stops it from falling out and promotes a new and luxuriant growth.

For sale by Ellingwood & Co.; also the Regal Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.



A FEW POINTERS ON COAL

To the economical will not be out of place just now. Coal prices have now reached their lowest point, and I can sell you a supply of fuel just now at very low figures. I guarantee full weight, an extra fine grade of coal, free from dust and clinkers, and satisfaction in every way. I shall be pleased to have your order. Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.

JOHN P. QUINN
Office and Yards, Gorham and Dix Sts.
Two telephones; when one is busy call the other.

THE ALDERMEN

Refused to Elect A. W. David to Board of Health

\$20,000 Sewer Loan Order Passed by the Aldermen — Council Refuses to Approve \$13,000 Loan Order to Pave Westford Street

The board of aldermen in regular and the common council in special session, last evening, passed the \$20,000 loan order for ordinary sewer construction.

Mayor Farnham's appointment of A. W. David to the board of health was not confirmed by the board of aldermen. The council refused to approve the loan order for \$13,000 to pave Westford street. All members of the board of aldermen

Lowell, Wednesday, June 3, 1908

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store for Thrifty People

New Nainsook Embroideries

ARE SELLING AT ABOUT ONE-HALF REGULAR PRICES

Some 2000 yards were offered yesterday morning—all new patterns of exquisite embroidery in widths from 4 inches to 15 inches. Insertions that match.

- 50c Qualities for 25c a Yard
- 38c Qualities for 19c a Yard
- 30c Qualities for 17c a Yard
- 25c Qualities for 15c a Yard
- 15c Qualities for 10c a Yard

This lot was an "after purchase" and includes some of the finest designs brought out this year. Perfect goods and whole pieces.

East Section Centre Aisle

Special Values in Millinery

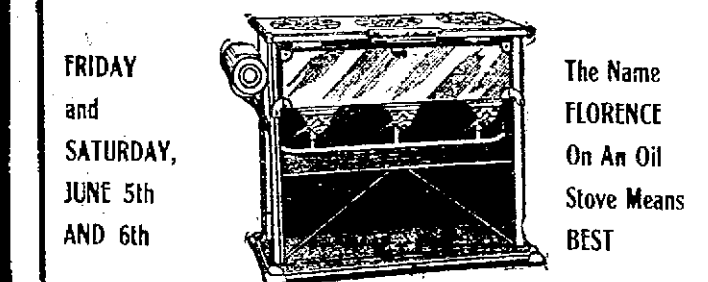
FOR TOMORROW (THURSDAY) ONLY

For Thursday we offer our entire assortment of trimmed Hats, selling today at \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.50 at only \$3.98 each

Also 500 Untrimmed Hats worth from 98c to \$1.50 at only 49c each

Palmer Street Centre Aisle

SPECIAL DEMONSTRATION OF THE FLORENCE OIL STOVE



We invite every housekeeper and cook to attend the demonstration in our House Furnishing Section. This Oil Stove will do the work of a gas or coal range at but a fraction of the cost of either. No smoke—no dirt—no ashes.

One of the expert salesmen of the manufacturers and an experienced chef from the Epicurean club of Boston will be in attendance to explain the merits of this wonderful stove and to demonstrate its cooking qualities.

ON FRIDAY AND SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK
Merrimack Street Basement

NEXT WEEK---MONDAY

We shall place on sale the Crockery and Kitchenware Stock of O'Brien Bros., Central Street, lately purchased by us, at a small fraction of its actual worth. We shall need 25 extra sales-ladies. Please apply to Mr. Smith, tomorrow, Thursday, Merrimack Street, Basement.

notice of a suit against the city in an action of contract.

David J. Donaldson asked for a license as a private detective. He was referred to the committee on licenses.

Ernest Merrell and Pauline Kidder were appointed weighers of coal and confirmed by the board.

City Solicitor Hill's opinion to the effect that the mayor has the power to withdraw an appointment to the board of health, was read.

The appointment of Albert W. David in the place of Dr. C. W. Taylor to the board of health appeared for confirmation and was denied. Aldermen Bailey voted with the opponents and the vote was five to four against.

The resolution to lay out Fisher street was adopted.

A petition to set up an engine in the rear of 129 Cutting street was fathered by Arthur Bates. A hearing was ordered.

The joint committee on military affairs recommended an appropriation of \$1000 for repairs to the rifle range, and a joint order for such appropriation was adopted.

The order was adopted on the part of the board.

The board voted to grant telephone pole locations in Ford and Pawtucket streets.

Leave to withdraw was granted petitioners for pole locations in Beech and Princeton streets.

A resolution permitting the relocation of three poles in East Merrimack street was adopted.

The petition of Pratt and Forest for the relocation of a pole in Rock street received favorable action.

William J. Burdick asked for the relocation of a pole in Sheldon street. Favorable action was taken.

Mrs. Emma Cheney's petition for the removal of a pole in Stevens street was granted.

A pole location in Rolfe street was voted to the Lowell Electric Light Corporation.

A joint order appropriating \$700 for band concerts was adopted in concurrence.

Petitions for sewers in Roper, Morton and Epping streets were referred to the committee on sewers.

A petition for a street light in Belmont street was referred to the committee on licenses. Adjourned.

THE COMMON COUNCIL

The special meeting of the lower board was called for the purpose of taking action on the \$20,000 loan for sewers. There were 19 members of the board present when the president called to order at 8:35 o'clock.

A notice of suit by the state treasurer against the city of Lowell was referred to the city solicitor.

Mr. Farnham's order to appropriate \$500 for band concerts was passed.

The \$13,000 loan order to smooth pave Westford street with tarmac pavement was taken from the table and met with another defeat. It required a two-thirds vote and the vote last night was 11 to 12.

Councilman McKelvey having voted with the minority saved the order of a reconsideration at the next meeting.

The \$20,000 loan for ordinary sewer construction was adopted, unanimously.

The recommendation of the committee on military affairs that \$1000 be appropriated for repairs at the Draught rifle range was read and the council voted to appropriate the amount named.

Adjourned.

\$1,000,000 SUIT

ENTERED AGAINST THE UNITED OIL COMPANY.

FLORENCE, Colo., June 3.—Suit asking damages in the sum of \$1,000,000 and praying for a receiver for the United Oil company, one of the largest oil drilling and refining concerns in the west, was filed in the United States court yesterday by J. Wallace, vice-president and director of the company, on behalf of himself and other stockholders.

SHAW ARRESTED

HE IS CHARGED WITH BREACH OF PROMISE.

MONTREAL, June 3.—Charles D. Shaw, son of the president of the Zanaboni, Ohio, The company, was arrested here Monday night on a charge of breach of promise of marriage, preferred by Miss Charlotte Webster of Montreal, whose relatives are all in New York, from where she was to have sailed for Europe. Twenty thousand dollar damage is claimed. Shaw is in jail without bail.

YERKES BONDS

TRACTION COMPANY DEFAULTED ON PAYMENT.

CHICAGO, June 3.—The Chicago consolidated Traction company defaulted yesterday on payment of the semi-annual interest on the so-called Yerkes bonds. The Chicago Railway company, which took over the affairs of the Union Traction company did not guarantee payment of interest on the bonds of the Consolidated company. There are \$5,500,000 of bonds of which the widow of the late C. T. Yerkes is said to hold \$4,500,000.

DAVE BRAIN

REINSTATED BY THE NATIONAL COMMISSION.

CINCINNATI, O., June 3.—The National baseball commission yesterday gave out its opinion on the application of Players David L. Brain and J. J. Callahan for reinstatement. Player Brain was reinstated, but was fined \$50 and the Boston National league club was fined \$25 for having disposed of Brain's services to the Cincinnati club at a time when the player was not actually in the services of the Boston club.

Callahan's application was refused.

NORTHFIELD CONFERENCE.

The Christian Workers' Conference at Northfield convenes this year on the 15th of July and continues through the 15th of August. Many of the speakers whose names are familiar to attendants at Northfield are again to be present, including among others, Rev. J. Stewart Hoidt, Rev. James E. Freeman, Rev. A. T. Pierson, Rev. C. A. R. Janvier, Rev. W. B. McLeod, Rev. B. A. Torrey, Rev. M. D. Stearns, Rev. Hugh Black, Rev. Leo G. Broughton, Rev. Curtis Lee Laws, Rev. John Douglas Adam and Rev. John A. Hutton.

A speaker at Northfield this year whose message will be greatly appreciated is Dr. W. L. Watkins of London.

The singing will be under the joint leadership of Mr. George C. Stephens and Mr. Charles M. Alexander.

ACQUIT PHILIP

Clubman Was Charged With Murder

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Gaston P. Philip, civil engineer and clubman of New York and Washington, was acquitted of the murder of Frank MacAbo, a cab driver, by a jury in criminal court No. 2 here last night. Philip received the announcement of the verdict calmly.

The government abandoned its plea for a verdict of first degree murder and asked that the jury return a verdict against the defendant of murder in the second degree or manslaughter.

Justice Barnard in his charge instructed the jury that if the defendant was intoxicated at the time he shot MacAbo, it should not be considered a defense.

Philip was tried on the charge of having shot and killed MacAbo in the Arlington hotel in this city on the morning of May 15, 1907.

The tragedy was the culmination of a night of revelry preceding the shooting. MacAbo, it is said, claimed that Philip owed him a \$100 gambling debt and importuned Philip to throw dice with him in order to "win the money back" as he put it. Finally the two men went to the Arlington hotel.

There MacAbo attacked Philip. It is said, and the latter fearing serious bodily harm, fired the shot that killed MacAbo.

BIG IMPROVEMENT

NOTED IN COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The cloud of uncertainty which has been hanging over the business element of the United States, in the opinion of the British commercial agent in this country, passing away. In a recent report to parliament on this subject, Mr. Seymour Bell, the British commercial agent in the United States, says:

"The year 1907 was one of sharp contrasts in the United States. It was a year of great activity and deep depression. During the earlier months all industries were exceedingly busy and mills were working at their utmost capacity. Many unfilled orders had been carried over from the previous year and buyers were experiencing great difficulty in getting delivery of their goods. The railway lines were congested with freight cars at their highest, and the high price of commodities raised the price of living to an extreme point. It was recognized by all those in a position to form an independent opinion that this tremendous industrial activity could not last; that it was merely a question of time before a reaction would set in. It became quite evident that the country was living beyond its means. Money was becoming scarce and the railways and other corporations were encountering great difficulties in obtaining the capital necessary to carry on the improvements and extensions which were in process of being carried out. Speculation in mining and real estate had been rife and personal extravagance was at its height. All tendencies to place additional burdens upon the people, which were hardly adequate to carry on the industries of the country. The railways were among the earliest and greatest sufferers from the financial stringency. They found it almost impossible to dispose of securities at a reasonable price and were forced to issue short time notes at a comparatively high rate of interest in order to continue their developments. As wages were high, owing to the scarcity of labor, and high prices were being paid for materials, the net earnings of the railways were considerably reduced, although the gross earnings showed an increase. This brought about lower quotations for railway shares and the industrial followed the downward path."

"The situation was peculiar. On the one hand there were the manufacturers with more orders than they could fill and busy enlarging their plants, merchants selling large quantities of goods at satisfactory prices, labor in such demand that even with the addition of the 1,200,000 immigrants it was necessary to employ inefficient workers at high wages. On the other hand, there was dear money, owing to scarcity."

"When, owing to a failure in New York, light was thrown on the management of some of the large financial concerns in the city, public confidence, which had previously been unshaken by certain artificialities, gave way completely, resulting in an acute money panic. Careful students of the situation had foreseen a collapse before the end of the year, but did not anticipate that it would come with such suddenness."

"The panic was entirely financial. It has, it is true, brought about a widespread suspension of trade and industry throughout the country, but there has been no throwing on the market of merchandise at ruinous prices, the usual accompaniment of industrial panics. The manufacturers, on the contrary, faced the inevitable, and without delay proceeded to curtail the supply and thus reduce such chances as there might have been of depressing the market with unstable articles. Fortunately for the country, warning of the trouble was given early and it was possible to take steps in time to prepare for it."

"As to the length of time the present depression will last, it is difficult to form an opinion. It must not be forgotten that the farmers, who form the backbone of American prosperity, have not been affected by the financial situation. Through the crops in 1907 fell short in quantity as compared with 1906, better prices were obtained and the farmers received considerably more money for their crops than in the previous year. A country that produces crops valued at nearly \$1,000,000,000 is hardly to suffer from financial depression. It represents a large amount of money to be held in the hands of farmers. Farmers have had time to prepare for the depression of the market, and the towns dependent upon them will remain prosperous."

"The farmers who a few years ago owed money now own money and have an assured outlet for their products, as there is no overproduction."

"The cloud of uncertainty, which has been hanging over the country for so long and gradually growing more threatening, is now passing away, and it may be said that the worst of the storm has now passed. There will in all probability be considerable disturbances for some months to come, but readjustment and recuperation will be well under way, and unless there is a shock of capital interference or some other cause of capital interference to keep up prices at too high a level, it is expected that before many months have passed business will be on a safer and more normal basis."

THE DOCTORS

GO ON RECORD AS OPPOSED TO ABOLISHING VIVISECTION.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Vivisection came in for much attention by the delegates of the convention of the American Medical Association, which opened here yesterday and was the subject of significant action by the governing board of that organization. By unanimous vote the house of delegates approved a recommendation to the board of trustees to create a commission, the sole duty of which shall be to watch and oppose the enactment of laws intended to abolish vivisection.

While this action was under consideration Dr. W. B. Cannon, chairman of the section on psychology, advocated the campaign of education against opponents of the practice, whom he accused of untruthfulness and ignorance, and in another meeting the vivisection of surgery—results of animal experimentation were being discussed.

The resolution, passed by the house of delegates, introduced originally by Dr. P. M. Jones of San Francisco, and was amended by Dr. Frank Billings of Chicago, and owing to an evident unanimity of sentiment, was passed with but little opposition.

MORE TROUBLE

IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHESTER STRIKE.

CHESTER, Pa., June 3.—The disorder that has marked the strike of the Chester Traction company employees for several weeks, was renewed last night, when three of the company's public cars were blown up by dynamite. Two cars were wrecked on Sayville avenue in Eddystone, and a third at Palmer's corner, on the Media division outside the city. The car at the latter point was blown to pieces and when a squad of deputies reached the scene they arrested the crew of the car on which there had been no passengers. Neither the motorman nor conductor had been injured and they were taken into custody pending an investigation. There were two passengers on one of the other cars, but neither was hurt.

The crews of two of the cars fled across the fields to escape the strikers.

A CLOSE RACE

BETWEEN SENATOR ALLISON AND GOV. CUMMINGS.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 3.—At midnight incomplete returns from the primary election held in Iowa yesterday indicated a close race for the republican nomination for U. S. senator, between Senator Allison and Gov. Cummings. Both sides are claiming a majority of from ten thousand to twenty thousand.

The result will probably not be determined until the official count tomorrow. The republican nomination for governor is even more uncertain.

The democrats nominated Fred E. Winsor for governor.

Claude S. Porter, former candidate for governor on the democratic ticket, was nominated for U. S. senator without opposition.

FIRE SPREAD

BOYS LIGHTED MATCHES TO OIL ON THE GROUND.

PORTLAND, Me., June 3.—Small boys who applied lighter matches to oil on the ground which had leaked from a car in the Boston and Maine railroad yards here late yesterday, started a fire which consumed 6000 gallons of oil in the tank and burned a load of shingles and damaged several freight cars.

AGAINST PRIZE FIGHTS.

HONOLULU, June 3.—In order to test the validity of the law prohibiting attendance at prize fights, United States District Attorney R. W. Brockton has been arrested and his case will be pressed for an immediate trial. Brockton is charged with having attended a prize fight.

June Sale of Muslin Underwear Thursday

VALUES GREATER THAN EVER, "THAT'S ALL"

Three styles of cambric drawers, umbrella flounce, tucked or with face edge, 600 won't last long. 15c

Lace trimmed corset covers, yoke trimmed front and back with lace and ribbon; two styles lace trimmed drawers, remarkable values at 19c

New styles of regular 49c corset covers yoke trimmed with lace and ribbon, in this sale 29c

Our largest manufacturer telephoned from New York that he had 1000 regular 49c drawers, in sizes 23 and 25, open. We took the entire lot and will offer them Thursday for 29c

Chemise of good nainsook, 3 styles, lace yoke run with ribbon, lace trimmed skirt, regular 98c values, Thursday 50c

Gowns of good nainsook, low neck and short sleeves, deep lace yoke run with ribbon, some of them are regular 98c gowns, Thursday 50c

98c combination corset cover and short skirt 50c

Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 gowns, drawers, chemise and petticoats, just for Thursday 69c

Two new styles of cambric petticoats, edge of dainty embroidery, some with two insertions in the flounce. Similar styles are sold everywhere at \$1.98, in this sale 97c

Gowns, petticoats and chemise, values up to \$1.97 \$3.98, just for Thursday

More goods are on the way and as soon as they arrive will be placed on sale.

The White Store

114--MERRIMACK STREET--116

GOV. HUGHES

SAYS HE WILL WIN IN RACE TRACK GAMBLING ISSUE.

NYACK, N. Y., June 3.—Gov. Charles F. Hughes yesterday again took occasion to express himself forcibly on the subject of the race track gambling in a public address and predicted the ultimate triumph of the campaign he has inaugurated against it. The occasion was a gathering of Rockland county tax payers at Nanuet, near here.

Gov. Hughes expressed confidence in the trustworthiness of the vast majority of the people. "We insist," said he, "that the laws we have enacted must be observed; that if the laws are not right that they must be changed, and that we will not become convicts at law breaking ourselves or tolerating an evasion or a tricky performance of legislation on the part of ourselves."

"I selected one matter because it was one about which there could be no debate. With the morality and the integrity and the manhood of the state on one side, reinforced by the express language of the constitution; and on the other side, only those who would, with contemptuous disregard of the morals of our youth and the explicit mandate of the constitution and of our law, seek to make money by the most despicable and demoralizing of means."

Gov. Hughes' remarks on the subject of the race track issue led him easily into a discussion of the prospect of direct nomination, which he strongly advocated, not, he said, in disparagement of party organization, in which he thoroughly believed, but in order that the people may get the representatives they want and the legislation they desire. He said, "that each representative may feel that he must go back, not to a man in a corner room to explain, or three or four men to fix it up, but to the community which sends him, which will uphold or condemn according to his record."

Carroll Bros.

Plumbers, Steam Fitters and Sheet Metal Workers

36 MIDDLE ST. TELEPHONE 1650

Hippity hop To the grocer shop To get a package of Zu Zu

the tip-top Ginger Snap. Fine and snappy, They'll make you happy for 5c

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchard*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE NOMINATION OF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES

Both Republicans and Democrats Will Soon Attend to the Serious Business of Selecting Candidates For a Four Year Tenancy of the White House.

THIS is national convention year, and already the atmosphere is charged with the political currents which have been accumulating in the great central reservoirs. Some of the lesser party organizations have already announced their tickets and platforms. The major contestants in the great game are about to commit themselves in a like manner—the Republicans at Chicago June 16, the Democrats at Denver July 7.

National conventions came into the fashion in 1832, and since that time candidates for president and vice president have been nominated in that way. The manner of conducting these great representative gatherings is practically the same for all parties except that the Republicans nominate by a majority vote, and the voting is done by districts, while the Democrats adopt the unit rule and require a vote of two-thirds to nominate.

One of the principal duties of the national convention and one which is never neglected is to appoint a national committee before it adjourns. This important body is made up of one member from each state and territory in the Union. This representative company of men has charge of the campaign and is in authority until superseded by the will of the next convention. These committees find plenty to do. They determine when and where the conventions are to be held, issue calls and really make all the necessary arrangements.

From the first there has been a great deal of rivalry among the larger cities as to the meeting place of conventions, and in recent years it amounts to actual competition. The national committee hears the arguments advanced by the representatives of the cities who aspire to the honor and decide in the matter. Recently it has become the practice for a bonus to be offered, and the city which can make itself most attractive in that way is quite apt to obtain the coveted distinction. Denver won the honor this year by offering the sum of \$100,000 to the Democratic committee for campaign expenses. The chosen city also provides the convention hall and pays the general expenses of the gathering. It has become the fashion nowadays to erect a building exclusively for convention purposes.

Courts Publicity.

The national committee usually issues the call for the convention six months before the date of meeting. In fixing the day much judgment is re-

quired, and many things must be taken into consideration. It is now the practice of each national committee to make the convention a matter of paramount interest, and some of the methods employed to further this idea fall little short of the spectacular.

The number of delegates sent to the convention is double the number of members of the congress. Each state chooses four delegates at large, double the number of its senators, and each congressional district sends two delegates. Entirely as a matter of courtesy, it would appear, delegates are also admitted from the territories and from the District of Columbia, for they are not entitled to vote and do not unless the privilege is extended to them by the will of the convention.

Another of the numerous duties of the national committee is to select the temporary chairman of the convention. This, of course, is subject to the approval of the convention, which usually accepts the appointee of the committee without discussion. Occasionally, however, there is a contest over this appointment, and the man selected by the committee is rejected by a majority of the delegates. In 1884 the committee chose Powell Clayton of Arkansas for temporary chairman, but he was not acceptable to the opponents of Mr. Blaine in the convention, and the honor was transferred to a colored Republican, John R. Lynch of Mississippi. Mr. Clayton is still a national committeeman from his state.

For many years the nominating conventions were conducted with great simplicity, and few spectators were admitted to the assembly hall. The Republican convention of 1860, which nominated Lincoln, was first to admit a large number of spectators. A special hall, called the Wigwag, was erected by the city of Chicago. This great structure, which had a seating capacity of over 5,000, was filled at every session of the convention. Since that time the number in attendance at national conventions has been limited only by the capacity of the buildings in which they have been held. Admissions are nominally by ticket only. According to the present custom each delegate is supplied with a number of tickets for distribution among his friends; the committeemen have a larger number at their disposal, and the remainder are given to the local committee to use as is most expedient.

The national convention is the outcome of a demand more or less popular for a direct voice in the nomination of the chief executive. At first

the entire country was so unmistakably unanimous in its wish to have Washington for its executive head that no other candidate was suggested. When he retired to Mount Vernon there were already two well defined parties in existence, but their leaders were so clearly differentiated that no conven-

tion was followed for three terms. In 1824 the choice of the caucus was not popular, and its candidate came in third at the election. That put an end to the scheme.

The first national convention was called by the Anti-Masonic party in 1830 and was held at Philadelphia.

Some of the conventions of the past have not been love feasts. One memorable for its bitterness and the bad feeling left in its train was that held in Chicago in 1858. Although Benjamin Harrison was nominated on the eighth ballot, the convention was in session from June 19 to June 25. Some

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Never Held Office.

One of the most interesting facts connected with the personnel of the 111 men who make up the present Republican and Democratic national committees is that there is only one man among them all who asserts—proudly at that—that he has never held or tried to obtain a public office of any description. This unique politician is James M. Guffey, the largest independent producer of oil in America and a Democratic oracle in his state of Pennsylvania. On the Republican national committee there are now five United States senators—Penrose, Heyburn, Scott, Ankeny and Crane. There are only two members of the lower house on this committee—Brownlow of Tennessee and Lowden of Illinois. The Democratic national committee can boast of only one senator, but he is a famous one—Tillman of South Carolina.

A recent estimate seems to establish the fact that about 90 per cent of the combined committeemen are state and county officers, elective and appointive. The highest elective office ever held by Harry S. New, the Republican chairman, was state senator. Thomas Taggart, the Democratic chairman, has been mayor of his home city of Indianapolis. There seem to be a good many mayors in the aggregation, among them Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, O., and James C. Dahman, mayor of Omaha, Neb. Of newspaper editors and publishers there is also a generous sprinkling. Both chairmen once conducted new defunct Indianapolis daily papers. Norman E. Mack, Democratic committeeman from New York, is one of Buffalo's most enterprising publishers. Daniel J. Canup is owner of a paper devoted to turf matters. Urey Woodson, secretary of the Democratic committee, conducts a newspaper in Paducah, Ky., and another in Owensboro. E. J. BURTON.



CHAIRMAN THOMAS TAGGART.

CHAIRMAN HARRY S. NEW.

utions were needed. Subsequently, however, there was less harmony, and more political competition arose. It became the practice for small and select parties of congressmen to assemble rather secretly for the purpose of arranging a party nomination. This was the origin of the plan of nomination by congressional caucus, which

Next year the Whigs nominated Henry Clay for the presidency in a similar manner. It was not until 1832, however, that the friends of Andrew Jackson adopted the plan and called a national convention in Baltimore, and the first national committee was established in 1848 by the Democratic convention of that year.

of the political wounds inflicted at that time have never been healed. For seven ballots John Sherman was in the lead, and to his dying day the veteran Ohio statesman did not cease to assert that he had been the victim of political treachery. At no other national convention ever held has there been such a supply of excellent presidential

T. Lincoln and Frederick D. Grant, Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio, Frederick Douglass of the District of Columbia, Chauncey M. Depew of New York, John J. Ingalls of Kansas, and Jeremiah Rusk of Wisconsin. This convention was the second which failed to accept Mr. Blaine as its candidate. At the third trial he se-

SELECTED FROM THE MASS OF UNIQUE CURRENT DOINGS

THE OLDEST SENATOR.

William B. Allison of Iowa is the oldest United States senator in service as well as in years. He is seventy-



nine years of age and has been chosen again to represent his state in the upper house. Senator Allison is a native of Ohio, born at Perry in 1829.

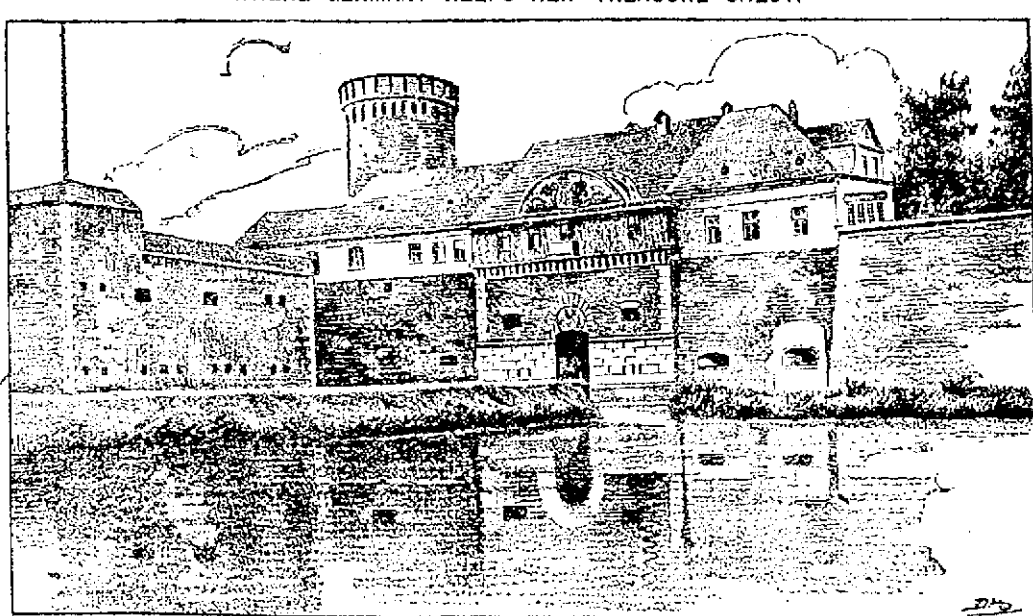
FOE OF ANARCHY.

Robert Watchorn is the immigration official who was sent by the United States government to Europe to look



into the matter of keeping the dangerous anarchists of the old world from coming to this country. Mr. Watchorn's report will be read with great interest.

WHERE GERMANY KEEPS HER TREASURE CHEST.



The cut shows the famous Julius tower at Spandau, Germany, in which the national war treasure, the greater part of the French indemnity of 1871, is guarded with the greatest care. The walls of this stronghold are nearly seven feet in thickness, and the tower is surrounded by a battalion of soldiers.

A FAMOUS SCIENTIST.

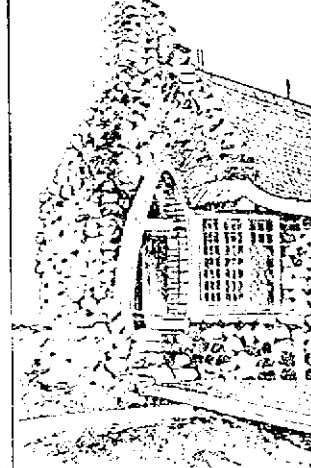
Dr. Robert Koch, who has been visiting America on his way to Japan, is the famous German scientist who discovered the bacillus of tuberculosis in 1906. Professor Koch was the recipient



of much attention from American scientists during his stay in this country and was entertained by many societies whose specialty is original investigation.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S BUNGALOW.

The bungalow craze seems to have reached England, and the queen of



England is the owner of the one shown herewith. It is on the beach at Snettisham, Norfolk, and its walls are of bright yellow stone. There are two main rooms in the structure, and the interior walls are finished with stone and shells which were gathered on the beach.

A CHINESE PRIEST.

Father Peter Chang, now making a tour of the world, is the first Chinese Roman Catholic priest who has ever visited America. He is a man of ex-



cellent education, speaks German like a native and enough English and Italian to make himself intelligible. Father Chang is influential in China.

FOUNDER OF THE Y. M. C. A.

The cut shows the new bust of Sir George Williams, the founder of the English Men's Christian association, which was recently presented to the



American branch of the work by the English division of the association. The presentation was made on the sixty-fourth anniversary.

A UNIQUE POLITICIAN.

James E. Campbell, recently nominated by the Ohio Democratic state convention for United States senator, has been governor once and unsuccessful candidate at two subsequent elections. If he should become a member



of the upper house he would probably have the unique distinction of being the poorest man in the senate. His nomination came to him without any special effort on his part.

BIRTHPLACE OF A FAMOUS STORY WRITER.



The quaint little building shown in the cut is the house in which Hans Christian Andersen was born. It is at Odense, Denmark, and has recently been acquired by the town, restored and filled with relics of the great writer of stories for children. Among them are Andersen's silk hat, umbrella, trunk, traveling bag, his will and several pairs of shoes.

A NOVEL CANADIAN CLUBHOUSE.



The cut shows the headquarters of the Shoe Pack club, a famous hunting organization of the Canadian woods. This clubhouse is on the bank of the Moon river in the Georgian bay district of northern Ontario. This region is the center of the finest deer and moose hunting in the Dominion.

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